UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 OR 15(d) of The Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report: July 22, 2021

(Date of earliest event reported)

INTEL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation)

000-06217 (Commission File Number)

94-1672743 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

95054-1549

(Zip Code)

2200 Mission College Boulevard,

California

Santa Clara, (Address of principal executive offices)

(408) 765-8080

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

<u>N/A</u>

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

□ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

□ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

□ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

□ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, \$0.001 par value	INTC	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (17 CFR 230.405) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (17 CFR 240.12b-2).

Emerging Growth Company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. □

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On July 22, 2021, Intel Corporation ("Intel") issued a press release announcing the financial results of its second quarter ended June 26, 2021 and forwardlooking statements relating to its third quarter and full year 2021. A copy of this press release is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated by reference herein.

The attached press release includes non-GAAP financial measures relating to our operations and forecasted outlook. Certain of these non-GAAP measures will be used in Intel's earnings conference for the second quarter of 2021. In addition, the attached press release includes reconciliations of these non-GAAP measures to GAAP measures, as well as an explanation of how management uses these non-GAAP measures and the reasons why management views these measures as providing useful information for investors. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP, and the financial results calculated in accordance with GAAP and reconciliations to these results should be carefully evaluated.

The information in Item 2.02 of this Report and the press release attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 are furnished and shall not be treated as filed for purposes of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

The following exhibits are provided as part of this Report:

er Description

Press Release issued by Intel entitled "Intel Reports Second-Quarter 2021 Financial Results" dated July 22, 2021 Cover Page Interactive Data File, formatted in Inline XBRL and included as Exhibit 101.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

INTEL CORPORATION (Registrant)

Date: July 22, 2021

By: /s/ GEORGE S. DAVIS

George S. Davis Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer





News Release

Intel Reports Second-Quarter 2021 Financial Results

News Summary

- Second-quarter GAAP revenue of \$19.6 billion, flat year over year (YoY), and non-GAAP revenue of \$18.5 billion, up 2% YoY, which exceeded April
 guidance by \$700 million.
- Second-quarter GAAP earnings-per-share (EPS) was \$1.24; non-GAAP EPS was \$1.28, which exceeded April guidance by \$0.23.
- Exceeded Q2 guidance for revenue, EPS, and gross margin; record Q2 revenue in PC and Mobileye businesses.
- Raising full-year 2021 guidance. Now expecting GAAP revenue of \$77.6 billion and non-GAAP revenue of \$73.5 billion; GAAP EPS of \$4.09 and non-GAAP EPS of \$4.80.¹

SANTA CLARA, Calif., July 22, 2021 -- Intel Corporation today reported second-quarter 2021 financial results.

"There's never been a more exciting time to be in the semiconductor industry. The digitization of everything continues to accelerate, creating a vast growth opportunity for us and our customers across core and emerging business areas. With our scale and renewed focus on both innovation and execution, we are uniquely positioned to capitalize on this opportunity, which I believe is merely the beginning of what will be a decade of sustained growth across the industry," said Pat Gelsinger, Intel CEO. "Our second-quarter results show that our momentum is building, our execution is improving, and customers continue to choose us for leadership products."

Q2 2021 Financial Highlights

		GAAP			Non-GAAP	
	Q2 2021	Q2 2020	vs. Q2 2020	Q2 2021	Q2 2020	vs. Q2 2020
Revenue (\$B)	\$19.6	\$19.7	flat	\$18.5	\$18.2	up 2%
Gross Margin	57.1%	53.3%	up 3.8 ppt	59.2%	56.3%	up 2.9 ppt
R&D and MG&A (\$B)	\$5.3	\$4.8	up 11%	\$5.1	\$4.6	up 11%
Operating Margin	28.3%	28.9%	down 0.6 ppt	31.6%	31.0%	up 0.6 ppt
Tax Rate	11.9%	14.0%	down 2.1 ppt	11.9%	14.1%	down 2.3 ppt
Net Income (\$B)	\$5.1	\$5.1	down 1%	\$5.2	\$4.9	up 6%
Earnings Per Share	\$1.24	\$1.19	up 4%	\$1.28	\$1.14	up 12%

In the second quarter, the company generated \$8.7 billion in cash from operations and paid dividends of \$1.4 billion.

¹ Non-GAAP results and business outlook exclude the NAND memory business, which is subject to a pending divestiture. Year-over-year Non-GAAP comparisons also exclude NAND from 2020 results. Full reconciliations between GAAP and non-GAAP measures are provided below.

Business Unit Summary

Key Business Unit Revenue and Trends	Q2 2021	vs. Q2 2020
CCG	\$10.1 billion	up 6%
DCG	\$6.5 billion	down 9%
nternet of Things		
IOTG	\$984 million	up 47%
Mobileye	\$327 million	up 124%
ISG	\$1.1 billion	down 34%
PSG	\$486 million	down 3%

Second-quarter revenue exceeded April guidance led by continued strength in Intel's Client Computing Group (CCG) and strong recovery in both Intel's Internet of Things Group (IOTG) and the Enterprise portion of its Data Center Group (DCG).

The PC and Mobileye businesses both achieved record Q2 revenue. In the second quarter, PC platform volumes were up 33 percent YoY and Mobileye closed 10 additional design wins for more than 16 million total lifetime units.

Business Highlights

- Announced a \$3.5 billion investment to equip Intel's New Mexico operations for the manufacturing of advanced semiconductor packaging technologies, including Foveros.
- Launched 12 new processors for client, including 11th Gen Intel Core with Intel[®] Iris[®] Xe graphics and Intel[®] Xeon[®] W-11000 series processors with more than 300 designs expected this year.
- Announced partnership with Microsoft including Intel Bridge Technology to deliver better mobile experiences on Windows-powered PCs.
- Leading cloud service providers, including Alibaba, Baidu, Microsoft, and Oracle are offering services based on the latest 3rd Gen Intel[®] Xeon[®] Scalable ("Ice Lake") processors.
- Unveiled the Intel Network Platform and expanded networking leadership product portfolio with new FPGA, software, and Ethernet solutions.
- Announced partnership with Ericsson to expand cloud radio access network to increase 5G performance.
- Mobileye and ZF were selected by Toyota Motor Corp to develop advanced driver assistance systems.
- Announced Mobileye as the only company holding an autonomous vehicle testing permit in New York.
- Announced new organizational changes and welcomed renowned technologists to strengthen execution and innovation in critical business areas.

As part of its IDM 2.0 strategy, Intel is accelerating its annual cadence of innovation with new advancements in semiconductor process and packaging. Join the public webcast at newsroom.intel.com at 2 p.m. PDT on Monday, July 26, for more information on Intel's process and packaging roadmaps.

Additional information regarding Intel's results can be found in the Q2'21 Earnings Presentation available at: www.intc.com.

Business Outlook

Intel's guidance for the third quarter and full year includes both GAAP and non-GAAP estimates. Our Non-GAAP measures exclude the NAND memory business, which is subject to a previously-announced pending sale, as well as certain other items. Reconciliations between GAAP and non-GAAP financial measures are included below. Intel's guidance includes a one-time tax benefit to EPS of approximately \$0.10 in Q3.

Q3 2021	GAAP	Non-GAAP
	Approximately	Approximately
Revenue	\$19.1 billion	\$18.2 billion
Gross Margin	53%	55%
Tax rate	4%	4%
Earnings per share	\$1.08	\$1.10
Full-Year 2021	GAAP	Non-GAAP
	Approximately	Approximately
Revenue	\$77.6 billion	\$73.5 billion
Gross Margin	54.2%	56.5%
Tax rate	16%	11%

Actual results may differ materially from Intel's Business Outlook as a result of, among other things, the factors described under "Forward-Looking Statements" below.

\$4.09

\$19.0-20.0 billion

N/A

\$4.80

\$19.0-20.0 billion^

\$11.0 billion

Earnings Webcast

Earnings per share

Free cash flow

Full-year capital spending

Intel will hold a public webcast at 2 p.m. PDT today to discuss the results for its second quarter of 2021. The live public webcast can be accessed on Intel's Investor Relations website at www.intc.com. The Q2'21 Earnings Presentation, webcast replay, and audio download will also be available on the site.

Intel plans to report its earnings for the third quarter of 2021 on October 21, 2021 promptly after close of market; related materials will be available at www.intc.com. A public webcast of Intel's earnings conference call will follow at 2 p.m. PDT at www.intc.com.

Forward-Looking Statements

Intel's Business Outlook and other statements in this release that refer to future plans and expectations are forward-looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "goals," "plans," "forecasting," "guidance," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "continues," "committed," "on-track," "aim," "may," "will," "would," "should," "could," "accelerate," "ramp," "deliver," "momentum," "path," "progress," "forecast," "guide," "likely," "future," "potential," "positioned," and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Statements that refer to or are based on estimates, forecasts, projections, uncertain events or assumptions, including statements relating to Intel's strategy, manufacturing expansion and investment plans, plans and goals related to Intel's foundry business, supply expectations including tregarding industry shortages, pending transactions including the pending sale of our NAND memory business, total addressable market (TAM) and market opportunity, business plans, future macroeconomic conditions, future impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic, future products and technology and the expected availability and benefits of such products and technology including product ramps, manufacturing goals, plans, and future progress, expectations regarding customers including with respect to future demand and industry growth, also identify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements included in this release are based on management's expectations as of the date of this release and, except as required by law, Intel disclaims any obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect future events or circumstances. Forward-looking statements involve many risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Intel presently considers the following to be among the important factors that can cause actual

- Demand for Intel's products is highly variable and can differ from expectations due to factors including changes in business and economic conditions; customer confidence or income levels, and the levels of customer capital spending; the introduction, availability and market acceptance of Intel's products, products used together with Intel products, and competitors' products; competitive and pricing pressures, including actions taken by competitors; supply constraints and other disruptions affecting customers; changes in customer order patterns including order cancellations; changes in customer needs and emerging technology trends; and changes in the level of inventory and computing capacity at customers.
- Intel's results can vary significantly from expectations based on capacity utilization; variations in inventory valuation, including variations related to the timing of qualifying products for sale; changes in revenue levels; segment product mix; the timing and execution of the manufacturing ramp and associated costs; excess or obsolete inventory; changes in unit costs; defects or disruptions in the supply of materials or resources, including as a result of ongoing industry shortages of components and substrates; product manufacturing quality/yields; and changes in capital requirements and investment plans. Variations in results can also be caused by the timing of Intel product introductions and related expenses, including marketing programs, and Intel's ability to respond quickly to technological developments and to introduce new products or incorporate new features into existing products, as well as decisions to exit product lines or businesses, which can result in restructuring and asset impairment charges.
- Intel's results can be affected by adverse economic, social, political and physical/infrastructure conditions in countries where Intel, its customers or its suppliers operate, including recession or slowing growth, military conflict and other security risks, natural disasters, infrastructure disruptions, health concerns (including the COVID-19 pandemic), fluctuations in currency exchange rates, sanctions and tariffs, political disputes, changes in government grants and incentives, and continuing uncertainty regarding social, political, immigration, and tax and trade policies in the U.S. and abroad. Results can also be affected by the formal or informal imposition by countries of new or revised export and/or import and doing-business regulations, including changes or uncertainty related to the U.S. government entity list and changes in the ability to obtain export licenses, which can be changed without prior notice.

- The COVID-19 pandemic has previously adversely affected significant portions of Intel's business and could have a material adverse effect on Intel's financial condition and results of operations. The pandemic has resulted in authorities imposing numerous measures to try to contain the virus. These measures have impacted and may further impact our workforce and operations, the operations of our customers, and those of our respective vendors, suppliers, and partners. Restrictions on our manufacturing or support operations or workforce, or similar limitations for our vendors and suppliers, can impact our ability to meet customer demand and could have a material adverse effect on us. Restrictions or disruptions of transportation, or disruptions in our customers' operations and supply chains, may adversely affect our results of operations. The pandemic has caused us to modify our business practices. There is no certainty that such measures will be sufficient to mitigate the risks posed by the virus, and illness and workforce disruptions could lead to unavailability of our key personnel and harm our ability to perform critical functions. The pandemic has significantly increased economic and demand uncertainty. Demand for our products could be materially harmed in the future. The pandemic could lead to increased disruption and volatility in capital markets and credit markets, which could adversely affect our liquidity and capital resources. The degree to which COVID-19 impacts our results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain. The impact of the pandemic can also exacerbate other risks discussed in this section.
- Intel operates in highly competitive industries and its operations have high costs that are either fixed or difficult to reduce in the short term. In addition, we have entered new areas and introduced adjacent products, such as our intention to become a major provider of foundry services, and we face new sources of competition and uncertain market demand or acceptance of our offerings with respect to these new areas and products, and they do not always grow as projected.
- Intel's expected tax rate is based on current tax law, including current interpretations of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (TCJA), and current
 expected income and can be affected by changes in interpretations of TCJA and other laws; changes in the volume and mix of profits earned and
 location of assets across jurisdictions with varying tax rates; changes in the estimates of credits, benefits, and deductions; the resolution of issues
 arising from tax audits with various tax authorities, including payment of interest and penalties; and the ability to realize deferred tax assets.
- Intel's results can be affected by gains or losses from equity securities and interest and other, which can vary depending on gains or losses on the change in fair value, sale, exchange, or impairments of equity and debt investments, interest rates, cash balances, and changes in fair value of derivative instruments.
- Product defects or errata (deviations from published specifications) can adversely impact our expenses, revenues, and reputation.
- We or third parties regularly identify security vulnerabilities with respect to our processors and other products as well as the operating systems and workloads running on them. Security vulnerabilities and any limitations of, or adverse effects resulting from, mitigation techniques can adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition, customer relationships, prospects, and reputation in a number of ways, any of which may be material, including incurring significant costs related to developing and deploying updates and mitigations, writing down inventory value, a reduction in the competitiveness of our products, defending against product claims and litigation, responding to regulatory inquiries or actions, paying damages, addressing customer satisfaction considerations, or taking other remedial steps with respect to third parties. Adverse publicity about security vulnerabilities or mitigations could damage our reputation with customers or users and reduce demand for our products and services.
- Intel's results can be affected by litigation or regulatory matters involving intellectual property, stockholder, consumer, antitrust, commercial, disclosure, and other issues, as well as by the impact and timing of settlements and dispute resolutions. For example, in the first quarter of 2021, Intel accrued a \$2.2 billion charge related to litigation involving VLSI Technology LLC (VLSI). An unfavorable ruling can include monetary damages or an injunction prohibiting us from manufacturing or selling one or more products, precluding particular business practices, impacting our ability to design products, or requiring other remedies such as compulsory licensing of intellectual property.
- Intel's results can be affected by the impact and timing of closing of acquisitions, divestitures, and other significant transactions. In addition, these transactions do not always achieve our financial or strategic objectives and can disrupt our ongoing business and adversely impact our results of operations. We may not realize the expected benefits of portfolio decisions due to numerous risks, including unfavorable prices and terms; changes in market conditions; limitations due to regulatory or governmental approvals, contractual terms, or other conditions; and potential continued financial obligations associated with such transactions. Risks and uncertainties relating to the pending sale of our NAND memory business to SK hynix are described in our Form 10-K filed with the SEC on January 22, 2021.

The amount, timing, and execution of Intel's stock repurchase program fluctuate based on Intel's priorities for the use of cash for other purposes—such
as investing in our business, including operational and capital spending, acquisitions, and returning cash to our stockholders as dividend payments—
and because of changes in cash flows, tax laws, and other laws, or the market price of our common stock.

Detailed information regarding these and other factors that could affect Intel's business and results is included in Intel's SEC filings, including the company's most recent reports on Forms 10-K and 10-Q, particularly the "Risk Factors" sections of those reports. Copies of these filings may be obtained by visiting our Investor Relations website at www.intc.com or the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

About Intel

Intel (Nasdaq: INTC) is an industry leader, creating world-changing technology that enables global progress and enriches lives. Inspired by Moore's Law, we continuously work to advance the design and manufacturing of semiconductors to help address our customers' greatest challenges. By embedding intelligence in the cloud, network, edge and every kind of computing device, we unleash the potential of data to transform business and society for the better. To learn more about Intel's innovations, go to newsroom.intel.com and intel.com.

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Intel Corporation Consolidated Condensed Statements of Income and Other Information

Three Months Ended				Six Months Ended			nded
Jun	26, 2021	Jur	n 27, 2020		Jun 26, 2021		Jun 27, 2020
\$	19,631	\$	19,728	\$	39,304	\$	39,556
	8,425		9,221		17,244		17,033
	11,206		10,507		22,060		22,523
	3,715		3,354		7,338		6,629
	1,599		1,447		2,927		2,988
	346		9		2,555		171
	5,660		4,810		12,820		9,788
	5,546		5,697		9,240		12,735
	295		267		663		156
	(96)		(29)		(252)		(342)
	5,745		5,935		9,651		12,549
	684		830		1,229		1,783
\$	5,061	\$	5,105	\$	8,422	\$	10,766
\$	1.25	\$	1.20	\$	2.08	\$	2.53
\$	1.24	\$	1.19	\$	2.06	\$	2.50
	4,049		4,246		4,053		4,256
	4,084		4,284		4,090		4,298
	S	Jun 26, 2021 \$ 19,631 8,425 11,206 3,715 1,599 346 5,546 295 (96) 5,745 684 \$ 5,061 \$ 1.25 \$ 1.24	Jun 26, 2021 Jur \$ 19,631 \$ 8,425 11,206 3,715 1,599 346 3,715 5,660 295 (96) 5,745 684 \$ \$ 1.25 \$ 1.24	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } \hline Jun 26, 2021 & Jun 27, 2020 \\ $ 19,631 & 19,728 \\ 8,425 & 9,221 \\ \hline 11,206 & 10,507 \\ \hline 3,715 & 3,354 \\ 1,599 & 1,447 \\ \hline 346 & 9 \\ \hline 5,660 & 4,810 \\ \hline 5,546 & 5,697 \\ 295 & 267 \\ (96) & (29) \\ \hline 5,745 & 5,935 \\ \hline 684 & 830 \\ $ 5,061 & $ 5,105 \\ \hline $ 1.25 & $ 1.20 \\ $ 1.24 & $ 1.19 \\ \hline \hline 4,049 & 4,246 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	Jun 26, 2021 Jun 27, 2020 \$ 19,631 \$ 19,728 8,425 9,221 11,206 10,507 3,715 3,354 1,599 1,447 346 9 5,660 4,810 5,546 5,697 295 267 (96) (29) 5,745 5,935 684 830 \$ 1,25 1,20 \$ 1,24 1,19	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c } \hline Jun 26, 2021 & Jun 27, 2020 & Jun 26, 2021 \\ $ 19,631 $ 19,728 $ 39,304 \\ 8,425 $ 9,221 & 17,244 \\ \hline 11,206 & 10,507 & 22,060 \\ \hline 3,715 & 3,354 & 7,338 \\ 1,599 & 1,447 & 2,927 \\ \hline 346 & 9 & 2,555 \\ \hline 5,660 & 4,810 & 12,820 \\ \hline 5,546 & 5,697 & 9,240 \\ 295 & 267 & 663 \\ (96) & (29) & (252) \\ \hline 5,745 & 5,935 & 9,651 \\ 684 & 830 & 1,229 \\ \hline $ 5,061 $ 5,105 $ 8,422 \\ \hline $ 1.25 $ 1.20 $ 2.08 \\ \hline $ 1.24 $ 1.19 $ 2.06 \\ \hline 4,049 & 4,246 & 4,053 \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

		Three Mor	nths Ende	ŧd
(In Millions)	Jur	26, 2021	Jun	27, 2020
Earnings per share of common stock information:				
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding—basic		4,049		4,246
Dilutive effect of employee equity incentive plans		35		38
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding—diluted		4,084		4,284
Stock buyback:				
Shares repurchased		_		_
Cumulative shares repurchased (in billions)		5.8		5.5
Remaining dollars authorized for buyback (in billions)	\$	7.2	\$	19.7
Other information: Employees (in thousands)		113.7		110.8

Intel Corporation Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets

(In Millions)	Ju	n 26, 2021	De	ec 26, 2020
Assets	(L	inaudited)		
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,746	\$	5,865
Short-term investments		3,014		2,292
Trading assets		17,097		15,738
Accounts receivable		7,460		6,782
Inventories				
Raw materials		1,010		908
Work in process		5,968		5,693
Finished goods		1,839		1,826
		8,817		8,427
Assets held for sale		5,817		5,400
Other current assets		2,421		2,745
Total current assets		49,372		47,249
Property, plant and equipment, net		58,166		56,584
Equity investments		5,655		5,152
Other long-term investments		1,262		2,192
Goodwill		26,768		26,971
Identified intangible assets, net		8,018		9,026
Other long-term assets		5,356		5,917
Total assets	\$	154,597	\$	153,091
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Short-term debt	¢	2.005	¢	2,504
	\$	3,695	\$,
Accounts payable		5,917		5,581
Accrued compensation and benefits		3,176		3,999
		10.010		
Other accrued liabilities		12,048		12,670
Total current liabilities		24,836		24,754
Total current liabilities Debt		24,836 31,714		24,754 33,897
Total current liabilities		24,836 31,714 68		24,754 33,897 1,367
Total current liabilities Debt		24,836 31,714 68 4,172		24,754 33,897 1,367 4,578
Total current liabilities Debt Contract liabilities		24,836 31,714 68		24,754 33,897 1,367
Total current liabilities Debt Contract liabilities Income taxes payable		24,836 31,714 68 4,172		24,754 33,897 1,367 4,578
Total current liabilities Debt Contract liabilities Income taxes payable Deferred income taxes		24,836 31,714 68 4,172 3,271		24,754 33,897 1,367 4,578 3,843
Total current liabilities Debt Contract liabilities Income taxes payable Deferred income taxes Other long-term liabilities		24,836 31,714 68 4,172 3,271		24,754 33,897 1,367 4,578 3,843
Total current liabilities Debt Contract liabilities Income taxes payable Deferred income taxes Other long-term liabilities Stockholders' equity		24,836 31,714 68 4,172 3,271		24,754 33,897 1,367 4,578 3,843
Total current liabilities Debt Contract liabilities Income taxes payable Deferred income taxes Other long-term liabilities Stockholders' equity Common stock and capital in excess of par value, 4,057 issued and outstanding (4,062 issued and outstanding as of		24,836 31,714 68 4,172 3,271 5,329		24,754 33,897 1,367 4,578 3,843 3,614
Total current liabilities Debt Contract liabilities Income taxes payable Deferred income taxes Other long-term liabilities Stockholders' equity Common stock and capital in excess of par value, 4,057 issued and outstanding (4,062 issued and outstanding as of December 26, 2020)		24,836 31,714 68 4,172 3,271 5,329 26,655		24,754 33,897 1,367 4,578 3,843 3,614 25,556
Total current liabilities Debt Contract liabilities Income taxes payable Deferred income taxes Other long-term liabilities Stockholders' equity Common stock and capital in excess of par value, 4,057 issued and outstanding (4,062 issued and outstanding as of December 26, 2020) Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		24,836 31,714 68 4,172 3,271 5,329 26,655 (1,095)		24,754 33,897 1,367 4,578 3,843 3,614 25,556 (751)

Intel Corporation Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	Six Mon	ths Ended
(In Millions; unaudited)	Jun 26, 2021	Jun 27, 2020
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	\$ 5,865	\$ 4,194
Cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Net income	8,422	10,766
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	4,862	5,248
Share-based compensation	1,044	941
Restructuring and other charges	2,555	171
Amortization of intangibles	897	865
(Gains) losses on equity investments, net	(555)	(92)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Accounts receivable	(678)	224
Inventories	(126)	(271)
Accounts payable	425	208
Accrued compensation and benefits	(836)	(1,025)
Prepaid supply agreements	(1,571)	(161)
Income taxes	114	1,203
Other assets and liabilities	(259)	(762)
Total adjustments	5,872	6,549
Net cash provided by operating activities	14,294	17,315
Cash flows provided by (used for) investing activities:		,
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(7,574)	(6,676)
Additions to held for sale NAND property, plant and equipment	(682)	_
Purchases of available-for-sale debt investments	(2,000)	(4,558)
Maturities and sales of available-for-sale debt investments	2,126	1,303
Purchases of trading assets	(14,637)	(11,429)
Maturities and sales of trading assets	12,936	7,430
Other investing	380	(416)
Net cash used for investing activities	(9,451)	(14,346)
Cash flows provided by (used for) financing activities:		() /
Issuance of long-term debt, net of issuance costs	_	10,247
Repayment of debt and debt conversion	(500)	(2,775)
Proceeds from sales of common stock through employee equity incentive plans	589	512
Repurchase of common stock	(2,415)	(4,229)
Payment of dividends to stockholders	(2,821)	(2,811)
Other financing	(815)	629
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	(5,962)	1,573
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,119)	4,542
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 4,746	\$ 8,736
	÷	

Intel Corporation Supplemental Operating Segment Results

		Three Months Ended			Six Months Ended			
(In Millions)	J	un 26, 2021	J	un 27, 2020	-	Jun 26, 2021		Jun 27, 2020
Net revenue								
Client Computing Group								
Platform	\$	9,397	\$	8,229	\$	19,014	\$	16,941
Adjacent		712		1,267		1,700		2,330
		10,109		9,496		20,714		19,271
Data Center Group								
Platform		5,703		6,181	\$	10,514	\$	12,608
Adjacent		752		936		1,505		1,502
		6,455		7,117		12,019		14,110
Internet of Things								
IOTG		984		670		1,898		1,553
Mobileye		327		146		704		400
		1,311		816		2,602		1,953
Non-Volatile Memory Solutions Group		1,098		1,659		2,205		2,997
Programmable Solutions Group		486		501		972		1,020
All other		172		139		792		205
Total net revenue	\$	19,631	\$	19,728	\$	39,304	\$	39,556
Operating income (loss)								
Client Computing Group	\$	3,760	\$	2,842	\$	7,880	\$	7,067
Data Center Group		1,941		3,099	\$	3,214	\$	6,591
Internet of Things								
IOTG		287		70		499		313
Mobileye		109		(4)		256		84
		396		66		755		397
Non-Volatile Memory Solutions Group		402		322		573		256
Programmable Solutions Group		82		80		170		177
All other		(1,035)		(712)		(3,352)		(1,753)
Total operating income	\$	5,546	\$	5,697	\$	9,240	\$	12,735

We derive a substantial majority of our revenue from platform products, which are our principal products and considered as one product class. We offer platform products that incorporate various components and technologies, including a microprocessor and chipset, a stand-alone SoC, or a multichip package. Platform products are used in various form factors across our CCG, DCG, and IOTG operating segments. Our non-platform, or adjacent products, can be combined with platform products to form comprehensive platform solutions to meet customer needs.

Revenue for our reportable and non-reportable operating segments is primarily related to the following product lines:

- CCG includes platforms designed for end-user form factors, focusing on higher growth segments of 2-in-1, thin-and-light, commercial and gaming, and growing adjacencies such as connectivity and graphics.
- DCG includes workload-optimized platforms and related products designed for cloud service providers, enterprise and government, and communications service providers market segments. In 2021, the DCG operating segment includes the results of our Intel® Optane™ memory business.
- IOTG includes high-performance compute solutions for targeted verticals and embedded applications in market segments such as retail, industrial, healthcare, and vision.
- Mobileye includes development of computer vision and machine learning-based sensing, data analysis, localization, mapping, and driving policy technology for advanced driver assistance systems (ADAS) and autonomous driving.
- NSG includes development of storage solutions using our innovative Intel® 3D NAND technology, primarily used in SSDs. In 2021, the NSG operating
 segment no longer includes the results of our Intel Optane memory business.
- PSG includes programmable semiconductors, primarily FPGAs and structured ASICs, and related products for communications, cloud and enterprise, and embedded market segments.

We have sales and marketing, manufacturing, engineering, finance, and administration groups. Expenses for these groups are generally allocated to the operating segments.

We have an "all other" category that includes revenue, expenses, and charges such as:

- results of operations from non-reportable segments not otherwise presented;
- historical results of operations from divested businesses;
- results of operations of start-up businesses that support our initiatives, including our foundry business;
- amounts included within restructuring and other charges;
- a portion of employee benefits, compensation, and other expenses not allocated to the operating segments; and
- acquisition-related costs, including amortization and any impairment of acquisition-related intangibles and goodwill.

Intel Corporation Supplemental Platform Revenue Information

	Q2 2021	Q2 2021	YTD 2021
	compared to Q1 2021	compared to Q2 2020	compared to YTD 2020
Client Computing Group			
Desktop platform volumes	3%	15%	5%
Desktop platform average selling prices	(3)%	(5)%	(5)%
Notebook platform volumes	(8)%	40%	47%
Notebook platform average selling prices	6%	(17)%	(20)%
Adjacent revenue	(28)%	(44)%	(27)%
Data Center Group			
Platform volumes	12%	(1)%	(7)%
Platform average selling prices	5%	(7)%	(10)%
Adjacent revenue	—%	(20)%	—%

Intel Corporation Explanation of Non-GAAP Measures

In addition to disclosing financial results in accordance with U.S. GAAP, this document contains references to the non-GAAP financial measures below. We believe these non-GAAP financial measures provide investors with useful supplemental information about our operating performance, enable comparison of financial trends and results between periods where certain items may vary independent of business performance, and allow for greater transparency with respect to key metrics used by management in operating our business and measuring our performance. Certain of these non-GAAP financial measures are used in our performance-based RSUs and our annual cash bonus plan.

Our non-GAAP financial measures reflect adjustments based on one or more of the following items, as well as the related income tax effects where applicable. Income tax effects have been calculated using an appropriate tax rate for each adjustment. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and the financial results calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP and reconciliations from these results should be carefully evaluated.

Non-GAAP adjustment or measure	Definition	Usefulness to management and investors
NAND memory business	Our NAND memory business is subject to a pending sale to SK hynix, as announced in October 2020.	We exclude the impact of our NAND memory business in certain non-GAAP measures because these adjustments reflect how management currently views the core operations of the company. While the sale of the NAND memory business is still pending and subject to closing conditions, management does not currently view the business as part of the company's core operations or its long-term strategic direction. We believe these adjustments provide investors with a useful view, through the eyes of management, of the company's core business model and how management currently evaluates core operational performance. We believe they also provide investors with an additional means to understand the potential impact of the divestiture over time. In making these adjustments, we have not made any changes to our methods for measuring and calculating revenue or other financial statement amounts.
Acquisition-related adjustments	Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets consists of amortization of intangible assets such as developed technology, brands, and customer relationships acquired in connection with business combinations. Charges related to the amortization of these intangibles are recorded within both cost of sales and MG&A in our U.S. GAAP financial statements. Amortization charges are recorded over the estimated useful life of the related acquired intangible asset, and thus are generally recorded over multiple years.	We exclude amortization charges for our acquisition-related intangible assets for purposes of calculating certain non-GAAP measures because these charges are inconsistent in size and are significantly impacted by the timing and valuation of our acquisitions. These adjustments facilitate a useful evaluation of our current operating performance and comparison to our past operating performance and provide investors with additional means to evaluate cost and expense trends.
Restructuring and other charges	Restructuring charges are costs associated with a formal restructuring plan and are primarily related to employee severance and benefit arrangements. Other charges include a charge related to the VLSI litigation, goodwill and asset impairments, pension charges, and costs associated with restructuring activity.	We exclude restructuring and other charges, including any adjustments to charges recorded in prior periods, for purposes of calculating certain non-GAAP measures because these costs do not reflect our core operating performance. These adjustments facilitate a useful evaluation of our core operating performance and comparisons to past operating results and provide investors with additional means to evaluate expense trends.
Gains (losses) from divestiture	Gains or losses are recognized at the close of a divestiture.	We exclude gains or losses resulting from divestitures for purposes of calculating certain non-GAAP measures because they do not reflect our current operating performance. These adjustments facilitate a useful evaluation of our current operating performance and comparisons to past operating results.
Ongoing mark-to-market on marketable equity securities	After the initial mark-to-market adjustment is recorded upon a security becoming marketable, gains and losses are recognized from ongoing mark-to-market adjustments of our marketable equity securities.	We exclude these ongoing gains and losses for purposes of calculating certain non-GAAP measures because we do not believe this volatility correlates to our core operational performance. These adjustments facilitate a useful evaluation of our current operating performance and comparisons to past operating results.
Free cash flow	We reference a non-GAAP financial measure of free cash flow, which is used by management when assessing our sources of liquidity, capital resources, and quality of earnings. Free cash flow is operating cash flow adjusted to exclude additions to property, plant and equipment.	This non-GAAP financial measure is helpful in understanding our capital requirements and provides an additional means to evaluate the cash flow trends of our business. In calculating free cash flow, we do not subtract additions to held for sale NAND property, plant and equipment because the additions are not representative of our long-term capital requirements and we expect these assets to be sold.

Intel Corporation Supplemental Reconciliations of GAAP Actuals to Non-GAAP Actuals

Set forth below are reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and the reconciliations from U.S. GAAP to Non-GAAP actuals should be carefully evaluated. Please refer to "Explanation of Non-GAAP Measures" in this document for a detailed explanation of the adjustments made to the comparable U.S. GAAP measures, the ways management uses the non-GAAP measures, and the reasons why management believes the non-GAAP measures provide useful information for investors.

		Three Months Ended				
(In Millions, Except Per Share Amounts)	J	un 26, 2021	Ju	ın 27, 2020		
GAAP net revenue	\$	19,631	\$	19,728		
NAND memory business		(1,098)		(1,544)		
Non-GAAP net revenue	\$	18,533	\$	18,184		
GAAP gross margin	\$	11,206	\$	10,507		
Acquisition-related adjustments		314		302		
NAND memory business		(544)		(566)		
Non-GAAP gross margin	\$	10,976	\$	10,243		
GAAP gross margin percentage		57.1 %		53.3 %		
Acquisition-related adjustments		1.6 %		1.5 %		
NAND memory business		0.5 %		1.4 %		
Non-GAAP gross margin percentage ¹		59.2 %		56.3 %		
GAAP R&D and MG&A	\$	5,314	\$	4,801		
Acquisition-related adjustments		(52)		(50)		
VAND memory business		(142)		(143)		
Non-GAAP R&D and MG&A	<u>\$</u>	5,120	\$	4,608		
GAAP operating income	\$	5,546	\$	5,697		
Acquisition-related adjustments		366		352		
Restructuring and other charges		346		9		
VAND memory business		(402)		(423)		
Non-GAAP operating income	<u>\$</u>	5,856	\$	5,635		
GAAP operating margin		28.3 %		28.9 %		
Acquisition-related adjustments		1.9 %		1.8 %		
Restructuring and other charges		1.8 %		— %		
VAND memory business		(0.3)%		0.4 %		
Non-GAAP operating margin ¹		31.6 %		31.0 %		
GAAP tax rate		11.9 %		14.0 %		
ncome tax effects		— %		0.1 %		
Non-GAAP tax rate		11.9 %		14.1 %		
GAAP net income	\$	5,061	\$	5,105		
Acquisition-related adjustments		366		352		
Restructuring and other charges		346		9		
Dingoing mark-to-market on marketable equity securities		(138)		(165)		
VAND memory business ncome tax effects		(402)		(423)		
	<u>*</u>	(19)	¢	23		
Non-GAAP net income ¹ Our reconciliations of GAAP to non-GAAP gross margin and operating margin percentage reflect the ex	\$	5,214	\$	4,901		

	Thr	Three Months Ended				
(In Millions, Except Per Share Amounts)	Jun 26, 20	Jun 26, 2021		Jun 27, 2020		
GAAP earnings per share—diluted	\$	1.24	\$	1.19		
Acquisition-related adjustments		0.09		0.08		
Restructuring and other charges		0.08		_		
Ongoing mark-to-market on marketable equity securities		(0.03)		(0.04)		
NAND memory business		(0.09)		(0.10)		
Income tax effects		(0.01)		0.01		
Non-GAAP earnings per share—diluted	\$	1.28	\$	1.14		
		Thre	e Months	Ended		
(In Millions)		Jun 26, 2021				
GAAP cash from operations	\$			8,746		
Additions to property, plant and equipment				(3,601)		
Free cash flow	\$			5,145		
GAAP cash used for investing activities	\$			(6,904)		
GAAP cash provided by (used for) financing activities	\$			(2,288)		

Intel Corporation Supplemental Reconciliations of GAAP Outlook to Non-GAAP Outlook

Set forth below are reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and the financial outlook prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and the reconciliations from this Business Outlook should be carefully evaluated.

Please refer to "Explanation of Non-GAAP Measures" in this document for a detailed explanation of the adjustments made to the comparable U.S. GAAP measures, the ways management uses the non-GAAP measures, and the reasons why management believes the non-GAAP measures provide useful information for investors.

(In Billions, Except Per Share Amounts)	ons, Except Per Share Amounts) Q3 2021 Outlook			Full-Year 2021		
	Аррі	Approximately		Approximately		
GAAP net revenue	\$	19.1	\$	77.6		
NAND memory business		(0.9)		(4.1)		
Non-GAAP net revenue	\$	18.2	\$	73.5		
GAAP gross margin		53.1 %		54.2 %		
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets		1.6 %		2.1 %		
NAND memory business		0.2 %		0.2 %		
Non-GAAP gross margin ¹		55.0 %		56.5 %		
GAAP tax rate		4 %		16 %		
Income tax effects		— %		(6)%		
Non-GAAP tax rate		4 %		11 %		
GAAP earnings per share—diluted	\$	1.08	\$	4.09		
Acquisition-related adjustments		0.09		0.45		
Restructuring and other charges		0.01		0.64		
(Gains) losses from divestiture		_		(0.24)		
Ongoing mark-to-market on marketable equity securities		_		0.04		
NAND memory business		(0.08)		(0.40)		
Income tax effects		—		0.22		
Non-GAAP earnings per share—diluted	\$	1.10	\$	4.80		

¹ Our reconciliation of GAAP Outlook to non-GAAP Outlook gross margin percentage reflects the exclusion of our NAND memory business from net revenue.

(In Billions)	Full-Year 2021	
GAAP cash from operations	\$	30.5
Additions to property, plant and equipment	\$	19.5
Free cash flow	\$	11.0