UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): April 24, 2025

intel.

INTEL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction

of incorporation)

000-06217 (Commission File Number) 94-1672743 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

2200 Mission College Boulevard, Santa Clara, California (Address of principal executive offices) <u>95054-1549</u> (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (408) 765-8080

Not Applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

□ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

□ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

□ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

□ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, \$0.001 par value	INTC	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On April 24, 2025, Intel Corporation ("Intel" or the "Company") issued a press release announcing the financial results of its first quarter ended March 29, 2025 and forward-looking statements relating to its second quarter of 2025. A copy of this press release is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 and is incorporated by reference herein.

The attached press release includes non-GAAP financial measures relating to our operations and forecasted outlook. Certain of these non-GAAP measures will be used in Intel's earnings conference for the first quarter of 2025. In addition, the attached press release includes reconciliations of these non-GAAP measures to GAAP measures, as well as an explanation of how management uses these non-GAAP measures and the reasons why management views these measures as providing useful information for investors. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP and reconciliations to these results should be carefully evaluated.

The information in Item 2.02 of this Report and the press release attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 are furnished and shall not be treated as filed for purposes of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

The following exhibits are provided as part of this Report:

Exhibit Number Description

99.1	Press Release entitled "Intel Reports First-Quarter 2025 Financial Results" dated April 24, 2025.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File, formatted in Inline XBRL and included as Exhibit 101.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

INTEL CORPORATION (Registrant)

Date: April 24, 2025

By: /s/ DAVID ZINSNER

David Zinsner Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Principal Financial Officer

Intel Corporation 2200 Mission College Blvd. Santa Clara, CA 95054-1549



News Release

Intel Reports First-Quarter 2025 Financial Results

News Summary

- First-quarter revenue was \$12.7 billion, flat year-over-year (YoY).
- First-quarter earnings (loss) per share (EPS) attributable to Intel was \$(0.19); non-GAAP EPS attributable to Intel was \$0.13.
- Forecasting second-quarter 2025 revenue of \$11.2 billion to \$12.4 billion; expecting second-quarter EPS attributable to Intel of \$(0.32) and non-GAAP EPS attributable to Intel of \$0.00.
- Announcing initiative to drive improved execution and operational efficiency; expecting 2025 operating expenses of \$17 billion and 2026 operating expenses of \$16 billion.

SANTA CLARA, Calif., April 24, 2025 – Intel Corporation today reported first-quarter 2025 financial results.

"The first quarter was a step in the right direction, but there are no quick fixes as we work to get back on a path to gaining market share and driving sustainable growth," said Lip-Bu Tan, Intel CEO. "I am taking swift actions to drive better execution and operational efficiency while empowering our engineers to create great products. We are going back to basics by listening to our customers and making the changes needed to build the new Intel."

"It was a solid start to the year as we executed well on our priorities," said David Zinsner, Intel CFO. "The current macro environment is creating elevated uncertainty across the industry, which is reflected in our outlook. We are taking a disciplined and prudent approach to support continued investment in our core products and foundry businesses while maximizing operational cost savings and capital efficiency."

Driving Greater Execution and Efficiency

Intel is taking actions to drive better, more efficient execution across the business. The plan includes streamlining the organization, eliminating management layers and enabling faster decision-making. In taking these actions, Intel will focus on empowering engineering talent to create great products and driving greater accountability across the company while making it easier for customers to do business with Intel.

In line with these actions, Intel is reducing its non-GAAP operating expense target to approximately \$17 billion in 2025, down from its previously stated goal of \$17.5 billion, and is now targeting \$16 billion in 2026. Operating expenses include research and development (R&D), and marketing, general and administrative (MG&A). Intel expects to have restructuring charges associated with these actions, some of which may be included in its non-GAAP results. Since the company has not yet estimated these charges, they are not included in its guidance.

Additionally, further operational efficiencies and better utilization of construction-in-progress assets allow Intel to reduce its gross capital expenditures¹ target to \$18 billion for 2025, down from the company's previous target of \$20 billion, while still expecting net capital expenditures² of approximately \$8 billion to \$11 billion. Intel will continue to focus investment in its core business as it drives operational efficiency.

¹ Gross capital expenditures refers to GAAP additions to property, plant and equipment.

² Net capital expenditures, a non-GAAP financial measure, is defined as additions to property, plant and equipment, net of proceeds from capital-related government incentives and partner contributions. See below for more information on and reconciliations of Intel's non-GAAP financial measures.

Q1 2025 Financial Results

		GAAP			Non-GAAP	
	Q1 2025	Q1 2024	vs. Q1 2024	Q1 2025	Q1 2024	vs. Q1 2024
Revenue (\$B)	\$12.7	\$12.7	flat			
Gross margin	36.9%	41.0%	down 4.1 ppts	39.2%	45.1%	down 5.9 ppts
R&D and MG&A (\$B)	\$4.8	\$5.9	down 19%	\$4.3	\$5.0	down 15%
Operating margin (loss)	(2.4)%	(8.4)%	up 6 ppts	5.4%	5.7%	down 0.3 ppts
Tax rate	(51.4)%	39.2%	down 90.6 ppts	12.0%	13.0%	down 1 ppt
Net income (loss) attributable to Intel (\$B)	\$(0.8)	\$(0.4)	down 115%	\$0.6	\$0.8	down 24%
Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Intel—diluted	\$(0.19)	\$(0.09)	down 111%	\$0.13	\$0.18	down 28%

In the first quarter, the company generated \$0.8 billion in cash from operations.

Full reconciliations between GAAP and non-GAAP measures are provided below.

Business Unit Summary

In the first quarter of 2025, the company made an organizational change to integrate the Network and Edge Group (NEX) into CCG and DCAI and modified Intel's segment reporting to align to this and certain other business reorganizations. All prior-period segment data has been retrospectively adjusted to reflect the way Intel's chief operating decision maker internally receives information and manages and monitors the company's operating segment performance starting in fiscal year 2025. There are no changes to Intel's consolidated financial statements for any prior periods.

Business Unit Revenue and Trends Q1 2025³ vs. Q1 2024 Intel Products: Client Computing Group (CCG) \$7.6 billion down 8% Data Center and AI (DCAI) \$4.1 billion up 8% Total Intel Products revenue \$11.8 billion down 3% Intel Foundry \$4.7 billion up 7% up 47% All Other \$0.9 billion Intersegment Eliminations \$(4.7) billion Total net revenue \$12.7 billion flat

³ Numbers are presented as actual and rounded; as a result, totals may not sum.

Business Highlights

- At CES, Intel announced the new Intel® Core™ Ultra 200V series mobile processors with Intel vPro®, Intel® Core™ Ultra 200HX and H series mobile processors, Intel® Core™ Ultra 200HX and H series mobile processors, and an expanded Intel® Core™ Ultra 200S series desktop processor portfolio.
- In February, Intel launched new Intel® Xeon® 6 processors with Performance-cores (P-cores) for data center and Xeon 6 processors for network and edge applications, providing enhanced performance and efficiency across workloads.
- In April, MLCommons released its latest MLPerf Inference v5.0 benchmarks, in which Intel Xeon 6 with P-cores demonstrated a 1.9x boost in Al
 performance over the previous generation of processors, affirming Intel Xeon 6 as a top solution for modern AI systems⁴.
- Intel 18A is expected to ramp in the second half of 2025 to support the launch of Intel's first Panther Lake SKU by year-end, with additional SKUs coming in the first half of 2026.
- Earlier this month, Intel announced an agreement to sell 51% of its Altera® business to Silver Lake. Intel will own the remaining 49% of the Altera business, enabling it to participate in Altera's future success while focusing on its core business.
- In March, Intel completed the second and final close of the sale of its NAND business to SK hynix.

⁴ Performance varies by use, configuration and other factors. Learn more at www.Intel.com/PerformanceIndex. Performance results are based on testing as of dates shown in configurations and may not reflect all publicly available updates. Visit MLCommons for more details. No product or component can be absolutely secure.

Business Outlook

Intel's guidance for the second quarter of 2025 includes both GAAP and non-GAAP estimates as follows:

Q2 2025	GAAP	Non-GAAP
Revenue	\$11.2-12.4 billion	
Gross Margin	34.3%	36.5%
Tax Rate	(51)%	12%
Earnings (Loss) Per Share Attributable to Intel—Diluted	\$(0.32)	\$0.00

Reconciliations between GAAP and non-GAAP financial measures are included below. Actual results may differ materially from Intel's business outlook as a result of, among other things, the factors described under "Forward-Looking Statements" below. The gross margin and EPS outlooks are based on the midpoint of the revenue range.

Earnings Webcast

Intel will hold a public webcast at 2 p.m. PDT today to discuss the results for its first quarter of 2025. The live public webcast can be accessed on Intel's Investor Relations website at www.intc.com. The corresponding earnings presentation and webcast replay will also be available on the site.

Forward-Looking Statements

This release contains forward-looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Words such as "accelerate", "achieve", "aim", "ambitions", "anticipate", "believe", "committed", "continue", "could", "designed", "estimate", "expect", "forecast", "future", "goals", "grow", "guidance", "intend", "likely", "may", "might", "milestones", "next generation", "objective", "on track", "opportunity", "outlook", "pending", "plan", "position", "possible", "potential", "predict", "progress", "ramp", "roadmap", "seek", "should", "strive", "targets", "to be", "upcoming", "will", "would", and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements, which may include statements regarding:

- our business plans and strategy and anticipated benefits therefrom, including with respect to our IDM strategy, Smart Capital strategy, partnerships with Apollo and Brookfield, internal foundry model, updated reporting structure, and AI strategy;
- projections of our future financial performance, including future revenue, gross margins, capital expenditures, and cash flows;
- projected costs and yield trends;
- future cash requirements, the availability, uses, sufficiency, and cost of capital resources, and sources of funding, including for future capital and R&D investments and for returns to stockholders, such as stock repurchases and dividends, and credit ratings expectations;
- future products, services, and technologies, and the expected goals, timeline, ramps, progress, availability, production, regulation, and benefits of such
 products, services, and technologies, including future process nodes and packaging technology, product roadmaps, schedules, future product architectures,
 expectations regarding process performance, per-watt parity, and metrics, and expectations regarding product and process leadership;
- investment plans and impacts of investment plans, including in the US and abroad;
- internal and external manufacturing plans, including future internal manufacturing volumes, manufacturing expansion plans and the financing therefor, and external foundry usage;
- future production capacity and product supply;
- supply expectations, including regarding constraints, limitations, pricing, and industry shortages;
- plans and goals related to Intel's foundry business, including with respect to anticipated customers, future manufacturing capacity and service, technology, and IP offerings;
- expected timing and impact of acquisitions, divestitures, and other significant transactions, including the agreed-upon sale of a controlling interest of Altera;
- expected completion and impacts of restructuring activities and cost-saving or efficiency initiatives;
- future social and environmental performance goals, measures, strategies, and results;

- our anticipated growth, future market share, and trends in our businesses and operations;
- projected growth and trends in markets relevant to our businesses;
- anticipated trends and impacts related to industry component, substrate, and foundry capacity utilization, shortages, and constraints;
- expectations regarding government incentives;
- future technology trends and developments, such as AI;
- future macro environmental and economic conditions;
- geopolitical tensions and conflicts, including with respect to international trade policies in areas such as tariffs and export controls, and their potential impact on our business;
- tax- and accounting-related expectations;
- · expectations regarding our relationships with certain sanctioned parties; and
- other characterizations of future events or circumstances.

Such statements involve many risks and uncertainties that could cause our actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied, including those associated with:

- the high level of competition and rapid technological change in our industry;
- the significant long-term and inherently risky investments we are making in R&D and manufacturing facilities that may not realize a favorable return;
- the complexities and uncertainties in developing and implementing new semiconductor products and manufacturing process technologies;
- our ability to time and scale our capital investments appropriately and successfully secure favorable alternative financing arrangements and government grants;
- implementing new business strategies and investing in new businesses and technologies;
- changes in demand for our products;
- macroeconomic conditions and geopolitical tensions and conflicts, including geopolitical and trade tensions between the US and China, the impacts of Russia's war on Ukraine, tensions and conflict affecting Israel and the Middle East, and rising tensions between mainland China and Taiwan;
- the evolving market for products with AI capabilities;
- our complex global supply chain, including from disruptions, delays, trade tensions and conflicts, or shortages;
- recently elevated geopolitical tensions, volatility and uncertainty with respect to international trade policies, including tariffs and export controls, impacting
 our business, the markets in which we compete and the world economy;
- product defects, errata and other product issues, particularly as we develop next-generation products and implement next-generation manufacturing
 process technologies;
- potential security vulnerabilities in our products;
- increasing and evolving cybersecurity threats and privacy risks;
- IP risks including related litigation and regulatory proceedings;
- the need to attract, retain, and motivate key talent;
- strategic transactions and investments;
- sales-related risks, including customer concentration and the use of distributors and other third parties;
- our significantly reduced return of capital in recent years;
- our debt obligations and our ability to access sources of capital;
- complex and evolving laws and regulations across many jurisdictions;
- fluctuations in currency exchange rates;
- changes in our effective tax rate;
- catastrophic events;
- environmental, health, safety, and product regulations;
- our initiatives and new legal requirements with respect to corporate responsibility matters; and

other risks and uncertainties described in this release, our 2024 Form 10-K, our Q1 2025 Form 10-Q, and our other filings with the SEC.

Given these risks and uncertainties, readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. Readers are urged to carefully review and consider the various disclosures made in this release and in other documents we file from time to time with the SEC that disclose risks and uncertainties that may affect our business.

Unless specifically indicated otherwise, the forward-looking statements in this release do not reflect the potential impact of any divestitures, mergers, acquisitions, or other business combinations that have not been completed as of the date of this filing. In addition, the forward-looking statements in this release are based on management's expectations as of the date of this release, unless an earlier date is specified, including expectations based on third-party information and projections that management believes to be reputable. We do not undertake, and expressly disclaim any duty, to update such statements, whether as a result of new information, new developments, or otherwise, except to the extent that disclosure may be required by law.

About Intel

Intel (Nasdaq: INTC) is an industry leader, creating world-changing technology that enables global progress and enriches lives. Inspired by Moore's Law, we continuously work to advance the design and manufacturing of semiconductors to help address our customers' greatest challenges. By embedding intelligence in the cloud, network, edge and every kind of computing device, we unleash the potential of data to transform business and society for the better. To learn more about Intel's innovations, go to newsroom.intel.com and intel.com.

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Intel Corporation Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations and Other Information

	Three	Three Months Ended							
(In Millions, Except Per Share Amounts; Unaudited)	Mar 29, 2025		Mar 30, 2024						
Net revenue	\$ 12	667	\$ 12,724						
Cost of sales	7	995	7,507						
Gross margin	4	672	5,217						
Research and development	3	640	4,382						
Marketing, general, and administrative	1.	177	1,556						
Restructuring and other charges		156	348						
Operating expenses	4	973	6,286						
Operating income (loss)	(301)	(1,069)						
Gains (losses) on equity investments, net		112)	205						
Interest and other, net	(173)	145						
Income (loss) before taxes	(586)	(719)						
Provision for (benefit from) taxes		301	(282)						
Net income (loss)	(887)	(437)						
Less: net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests		(66)	(56)						
Net income (loss) attributable to Intel	\$ (821)	\$ (381)						
Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Intel—basic	\$ (1	.19)	\$ (0.09)						
Earnings (loss) per share attributable to Intel—diluted	\$ ()	.19)	\$ (0.09)						
Weighted average shares of common stock outstanding:									
Basic	4	343	4,242						
Diluted	4	343	4,242						
		=							

Other information:			
(In Thousands; Unaudited)	Mar 29, 2025	Dec 28, 2024	Mar 30, 2024
Employees			
Intel	97.6	99.5	116.4
Mobileye and other subsidiaries	5.0	5.4	5.2
NAND ¹	—	4.0	3.6
Total Intel	102.6	108.9	125.2

¹ Employees of the NAND memory business, which we divested to SK hynix upon the first closing on Dec. 29, 2021, and fully deconsolidated in Q1 2022. Employees are excluded from Intel's total employee count following the completion of the second closing of the divestiture on March 27, 2025.

Intel Corporation Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets

(In Millions, Except Par Value; Unaudited)	Ма	ar 29, 2025	De	ec 28, 2024
Assets				
Current assets:	•	0.047	•	0.040
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,947	\$	8,249
Short-term investments Accounts receivable, net		12,101 3,064		13,813 3,478
Inventories		3,004		3,470
Raw materials		1,322		1,344
Work in process		7,240		7,432
Finished goods		3,719		3,422
r institut goods		12,281		12,198
Other current assets		5,741		9,586
Total current assets		42,134		47,324
				,
Property, plant, and equipment, net		109,763		107,919
Equity investments		5,027		5,383
Goodwill		24,693		24,693
Identified intangible assets, net		3,568		3,691
Other long-term assets	•	7,057	\$	7,475
Total assets	þ	192,242	φ	196,485
Liabilities and stockholders' equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable		10,896		12,556
Accrued compensation and benefits		2,652		3,343
Short-term debt		5,240		3,729
Income taxes payable		1,873		1,756
Other accrued liabilities		11,513		14,282
Total current liabilities		32,174		35,666
Debt		44,911		46,282
Other long-term liabilities		8,744		9,505
Stockholders' equity:				
Common stock and capital in excess of par value, 4,362 issued and outstanding (4,330 issued and outstanding as of				
December 28, 2024)		51,920		50,949
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)		(486)		(711)
Retained earnings		48,322		49,032
Total Intel stockholders' equity		99,756		99,270
Non-controlling interests		6,657		5,762
Total stockholders' equity	•	106,413	<u>*</u>	105,032
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	192,242	\$	196,485

Intel Corporation Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows

	Three Months Ended							
(In Millions; Unaudited)	Mar 29, 2025	Mar 30, 2024						
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period	\$ 8,249	\$ 7,079						
Cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities:								
Net income (loss)	(887)	(437)						
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:								
Depreciation	2,425	2,200						
Share-based compensation	684	1,179						
Amortization of intangibles	249	351						
(Gains) losses on equity investments, net	112	(208)						
Deferred taxes	19	(346)						
Changes in assets and liabilities:								
Accounts receivable	414	80						
Inventories	(83)	(366)						
Accounts payable	(240)	(386)						
Accrued compensation and benefits	(741)	(1,160)						
Income taxes	67	(245)						
Other assets and liabilities	(1,206)	(1,885)						
Total adjustments	1,700	(786)						
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	813	(1,223)						
Cash flows provided by (used for) investing activities:								
Additions to property, plant, and equipment	(5,183)	(5,970)						
Proceeds from capital-related government incentives	803	592						
Purchases of short-term investments	(3,386)	(6,460)						
Maturities and sales of short-term investments	5,327	9,598						
Proceeds from divestitures	1,935							
Other investing	585	(323)						
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	81	(2,563)						
Cash flows provided by (used for) financing activities:		(_,)						
Issuance of commercial paper, net of issuance costs	1.496	793						
Partner contributions	955	423						
Additions to property, plant, and equipment	(1,020)							
Issuance of long-term debt, net of issuance costs	(:,020)	2,537						
Repayment of debt	(1,500)	_,						
Proceeds from sales of common stock through employee equity incentive plans	491	626						
Payment of dividends to stockholders		(529)						
Other financing	(618)	(220)						
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	(196)	3,630						
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	698	(156)						
Cash and cash equivalents, end of period	\$ 8,947	\$ 6,923						
	۵ 8,947	φ 0,923						

Intel Corporation Supplemental Operating Segment Results

						Three Mo	onths E	Ended						
						Mar 2	29, 202	25						
	Int	el Products												
 CCG		DCAI			Inte	I Foundry	All	Other ¹					Cor	Total solidated
\$ 7,629	\$	4,126	\$	11,755	\$	4,667	\$	943	\$	_	\$	(4,698)	\$	12,667
3,984		2,359		6,343		5,946		396		377		(5,067)		7,995
1,284		1,192		2,476		1,041		444		883		129		4,973
\$ 2,361	\$	575	\$	2,936	\$	(2,320)	\$	103	\$	(1,260)	\$	240	\$	(301)
\$ \$	\$ 7,629 3,984 1,284	CCG \$ 7,629 3,984 1,284	CCG DCAI \$ 7,629 \$ 4,126 3,984 2,359 1,284 1,192	CCG DCAI \$ 7,629 \$ 4,126 \$ 3,984 2,359 1,284 1,192	CCG DCAI Total Intel Products \$ 7,629 \$ 4,126 \$ 11,755 3,984 2,359 6,343 1,284 1,192 2,476	CCG DCAI Total Intel Products Intel \$ 7,629 \$ 4,126 \$ 11,755 \$ 3,984 2,359 6,343 \$ 1,284 1,192 2,476 \$	Mar : Intel Products Total Intel Products Intel Foundry \$ 7,629 \$ 4,126 \$ 11,755 \$ 4,667 3,984 2,359 6,343 5,946 1,284 1,192 2,476 1,041	Mar 29, 202 Mar 29, 202 Intel Products CCG DCAI Total Intel Products Intel Foundry All \$ 7,629 \$ 4,126 \$ 11,755 \$ 4,667 \$ 3,984 2,359 6,343 5,946 \$ 1,284 1,192 2,476 1,041 \$	CCG DCAI Total Intel Products Intel Foundry All Other ¹ \$ 7,629 \$ 4,126 \$ 11,755 \$ 4,667 \$ 943 3,984 2,359 6,343 5,946 396 1,284 1,192 2,476 1,041 444	Mar 29, 2025 Mar 29, 2025 Intel Products CCG DCAI Total Intel Products Intel Foundry All Other1 Cr 4,105 Cr 943 \$ 7,629 \$ 4,126 \$ 11,755 \$ 4,667 \$ 943 \$ 943 \$ 3,984 2,359 6,343 5,946 396 396 1,284 1,192 2,476 1,041 444 444	Mar 29, 2025 Intel Products CCG DCAI Total Intel Products Intel Foundry All Other1 Corporate Unallocated \$ 7,629 \$ 4,126 \$ 11,755 \$ 4,667 \$ 943 \$ 3,984 2,359 6,343 5,946 396 377 1,284 1,192 2,476 1,041 444 883	Mar 29, 2025 Mar 29, 2025 Intel Products CCG DCAI Total Intel Products Intel Foundry All Other1 Corporate Unallocated Intel Elin \$ 7,629 \$ 4,126 \$ 11,755 \$ 4,667 \$ 943 \$ \$ 3,984 2,359 6,343 5,946 396 377 \$ 1,284 1,192 2,476 1,041 444 883 \$	Mar 29, 2025 Intel Products CCG DCAI Total Intel Products Intel Foundry All Other1 Corporate Unallocated Intersegment Eliminations \$ 7,629 \$ 4,126 \$ 11,755 \$ 4,667 \$ 943 \$ \$ (4,698) 3,984 2,359 6,343 5,946 396 377 (5,067) 1,284 1,192 2,476 1,041 444 883 129	Mar 29, 2025 Intel Products CCG DCAI Total Intel Products Intel Foundry All Other ¹ Corporate Unallocated Intersegment Eliminations Corporate \$ (4,698) Intersegment Corporate \$ 7,629 \$ 4,126 \$ 11,755 \$ 4,667 \$ 943 \$ \$ (4,698) \$ \$ (4,698) \$ \$ (5,067) \$ 1,284 1,192 2,476 1,041 444 883 129

						Three Mo	onthe	s Ended				
(In Millions; Unaudited)						Mar 3	30, 2	024				
		Int	el Products									
	 CCG		DCAI	Total Intel Products	Inte	l Foundry	4	All Other ¹	Corporate Inallocated	ersegment iminations	Co	Total nsolidated
Revenue	\$ 8,273	\$	3,828	\$ 12,101	\$	4,356	\$	643	\$ _	\$ (4,376)	\$	12,724
Cost of sales	4,004		1,745	5,749		5,617		341	701	(4,901)		7,507
Operating expenses	1,447		1,666	3,113		1,180		472	1,486	35		6,286
Operating income (loss)	\$ 2,822	\$	417	\$ 3,239	\$	(2,441)	\$	(170)	\$ (2,187)	\$ 490	\$	(1,069)

¹The "All Other" category includes the results of operations from other non-reportable segments not otherwise presented, including our Altera and Mobileye businesses, our IMS business, startup businesses that support our initiatives, and historical results of operations from divested businesses.

For information about our operating segments, including the nature of segment revenues and expenses, and a reconciliation of our operating segment revenue and operating income (loss) to our consolidated results, refer to our Form 10-Q filed on April 24, 2025.

Intel Corporation Explanation of Non-GAAP Measures

In addition to disclosing financial results in accordance with US GAAP, this document references non-GAAP financial measures below. We believe these non-GAAP financial measures provide investors with useful supplemental information about our operating performance, enable comparison of financial trends and results between periods where certain items may vary independent of business performance, and allow for greater transparency with respect to key metrics used by management in operating our business and measuring our performance. These non-GAAP financial measures are used in our performance-based RSUs and our cash bonus plans.

Our non-GAAP financial measures reflect adjustments based on one or more of the following items, as well as the related effects to income taxes and net income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests effects. Income tax effects are calculated using a fixed long-term projected tax rate. For 2025 and 2024, we determined the projected non-GAAP tax rate to be 12% and 13%, respectively. We project this long-term non-GAAP tax rate on at least an annual basis using a five-year non-GAAP financial projection that excludes the income tax effects of each adjustment. The projected non-GAAP tax rate also considers factors such as our tax structure, our tax positions in various jurisdictions, and key legislation in significant jurisdictions where we operate. This long-term non-GAAP tax rate may be subject to change for a variety of reasons, including the rapidly evolving global tax environment, significant changes in our geographic earnings mix, or changes to our strategy or business operations. Management uses this non-GAAP tax rate in managing internal short- and long-term operating plans and in evaluating our performance; we believe this approach facilitates comparison of our operating results and provides useful evaluation of our current operating performance. Non-GAAP adjustments attributable to non-controlling interests are calculated by adjusting for the minority stockholder portion of non-GAAP adjustments we make for relevant acquisition-related costs, share-based compensation, restructuring and other charges, and income tax effects, as applicable to each majority-owned subsidiary.

Our non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with US GAAP, and the financial results calculated in accordance with US GAAP and reconciliations from these results should be carefully evaluated.

Non-GAAP adjustment or measure	Definition	Usefulness to management and investors
adjustments	consists of amortization of intangible assets such as developed technology, brands, and customer relationships acquired in connection with business combinations. Charges related to the amortization of these intangibles are recorded within both cost of sales and MG&A in our US GAAP financial statements. Amortization charges are recorded over the estimated useful life of the related	We exclude amortization charges for our acquisition- related intangible assets for purposes of calculating certain non-GAAP measures because these charges are inconsistent in size and are significantly impacted by the timing and valuation of our acquisitions. These adjustments facilitate a useful evaluation of our current operating performance and comparison to our past operating performance and provide investors with additional means to evaluate cost and expense trends.
Share-based compensation	Share-based compensation consists of charges related to our employee equity incentive plans.	We exclude charges related to share-based compensation for purposes of calculating certain non- GAAP measures because we believe these adjustments provide comparability to peer company results and because these charges are not viewed by management as part of our core operating performance. We believe these adjustments provide investors with a useful view, through the eyes of management, of our core business model, how management currently evaluates core operational performance, and additional means to evaluate expense trends, including in comparison to other peer companies.

Non-GAAP adjustment or measure	Definition	Usefulness to management and investors
Restructuring and other charges	Restructuring charges are costs associated with restructuring plans and are primarily related to employee severance and benefit arrangements. Q1 2025 mainly includes charges associated with the 2024 Restructuring Plan. Q1 2024 charges primarily related to other restructuring actions. Other charges include periodic goodwill and asset impairments, and other costs associated with certain non-core activities.	We exclude restructuring and other charges, including any adjustments to charges recorded in prior periods, for purposes of calculating certain non-GAAP measures because these costs do not reflect our core operating performance. These adjustments facilitate a useful evaluation of our core operating performance and comparisons to past operating results and provide investors with additional means to evaluate expense trends.
(Gains) losses on equity investments, net	(Gains) losses on equity investments, net consists of ongoing mark-to-market adjustments on marketable equity securities, observable price adjustments on non-marketable equity securities, related impairment charges, and the gains (losses) from the sale of equity investments and other.	We exclude these non-operating gains and losses for purposes of calculating certain non-GAAP measures to provide comparability between periods. The exclusion reflects how management evaluates the core operations of the business.
(Gains) losses from divestiture	(Gains) losses are recognized at the close of a divestiture, or over a specified deferral period when deferred consideration is received at the time of closing. In connection with the sale of our NAND memory business in 2021, a portion of the initial closing consideration was deferred and recognized between first and second closing. In addition, Q1 2025 losses reflect the consideration received at the receivable recorded at first closing due to a final negotiated settlement between Intel and SK hynix at second closing.	We exclude gains or losses resulting from divestitures for purposes of calculating certain non-GAAP measures because they do not reflect our current operating performance. These adjustments facilitate a useful evaluation of our current operating performance and comparisons to past operating results.
Adjusted free cash flow	We reference a non-GAAP financial measure of adjusted free cash flow, which is used by management when assessing our sources of liquidity, capital resources, and quality of earnings. Adjusted free cash flow is operating cash flow adjusted for (1) additions to property, plant, and equipment, net of proceeds from capital-related government incentives and net partner contributions, and (2) payments on finance leases.	This non-GAAP financial measure is helpful in understanding our capital requirements and sources of liquidity by providing an additional means to evaluate the cash flow trends of our business.
Net capital spending	We reference a non-GAAP financial measure of net capital spending, which is additions to property, plant, and equipment, net of proceeds from capital- related government incentives and net partner contributions.	We believe this measure provides investors with useful supplemental information about our capital investment activities and capital offsets, and allows for greater transparency with respect to a key metric used by management in operating our business and measuring our performance.

Intel Corporation Supplemental Reconciliations of GAAP Actuals to Non-GAAP Actuals

Set forth below are reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable US GAAP financial measure. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with US GAAP, and the reconciliations from US GAAP to Non-GAAP actuals should be carefully evaluated. Please refer to "Explanation of Non-GAAP Measures" in this document for a detailed explanation of the adjustments made to the comparable US GAAP measures, the ways management uses the non-GAAP measures, and the reasons why management believes the non-GAAP measures provide useful information for investors.

		Three Months Ended		
(In Millions, Except Per Share Amounts; Unaudited)	Ma	r 29, 2025	Mar 30, 2024	
GAAP gross margin	\$	4,672	\$	5,217
Acquisition-related adjustments		114		224
Share-based compensation		175		298
Non-GAAP gross margin	\$	4,961	\$	5,739
GAAP gross margin percentage		36.9 %		41.0 %
Acquisition-related adjustments		0.9 %		1.8 %
Share-based compensation		1.4 %		2.3 %
Non-GAAP gross margin percentage		39.2 %		45.1 %
GAAP R&D and MG&A	\$	4,817	\$	5,938
Acquisition-related adjustments		(37)		(41)
Share-based compensation		(509)		(881)
Non-GAAP R&D and MG&A	\$	4,271	\$	5,016
GAAP operating income (loss)	\$	(301)	\$	(1,069)
Acquisition-related adjustments		151		265
Share-based compensation		684		1,179
Restructuring and other charges		156		348
Non-GAAP operating income (loss)	\$	690	\$	723
GAAP operating margin (loss)		(2.4)%		(8.4)%
Acquisition-related adjustments		1.2 %		2.1 %
Share-based compensation		5.4 %		9.3 %
Restructuring and other charges		1.2 %		2.7 %
Non-GAAP operating margin (loss)		5.4 %		5.7 %
GAAP tax rate		(51.4)%		39.2 %
Income tax effects		63.4 %		(26.2)%
Non-GAAP tax rate		12.0 %		13.0 %
GAAP net income (loss) attributable to Intel	\$	(821)	\$	(381)
Acquisition-related adjustments		151		265
Share-based compensation		684		1,179
Restructuring and other charges		156		348
(Gains) losses on equity investments, net		112		(205)
(Gains) losses from divestiture		94		(39)
Adjustments attributable to non-controlling interest		(24)		(18)
Income tax effects		228		(390)
Non-GAAP net income (loss) attributable to Intel	\$	580	\$	759

	Three Months Ended				
(In Millions, Except Per Share Amounts; Unaudited)	=	Mar 29, 2025		Mar 30, 2024	
GAAP earnings (loss) per share attributable to Intel-diluted	\$	(0.19)	\$	(0.09)	
Acquisition-related adjustments		0.03		0.06	
Share-based compensation		0.16		0.28	
Restructuring and other charges		0.04		0.08	
(Gains) losses on equity investments, net		0.03		(0.05)	
(Gains) losses from divestiture		0.02		(0.01)	
Adjustments attributable to non-controlling interest		(0.01)		_	
Income tax effects		0.05		(0.09)	
Non-GAAP earnings (loss) per share attributable to Intel—diluted	\$	0.13	\$	0.18	
GAAP net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	813	\$	(1,223)	
Additions to property, plant, and equipment (gross capital expenditures)		(6,203)		(5,970)	
Proceeds from capital-related government incentives		819		592	
Partner contributions, net		897		423	
Net purchase of property, plant, and equipment (net capital expenditures)	—	(4,487)		(4,955)	
Payments on finance leases		(6)		_	
Adjusted free cash flow	\$	(3,680)	\$	(6,178)	
GAAP net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	81	\$	(2,563)	
GAAP net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	\$	(196)	\$	3,630	

Intel Corporation Supplemental Reconciliations of GAAP Outlook to Non-GAAP Outlook

Set forth below are reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable US GAAP financial measure. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with US GAAP, and the financial outlook prepared in accordance with US GAAP and the reconciliations from this Business Outlook should be carefully evaluated. Please refer to "Explanation of Non-GAAP Measures" in this document for a detailed explanation of the adjustments made to the comparable US GAAP measures, the ways management uses the non-GAAP measures, and the reasons why management believes the non-GAAP measures provide useful information for investors.

(Unaudited)	Q2 2025 Outlook ¹	
	Appr	oximately
GAAP gross margin percentage		34.3 %
Acquisition-related adjustments		0.9 %
Share-based compensation		1.3 %
Non-GAAP gross margin percentage		36.5 %
GAAP tax rate		(51)%
Income tax effects		63 %
Non-GAAP tax rate		12 %
GAAP earnings (loss) per share attributable to Intel—diluted	\$	(0.32)
Acquisition-related adjustments		0.03
Share-based compensation		0.16
Restructuring and other charges		0.01
Adjustments attributable to non-controlling interest		(0.01)
Income tax effects		0.13
Non-GAAP earnings (loss) per share attributable to Intel-diluted	\$	0.00

¹ Non-GAAP gross margin percentage and non-GAAP earnings (loss) per share attributable to Intel outlook based on the mid-point of the revenue range.

Intel Corporation Supplemental Reconciliations of Other GAAP to Non-GAAP Forward-Looking Estimates

Set forth below are reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable US GAAP financial measure. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with US GAAP, and the reconciliations should be carefully evaluated. Please refer to "Explanation of Non-GAAP Measures" in this document for a detailed explanation of the adjustments made to the comparable US GAAP measures, the ways management uses the non-GAAP measures, and the reasons why management believes the non-GAAP measures provide useful information for investors.

(In Billions; Unaudited)	Full-Year 2025 Approximately		Full-Year 2026 Approximately	
GAAP additions to property, plant and equipment (gross capital expenditures)	\$	18.0		
Proceeds from capital-related government incentives		(3.0 - 5.0)		
Partner contributions, net		(4.0 - 5.0)		
Non-GAAP net capital expenditures		\$8.0 - \$11.0		
GAAP R&D and MG&A	\$	19.9	\$	19.0
Acquisition-related adjustments		(0.1)		(0.1)
Share-based compensation		(2.8)		(2.9)
Non-GAAP R&D and MG&A	\$	17.0	\$	16.0

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