UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One)

☐ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended April 1, 2006.

or

☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from __________ to __________

Commission file number 000-06217

INTEL CORPORATION
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

94-1672743
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

2200 Mission College Boulevard, Santa Clara, California
(Address of principal executive offices)

95054-1549
(Zip Code)

(408) 765-8080
(Registrant’s telephone number, including area code)

N/A
(Former name, former address, and former fiscal year, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ☑ No ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, or a non-accelerated filer. See definition of “accelerated filer and large accelerated filer” in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act. (Check one):

Large accelerated filer ☑ Accelerated filer ☐ Non-accelerated filer ☐

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes ☐ No ☑

Shares outstanding of the Registrant’s common stock:

Class Outstanding at April 28, 2006
Common stock, $0.001 par value 5,817 million
# PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

## ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### INTEL CORPORATION

**CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (Unaudited)**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(In Millions, Except Per Share Amounts)</th>
<th>Three Months Ended</th>
<th>April 1, 2006</th>
<th>April 2, 2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net revenue</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ 8,940</td>
<td>$ 9,434</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cost of sales</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>3,997</td>
<td>3,836</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gross margin</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>4,943</td>
<td>5,598</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Research and development</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,562</td>
<td>1,266</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Marketing, general and administrative</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,644</td>
<td>1,262</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles and costs</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>19</td>
<td>38</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating expenses</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>3,225</td>
<td>2,566</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating income</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,718</td>
<td>3,032</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gains on equity securities, net</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Interest and other, net</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>154</td>
<td>115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Income before taxes</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>1,874</td>
<td>3,151</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Provision for taxes</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>517</td>
<td>973</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net income</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ 1,357</td>
<td>$ 2,178</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Basic earnings per common share</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ 0.23</td>
<td>$ 0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diluted earnings per common share</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ 0.23</td>
<td>$ 0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash dividends declared per common share</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>$ 0.20</td>
<td>$ 0.16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weighted average common shares outstanding</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>5,854</td>
<td>6,211</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Weighted average common shares outstanding, assuming dilution</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td>5,954</td>
<td>6,273</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*See accompanying notes.*
## INTEL CORPORATION

**CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (Unaudited)**

### (In Millions)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>April 1, 2006</th>
<th>December 31, 2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Assets</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current assets:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash and cash equivalents</td>
<td>$3,948</td>
<td>$7,324</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Short-term investments</td>
<td>3,906</td>
<td>3,990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trading assets</td>
<td>1,265</td>
<td>1,458</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inventories</td>
<td>3,912</td>
<td>3,914</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred tax assets</td>
<td>1,032</td>
<td>1,149</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other current assets</td>
<td>397</td>
<td>233</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total current assets</strong></td>
<td><strong>18,027</strong></td>
<td><strong>21,194</strong></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Property, plant and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation of $27,786 ($27,021 at December 31, 2005)</td>
<td>17,618</td>
<td>17,111</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marketable strategic equity securities</td>
<td>588</td>
<td>537</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other long-term investments</td>
<td>3,927</td>
<td>4,135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goodwill</td>
<td>3,873</td>
<td>3,873</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other long-term assets</td>
<td>3,161</td>
<td>1,464</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total assets</strong></td>
<td>$47,194</td>
<td>$48,314</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

|                        |              |                  |
| **Liabilities and stockholders’ equity** |              |                  |
| Current liabilities:   |              |                  |
| Short-term debt        | $224         | $313             |
| Accounts payable       | 2,411        | 2,249            |
| Accrued compensation and benefits | 1,183 | 2,110 |
| Accrued advertising    | 1,133        | 1,160            |
| Deferred income on shipments to distributors | 669 | 632 |
| Other accrued liabilities | 2,369 | 810 |
| Income taxes payable   | 1,854        | 1,960            |
| **Total current liabilities** | **9,843** | **9,234**       |
| Long-term debt         | 2,040        | 2,106            |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 607   | 703              |
| Other long-term liabilities | 346 | 89              |
| **Contingencies**      |              |                  |
| Stockholders’ equity:  |              |                  |
| Preferred stock        |              |                  |
| Common stock and capital in excess of par value, 5,808 shares issued and outstanding (5,919 at December 31, 2005) | 6,662 | 6,245 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income | 165 | 127 |
| Retained earnings      | 27,531       | 29,810           |
| **Total stockholders’ equity** | **34,358** | **36,182**     |
| **Total liabilities and stockholders’ equity** | **$47,194** | **$48,314** |

See accompanying notes.
INTEL CORPORATION
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Unaudited)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(In Millions)</th>
<th>Three Months Ended</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>April 1, 2006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of period</strong></td>
<td>$7,324</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash flows provided by (used for) operating activities:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net income</td>
<td>1,357</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Depreciation</td>
<td>1,139</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share-based compensation</td>
<td>374</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excess tax benefit from share-based payment arrangements</td>
<td>(61)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortization of intangibles and other acquisition-related costs</td>
<td>75</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gains on equity securities, net</td>
<td>(2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net loss on retirements and impairments of property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deferred taxes</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Tax benefit from employee equity incentive plans</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Changes in assets and liabilities:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Trading assets</td>
<td>193</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts receivable</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inventories</td>
<td>(359)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accounts payable</td>
<td>162</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accrued compensation and benefits</td>
<td>(927)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income taxes payable</td>
<td>(43)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other assets and liabilities</td>
<td>146</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total adjustments</td>
<td>739</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net cash provided by operating activities</strong></td>
<td>$2,096</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash flows provided by (used for) investing activities:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Additions to property, plant and equipment</td>
<td>(1,758)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchases of available-for-sale investments</td>
<td>(2,093)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maturities and sales of available-for-sale investments</td>
<td>2,324</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investment in IM Flash Technologies, LLC</td>
<td>(500)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other investing activities</td>
<td>(270)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net cash used for investing activities</strong></td>
<td>(2,297)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash flows provided by (used for) financing activities:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Increase (decrease) in short-term debt, net</td>
<td>(84)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Excess tax benefit from share-based payment arrangements</td>
<td>61</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Proceeds from sales of shares through employee equity incentive plans</td>
<td>376</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Repurchase and retirement of common stock</td>
<td>(2,943)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Payment of dividends to stockholders</td>
<td>(585)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net cash used for financing activities</strong></td>
<td>(3,175)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents</strong></td>
<td>(3,376)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cash and cash equivalents, end of period</strong></td>
<td>$3,948</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Supplemental disclosures of cash flow information:</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cash paid during the period for:</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest, net of capitalized interest</td>
<td>$5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income taxes, net of refunds</td>
<td>$558</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

See accompanying notes.
Note 1: Basis of Presentation

Intel Corporation has a 52- or 53-week fiscal year that ends on the last Saturday in December. Fiscal year 2006 is a 52-week fiscal year, and the first quarter of 2006 was a 13-week quarter. Fiscal year 2005 was a 53-week fiscal year, and the first quarter of 2005 was a 14-week quarter.

The accompanying interim consolidated condensed financial statements of Intel have been prepared in conformity with United States (U.S.) generally accepted accounting principles, consistent in all material respects with those applied in the company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005, except for the adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123 (revised 2004), “Share-Based Payment,” as noted in “Note 3: Employee Equity Incentive Plans.” The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. The accounting estimates that require management’s most significant, difficult and subjective judgments include the valuation of non-marketable equity securities; the recognition and measurement of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities; the assessment of recoverability of long-lived assets; the valuation of inventory; and the valuation and recognition of share-based compensation. The actual results experienced by the company may differ from management’s estimates.

The interim financial information is unaudited, but reflects all normal adjustments that are, in the opinion of management, necessary to provide a fair statement of results for the interim periods presented. The interim financial statements should be read in connection with the financial statements in the company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005.

Note 2: Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In February 2006, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued SFAS No. 155, “Accounting for Certain Hybrid Financial Instruments,” an amendment of FASB Statements No. 133 and 140. SFAS No. 155 will be effective for the company beginning in the first quarter of 2007. The statement permits interests in hybrid financial instruments that contain an embedded derivative, that would otherwise require bifurcation, to be accounted for as a single financial instrument at fair value, with changes in fair value recognized in earnings. This election is permitted on an instrument-by-instrument basis for all hybrid financial instruments held, obtained, or issued as of the adoption date. The company is assessing the impact of the statement.

Note 3: Employee Equity Incentive Plans

Effective January 1, 2006, the company adopted the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R). SFAS No. 123(R) requires employee stock options and rights to purchase shares under stock participation plans to be accounted for under the fair value method and requires the use of an option pricing model for estimating fair value. Accordingly, share-based compensation is measured at grant date, based on the fair value of the award. The company previously accounted for awards granted under its equity incentive plans under the intrinsic value method prescribed by Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, “Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees,” and related interpretations, and provided the required pro forma disclosures prescribed by SFAS No. 123, “Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation,” as amended. The exercise price of options is equal to the market price of Intel common stock (defined as the average of the high and low trading prices reported by The NASDAQ Stock Market*) on the date of grant. Accordingly, no share-based compensation, other than acquisition-related compensation, was recognized in the financial statements prior to 2006.
Under the modified prospective method of adoption for SFAS No. 123(R), the compensation cost recognized by the company beginning in 2006 includes (a) compensation cost for all equity incentive awards granted prior to, but not yet vested as of January 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the original provisions of SFAS No. 123, and (b) compensation cost for all equity incentive awards granted subsequent to January 1, 2006, based on the grant-date fair value estimated in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R). The company uses the straight-line attribution method to recognize share-based compensation costs over the service period of the award. Upon exercise, cancellation, or expiration of stock options, deferred tax assets for options with multiple vesting dates are eliminated for each vesting period on a first-in, first-out basis as if each vesting period was a separate award. To calculate the excess tax benefits available for use in offsetting future tax shortfalls as of the date of implementation, the company followed the alternative transition method discussed in FASB Staff Position No. 123(R)-3.

Options currently granted by the company generally expire seven years from the grant date. Options granted prior to the third quarter of 2004 under the company’s previous equity incentive plans generally expire 10 years from the grant date. Options granted to existing and newly hired employees generally vest over a four-year period from the date of grant. Certain grants to key officers and senior level employees have delayed vesting, generally beginning six years from the date of grant. Intel may also assume the equity incentive plans and the outstanding equity awards of certain acquired companies. Once assumed, Intel does not grant additional stock under these plans. The company may use other types of equity incentive awards, such as restricted stock, restricted stock units and stock appreciation rights. The company’s equity incentive plan also allows for performance-based vesting for equity incentive awards.

Stock-based compensation recognized in 2006 as a result of the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) as well as pro forma disclosures according to the original provisions of SFAS No. 123 for periods prior to the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R) use the Black-Scholes option pricing model for estimating fair value of options granted under the company’s equity incentive plans and rights to acquire stock granted under the company’s equity incentive plans and rights to acquire stock granted under the company’s stock participation plan.

The following table summarizes the effects of share-based compensation resulting from the application of SFAS No. 123(R) to options granted under the company’s equity incentive plans and rights to acquire stock granted under the company’s stock participation plan:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(In Millions Except Per Share Amounts)</th>
<th>Three Months Ended</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>April 1, 2006</td>
<td>April 2, 2005</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost of sales</td>
<td>$86</td>
<td>$—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research and development</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marketing, general and administrative</td>
<td>153</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share-based compensation effect in income before taxes</td>
<td>374</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income taxes</td>
<td>(110)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net share-based compensation effects in net income</td>
<td>$264</td>
<td>$—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share-based compensation effects on basic earnings per common share</td>
<td>$0.05</td>
<td>$—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share-based compensation effects on diluted earnings per common share</td>
<td>$0.04</td>
<td>$—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share-based compensation effects on cash flow from operations</td>
<td>$ (61)</td>
<td>$—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share-based compensation effects on cash flow from financing activities</td>
<td>$61</td>
<td>$—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
In accordance with SFAS No. 123(R), the company adjusts share-based compensation on a quarterly basis for changes to the estimate of expected equity award forfeitures based on actual forfeiture experience. The effect of adjusting the forfeiture rate for all expense amortization after January 1, 2006 is recognized in the period the forfeiture estimate is changed. The effect of forfeiture adjustments in the first quarter of 2006 was insignificant.

The total share-based compensation cost capitalized as part of inventory as of April 1, 2006 was $82 million. The amount that the company would have capitalized to inventory as of December 31, 2005, if it had applied the provisions of SFAS 123(R) retrospectively, was $66 million. Under the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), $66 million has been recorded as a credit to common stock and capital in excess of par value. During the first quarter of 2006, the tax benefit realized for the tax deduction from option exercises and other awards totaled $64 million. As of April 1, 2006, there was $1.8 billion of total unrecognized compensation costs related to stock options granted under the company’s equity incentive plans. The unrecognized compensation cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.1 years.

Pro forma information required under SFAS No. 123 for periods prior to fiscal 2006 as if the company had applied the fair value recognition provisions of SFAS No. 123, to options granted under the company’s equity incentive plans and rights to acquire stock granted under the company’s stock participation plan, was as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Three Months Ended April 1, 2006</th>
<th>(In Millions Except Per Share Amounts)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net income, as reported</td>
<td>$ 2,178</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less: total share-based employee compensation determined under the fair value method for all awards, net of tax</td>
<td>$ 333</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pro forma net income</td>
<td>$ 1,845</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reported basic earnings per common share</td>
<td>$ 0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pro forma basic earnings per common share</td>
<td>$ 0.30</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Reported diluted earnings per common share</td>
<td>$ 0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pro forma diluted earnings per common share</td>
<td>$ 0.29</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The weighted average estimated values of employee stock option grants and rights granted under the stock participation plan, as well as the weighted average assumptions that were used in calculating such values during the first quarter of 2006 and 2005, were based on estimates at the date of grant as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Stock Options</th>
<th>Stock Purchase Plan</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Three Months Ended</td>
<td>Three Months Ended</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 1, 2006</td>
<td>April 1, 2006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 2, 2005</td>
<td>April 2, 2005</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| Assumptions used in the calculation of pro forma net income.
Expected volatility is based on implied volatility, as management determined that implied volatility is more reflective of market conditions and a better indicator of expected volatility than historical volatility. The expected life of options granted is based on the simplified calculation of expected life, described in the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission’s Staff Accounting Bulletin 107 due to changes in the vesting terms and contractual life of current option grants compared to the company’s historical grants. The expected life for options granted in the first quarter of 2005 included the impact of options with extended vesting periods granted to key officers and other senior level employees.

Options outstanding that have vested and are expected to vest as of April 1, 2006 are as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(Shares and Intrinsic Value in Millions)</th>
<th>Number of Shares</th>
<th>Weighted Average Exercise Price</th>
<th>Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term</th>
<th>Aggregate Intrinsic Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Vested</td>
<td>457.9</td>
<td>$29.74</td>
<td>4.3</td>
<td>$319</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expected to vest</td>
<td>400.5</td>
<td>$23.96</td>
<td>6.4</td>
<td>$76</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>858.4</td>
<td>$27.04</td>
<td>5.3</td>
<td>$395</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 These amounts represent the difference between the exercise price and $19.46, the closing price of Intel stock on March 31, 2006 as reported on The NASDAQ Stock Market*, for all in-the-money options outstanding.

Options outstanding that are expected to vest are net of estimated future option forfeitures in accordance with the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), which are estimated when compensation costs are recognized. Options with a fair value of $62 million completed vesting during the first quarter of 2006.

Additional information with respect to stock option activity is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(Shares in Millions)</th>
<th>Shares Available for Grant</th>
<th>Number of Shares</th>
<th>Weighted Average Exercise Price</th>
<th>Aggregate Intrinsic Value1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>December 31, 2005</td>
<td>237.0</td>
<td>899.9</td>
<td>$26.71</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants</td>
<td>(5.8)</td>
<td>5.8</td>
<td>$22.63</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Exercises</td>
<td></td>
<td>(13.9)</td>
<td>$9.57</td>
<td>166</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cancellations</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.7</td>
<td>(6.9)</td>
<td>28.09</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 1, 2006</td>
<td></td>
<td>232.9</td>
<td>884.9</td>
<td>$26.94</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Options exercisable at:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Number of Shares</th>
<th>Weighted Average Exercise Price</th>
<th>Aggregate Intrinsic Value1</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>December 31, 2005</td>
<td>469.2</td>
<td>$29.16</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>April 1, 2006</td>
<td>457.9</td>
<td>$29.74</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Represents the difference between the exercise price and the value of Intel stock at the time of exercise.

The company is presently proposing a new equity incentive plan for stockholder vote at its May 2006 Annual Stockholders’ Meeting. If approved by the stockholders, this new equity incentive plan would replace the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan, which would be terminated early.
Under the 1976 Stock Participation Plan, 34.1 million shares remained available for issuance at April 1, 2006 out of 944 million shares authorized. Employees purchased 13.8 million shares for $245 million in the first quarter of 2006 (10.4 million shares for $211 million in the first quarter of 2005). The next scheduled purchase under the stock participation plan is in the third quarter of 2006. The company is presently proposing a new stock purchase plan for stockholder vote at its May 2006 Annual Stockholders’ Meeting. If approved by the stockholders, this new stock purchase plan would replace the 1976 Stock Participation Plan when it expires in August 2006.

Note 4: Earnings Per Share
The computation of the company’s basic and diluted earnings per common share is as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Three Months Ended</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>April 1, 2006</td>
<td>April 2,</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$1,357</td>
<td>2005</td>
<td>$2,178</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net income</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighted average common shares</td>
<td>5,854</td>
<td>6,211</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>outstanding</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dilutive effect of employee</td>
<td>49</td>
<td>62</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>equity incentive plans</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dilutive effect of convertible</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>—</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>debt</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Weighted average common shares</td>
<td>5,954</td>
<td>6,273</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>outstanding, assuming dilution</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Basic earnings per common share</td>
<td>$0.23</td>
<td>$0.35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Diluted earnings per common</td>
<td>$0.23</td>
<td>$0.35</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>share</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Basic earnings per common share is computed using net income and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per common share is computed using net income and the weighted average number of common shares outstanding, assuming dilution. Weighted average common shares outstanding, assuming dilution includes potentially dilutive common shares outstanding during the period. Potentially dilutive common shares include the assumed exercise of stock options and assumed issuance of stock under the stock participation plan using the treasury stock method, as well as the assumed conversion of debt using the if-converted method.

For the first quarter of 2006, 579 million of the company’s outstanding stock options were excluded from the calculation of diluted earnings per common share because the exercise prices of these stock options were greater than or equal to the average market value of the common shares (481 million for the first quarter of 2005). These options could be dilutive in the future if the average market value of the common shares increases and is greater than the exercise price of these options.

Note 5: Common Stock Repurchase Program
During the first quarter of 2006, the company repurchased 138.5 million shares of common stock at a cost of $2.9 billion (107.9 million shares at a cost of $2.5 billion during the first quarter of 2005). Since the repurchase program began in 1990, the company has repurchased and retired 2.7 billion shares at a cost of approximately $55 billion. As of April 1, 2006, $18.9 billion remained available for repurchase under the existing repurchase authorization.
INTEL CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — Unaudited (continued)

Note 6: Trading Assets
Trading assets at fair value at the end of each period were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(In Millions)</th>
<th>April 1, 2006</th>
<th>December 31, 2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Debt instruments</td>
<td>$ 887</td>
<td>$ 1,095</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Equity securities offsetting deferred compensation</td>
<td>378</td>
<td>363</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 1,265</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 1,458</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 7: Inventories
Inventories at the end of each period were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(In Millions)</th>
<th>April 1, 2006</th>
<th>December 31, 2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Raw materials</td>
<td>$ 416</td>
<td>$ 409</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Work in process</td>
<td>1,944</td>
<td>1,662</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finished goods</td>
<td>1,207</td>
<td>1,055</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 3,567</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 3,126</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 8: Gains on Equity Securities, Net
Net gains on investments in equity securities and certain equity derivatives were $2 million for the first quarter of 2006 ($4 million for the first quarter of 2005). Included in these amounts were impairments of non-marketable equity securities of $23 million for the first quarter of 2006 ($15 million for the first quarter of 2005).

Note 9: Interest and Other, Net
Interest and other, net included:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(In Millions)</th>
<th>Three Months Ended</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>April 1, 2006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest income</td>
<td>$ 168</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest expense</td>
<td>(7)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other, net</td>
<td>(7)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 154</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
INTEL CORPORATION
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — Unaudited (continued)

Note 10: Borrowings
In December 2005, the company issued $1.6 billion of 2.95% junior subordinated convertible debentures (the debentures) due 2035. The debentures are initially convertible, subject to certain conditions, into shares of the company’s common stock at a conversion rate of 31.7162 shares of common stock per $1,000 principal amount of debentures, representing an initial effective conversion price of approximately $31.53 per share of common stock. Holders may surrender the debentures for conversion at any time. The conversion rate will be subject to adjustment for certain events outlined in the indenture governing the debentures, but will not be adjusted for accrued interest. In addition, the conversion rate will increase for a holder who elects to convert the debentures in connection with certain share exchanges, mergers or consolidations involving Intel as described in the indenture governing the debentures. The debentures, which pay a fixed rate of interest semiannually beginning on June 15, 2006, have a contingent interest component that will require the company to pay interest based on certain thresholds and for certain events commencing on December 15, 2010, as outlined in the indenture governing the debentures. The maximum amount of contingent interest that will accrue is 0.40% per year and the fair value of the related embedded derivative was not significant at April 1, 2006 and December 31, 2005. The company may settle any conversions of the debentures in cash or in shares of the company’s common stock at the company’s option. On or after December 15, 2012, the company may redeem all or part of the debentures for the principal amount plus any accrued and unpaid interest if the closing price of the company’s common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price then in effect for at least 20 trading days during any 30 consecutive trading-day period prior to the date on which the company provides notice of redemption. If certain events occur in the future, the indenture provides that each holder of the debentures may, for a pre-defined period of time, require the company to repurchase the holder’s debentures for the principal amount plus any accrued and unpaid interest. The company may pay the repurchase price in cash or in shares of the company’s common stock. In addition, on or prior to June 12, 2006, the company may redeem all or part of the debentures for cash at a premium if certain U.S. federal tax legislation, regulations or rules are enacted or are issued. The debentures are subordinated in right of payment to the company’s existing and future senior debt and to the other liabilities of the company’s subsidiaries. The company concluded that the debentures are not conventional convertible debt instruments. In addition, the company has concluded that the embedded conversion option qualifies as a derivative under SFAS No. 133, “Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities”. Furthermore, in accordance with EITF 00-19, “Accounting for Derivative Financial Instruments Indexed to, and Potentially Settled in, a Company’s Own Stock”, the company has concluded that the embedded conversion option would be classified in stockholders’ equity if it were a freestanding instrument. As such, the embedded conversion option is not accounted for separately as a derivative.

The company has Euro borrowings, which were made in connection with the financing of manufacturing facilities and equipment in Ireland. The company has invested the proceeds in Euro-denominated loan participation notes of similar maturity to hedge currency and interest rate exposures. During the first quarter of 2006, the company retired approximately $70 million of the Euro borrowings ($230 million for the first quarter of 2005) prior to their maturity dates through the simultaneous settlement of an equivalent amount of investments in loan participation notes.

Note 11: Identified Intangible Assets
Identified intangible assets are classified within other assets on the balance sheet and consisted of the following as of April 1, 2006:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(In Millions)</th>
<th>Gross Assets</th>
<th>Accumulated Amortization</th>
<th>Net</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intellectual property assets</td>
<td>$1,185</td>
<td>$ (403)</td>
<td>$ 782</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acquisition-related developed technology</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>(287)</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other intangible assets</td>
<td>372</td>
<td>(53)</td>
<td>319</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total identified intangible assets</td>
<td>$1,857</td>
<td>($743)</td>
<td>$ 1,114</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

11
Identified intangible assets as of December 31, 2005 consisted of the following:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(In Millions)</th>
<th>Gross Assets</th>
<th>Accumulated Amortization</th>
<th>Net</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intellectual property assets</td>
<td>$ 976</td>
<td>$ (382)</td>
<td>$ 594</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acquisition-related developed technology</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>(275)</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other intangible assets</td>
<td>112</td>
<td>(77)</td>
<td>35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total identified intangible assets</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 1,388</strong></td>
<td><strong>(734)</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 654</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

During the first quarter of 2006, the company acquired intellectual property assets for $234 million with a weighted average life of 5 years. During the first quarter of 2006, there were $300 million in additions to other intangible assets with a weighted average life of 4 years.

All of the company’s identified intangible assets are subject to amortization. Amortization of intellectual property assets was $46 million for the first quarter of 2006 ($29 million for the first quarter of 2005). The amortization of an intellectual property asset is generally included in either cost of sales or research and development. Amortization of acquisition-related developed technology was $12 million for the first quarter of 2006 ($27 million for the first quarter of 2005) and is included in amortization of acquisition-related intangibles and costs. Amortization of other intangible assets was $16 million for the first quarter of 2006 ($8 million for the first quarter of 2005). The amortization of other intangible assets is recorded as either amortization of acquisition-related intangibles and costs or as a reduction of revenue.

Based on identified intangible assets recorded at April 1, 2006, and assuming no subsequent impairment of the underlying assets, the amortization expense for each period is expected to be as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(In Millions)</th>
<th>2006</th>
<th>2007</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
<th>2010</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Intellectual property assets</td>
<td>$ 129</td>
<td>$ 146</td>
<td>$ 136</td>
<td>$ 109</td>
<td>$ 96</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acquisition-related developed technology</td>
<td>$ 9</td>
<td>$ 3</td>
<td>$ 1</td>
<td>$ —</td>
<td>$ —</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other intangible assets</td>
<td>$ 44</td>
<td>$ 80</td>
<td>$ 85</td>
<td>$ 110</td>
<td>$ —</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Reflects the remaining nine months of fiscal 2006.

**Note 12: Comprehensive Income**

The components of comprehensive income, net of tax, were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(In Millions)</th>
<th>Three Months Ended</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>April 1, 2006</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net income</td>
<td>$ 1,357</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in net unrealized holding gain on available-for-sale investments</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Change in net unrealized holding gain on derivatives</td>
<td>5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total comprehensive income</strong></td>
<td><strong>$ 1,395</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The components of accumulated other comprehensive income, net of tax, were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(In Millions)</th>
<th>April 1, 2006</th>
<th>December 31, 2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated net unrealized holding gain on available-for-sale investments</td>
<td>$133</td>
<td>$100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated net unrealized holding gain on derivatives</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>37</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accumulated minimum pension liability</td>
<td>(10)</td>
<td>(10)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total accumulated other comprehensive income</strong></td>
<td><strong>$165</strong></td>
<td><strong>$127</strong></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note 13: Provision for Taxes

The effective tax rate for the first quarter of 2006 included a decrease to the tax provision driven by a higher percentage of profits in lower tax jurisdictions and an increase in non-U.S. research and development tax credits related to 2004, which was partially offset by a decrease in the tax benefit related to export sales and the impact of share-based compensation.

Note 14: Venture

During January 2006, Micron Technology, Inc. and Intel formed IM Flash Technologies, LLC (IMFT), a company that manufactures NAND flash memory products for Micron and Intel. Initial production from IMFT began in early 2006.

As part of the initial capital contribution to IMFT, Intel paid $500 million in cash, issued $581 million in non-interest-bearing notes, and owes an additional $115 million in cash in exchange for a 49% interest. The $581 million in non-interest-bearing notes and the $115 million owed in cash are included in other accrued liabilities and have been reflected as a non-cash item on the statement of cash flows. In exchange for a 51% interest, Micron contributed assets valued at $995 million and $250 million in cash. Intel is currently committed to purchase 49% of IMFT’s production output and production-related services. During the first quarter of 2006, the purchased products and services from IMFT and the related payable as of April 1, 2006 were not significant.

IMFT is governed by a Board of Managers, with Intel and Micron initially appointing an equal number of managers to the Board of Managers. The number of managers appointed by each party adjusts depending upon the parties’ ownership interests in IMFT. IMFT will operate until 2015, but is subject to prior termination under certain terms and conditions.

Subject to certain conditions, Intel and Micron will each contribute approximately an additional $1.4 billion over the next three years. Subject to the approval of Intel and Micron, additional capital contributions to IMFT for new fabrication facilities may be required to be made by Micron and Intel.

IMFT is a variable interest entity as defined by FASB Interpretation No. 46(R), “Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities” (FIN 46), because all positive and negative variances in IMFT’s cost structure are passed on to Intel and Micron through their purchase agreement with IMFT. Micron and Intel are considered related parties under the provisions of FIN 46, and Intel has determined that Intel is not the primary beneficiary of IMFT. Accordingly, Intel accounts for its interest in IMFT using the equity method of accounting. Intel’s proportionate share of income or losses from its investment in IMFT is recorded in interest and other, net. Intel’s maximum exposure to loss as a result of its involvement with IMFT is $1.2 billion as of April 1, 2006, which represents Intel’s investment. Intel’s investment in IMFT is classified in other assets on the balance sheet.
Concurrent with the formation of IMFT, Intel paid Micron $270 million for product designs developed by Micron as well as certain other intellectual property. Intel owns the rights with respect to all product designs and licensed the designs to Micron. Micron paid Intel $40 million to license these initial product designs and will pay additional royalties on new product designs. Intel has reflected its net investment in this technology of $230 million as an identified intangible asset. The identified intangible asset will be amortized into cost of sales over its expected five-year life. Costs incurred by Intel and Micron for product and process development related to IMFT are generally split evenly between Intel and Micron and are classified as research and development.

Additionally, Intel has entered into a long-term supply agreement with Apple Computer, Inc. to supply a significant portion of the NAND flash memory output that Intel will purchase from IMFT through December 31, 2010. In January 2006, Apple pre-paid a refundable $250 million to Intel that will be applied to purchases of NAND flash memory by Apple beginning in 2008. Intel has reflected the $250 million as other long-term liabilities on the balance sheet.

Note 15: Contingencies

Tax Matters

In connection with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service’s (IRS) regular examination of Intel’s tax returns for the years 1999 through 2002, the IRS formally assessed, in 2005, certain adjustments to the amounts reflected by Intel on those returns as a tax benefit for its export sales. The company does not agree with these adjustments and has appealed the assessments. If the IRS prevails in its position, Intel’s federal income tax due for 1999 through 2002 would increase by approximately $1.0 billion, plus interest.

In the first quarter of 2006, in connection with the IRS’s regular examination of Intel’s tax returns for the years 2003 and 2004, the IRS proposed similar adjustments related to the amounts reflected by Intel on those returns as a tax benefit for its export sales. The company also intends to dispute these adjustments. If the IRS prevails in its position, Intel’s federal income tax due for 2003 and 2004 would increase by approximately $800 million, plus interest. The IRS may make similar claims for years subsequent to 2004 in future audits, and if the IRS prevails, income tax due for 2005 would increase by approximately $400 million, plus interest.

Although the final resolution of the adjustments is uncertain, based on currently available information, management believes that the ultimate outcome will not have a material adverse effect on the company’s financial position, cash flows or overall trends in results of operations. There is the possibility of a material adverse impact on the results of operations of the period in which the matter is ultimately resolved, if it is resolved unfavorably, or in the period in which an unfavorable outcome becomes probable and reasonably estimable.

Legal Proceedings

Intel currently is a party to various legal proceedings, including those noted below. While management presently believes that the ultimate outcome of these proceedings, individually and in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on the company’s financial position, cash flows or overall trends in results of operations, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and unfavorable rulings could occur. An unfavorable ruling could include money damages or, in cases for which injunctive relief is sought, an injunction prohibiting Intel from selling one or more products. Were an unfavorable ruling to occur, there exists the possibility of a material adverse impact on the business or results of operations for the period in which the ruling occurs or future periods.
In June 2005, Advanced Micro Devices, Inc (AMD) filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware alleging that Intel and Intel’s Japanese subsidiary engaged in various actions in violation of the Sherman Act and the California Business and Professions Code, including providing secret and discriminatory discounts and rebates and intentionally interfering with prospective business advantages of AMD. AMD’s complaint seeks unspecified treble damages, punitive damages, an injunction, and attorneys’ fees and costs. Subsequently, AMD’s Japanese subsidiary also filed suits in the Tokyo High Court and the Tokyo District Court against Intel’s Japanese subsidiary, asserting violations of Japan’s Antimonopoly Law and alleging damages of approximately $55 million, plus various other costs and fees. At least 79 separate class actions, generally repeating AMD’s allegations and asserting various consumer injuries, including that consumers in various states have been injured by paying higher prices for Intel microprocessors, have been filed in the U.S. District Courts for the Northern District of California, Southern District of California and the District of Delaware, as well as in various California, Kansas and Tennessee state courts. All the federal class actions have been consolidated by the Multidistrict Litigation Panel to the District of Delaware. All California class actions have been consolidated to the Superior Court of California in Santa Clara County. Intel disputes AMD’s claims and the class-action claims, and intends to defend the lawsuits vigorously.

Intel is also subject to certain antitrust regulatory inquiries. In 2001, the European Commission commenced an investigation regarding claims by AMD that Intel used unfair business practices to persuade clients to buy Intel microprocessors. In June 2005, Intel received an inquiry from the Korea Fair Trade Commission requesting documents from Intel’s Korean subsidiary related to marketing and rebate programs that Intel entered into with Korean PC manufacturers. Intel is cooperating with these agencies in their investigations and expects that these matters will be acceptably resolved.

In June 2002, various plaintiffs filed a lawsuit in the Third Judicial Circuit Court, Madison County, Illinois, against Intel, Gateway Inc., Hewlett-Packard Company and HPDirect, Inc., alleging that the defendants’ advertisements and statements misled the public by suppressing and concealing the alleged material fact that systems containing Intel® Pentium® 4 processors are less powerful and slower than systems containing Intel® Pentium® III processors and a competitor’s microprocessors. In July 2004, the Court certified against Intel an Illinois-only class of certain end-use purchasers of certain Pentium 4 processors or computers containing such microprocessors. The Court denied the plaintiffs’ motion for reconsideration of this ruling. In January 2005, the Court granted a motion filed jointly by the plaintiffs and Intel that stayed the proceedings in the trial court pending appellate review of the Court’s class certification order. The plaintiffs seek unspecified damages and attorneys’ fees and costs. Intel disputes the plaintiffs’ claims and intends to defend the lawsuit vigorously.

Note 16: Operating Segment Information

The company’s operating segments include the Digital Enterprise Group, the Mobility Group, the Flash Memory Group, the Digital Home Group, the Digital Health Group and the Channel Platforms Group. The Digital Home Group, Digital Health Group and Channel Platforms Group operating segments are included within the “all other” category. The prior period amounts have been adjusted retrospectively to reflect reorganizations.

The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM), as defined by SFAS No. 131, “Disclosures about Segments of an Enterprise and Related Information,” is the company’s President and Chief Executive Officer (CEO), Paul S. Otellini. The CODM allocates resources to and assesses the performance of each operating segment using information about its revenue and operating income (loss) before interest and taxes.
The Digital Enterprise Group operating segment’s products include microprocessors and related chipsets and motherboards designed for the desktop (including consumer desktop) and enterprise computing market segments, communications infrastructure components such as network processors and embedded microprocessors, wired connectivity devices, and products for network and server storage. The Mobility Group operating segment’s products include microprocessors and related chipsets designed for the notebook computing market segment, wireless connectivity products, and application and cellular baseband processors used in cellular handsets and handheld computing devices. The Flash Memory Group operating segment’s products include NOR flash memory products designed for cellular phones and embedded form factors as well as NAND flash memory products manufactured by IMFT that are designed primarily for digital audio players. Revenue for the “all other” category primarily relates to microprocessors and related chipsets sold by the Digital Home Group.

In addition to these operating segments, the company has sales and marketing, manufacturing, finance and administration groups. Expenses of these groups are generally allocated to the operating segments and are included in the operating results reported below. In addition to the operating results for the Digital Home Group, Digital Health Group and Channel Platforms Group operating segments, the “all other” category includes certain corporate-level operating expenses, including a portion of profit-dependent bonus and other expenses not allocated to the operating segments. “All other” also includes the results of operations of seed businesses that support the company’s initiatives. Additionally, “all other” includes acquisition-related costs, including amortization and any impairments of acquisition-related intangibles and goodwill, and charges for purchased in-process research and development. Finally, for the first quarter of 2006, “all other” includes share-based compensation charges resulting from the adoption of SFAS No. 123(R).

Segment information is summarized as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Three Months Ended</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>April 1, 2006</td>
<td>April 2, 2005</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net revenue</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Digital Enterprise Group</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microprocessor revenue</td>
<td>$3,892</td>
<td>$4,944</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chipset, motherboard and other revenue</td>
<td>$1,255</td>
<td>$1,417</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>5,147</strong></td>
<td><strong>6,361</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mobility Group</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Microprocessor revenue</td>
<td>$2,347</td>
<td>$1,917</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chipset, motherboard and other revenue</td>
<td>$632</td>
<td>$517</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>2,979</strong></td>
<td><strong>2,434</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flash Memory Group</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>544</strong></td>
<td><strong>578</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>All other</strong></td>
<td><strong>270</strong></td>
<td><strong>61</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total net revenue</td>
<td><strong>$8,940</strong></td>
<td><strong>$9,434</strong></td>
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<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Operating income (loss)</th>
<th>Three Months Ended</th>
<th></th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Digital Enterprise Group</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>$1,375</td>
<td>$2,383</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Mobility Group</strong></td>
<td>1,155</td>
<td>1,131</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Flash Memory Group</strong></td>
<td>(104)</td>
<td>(32)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>All other</strong></td>
<td>(708)</td>
<td>(450)</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total operating income</td>
<td><strong>$1,718</strong></td>
<td><strong>$3,032</strong></td>
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ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

We begin Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations (MD&A) with Intel’s overall strategy and the strategy for our major operating segments to give the reader an overview of the goals of our business and the direction in which our business and products are moving. The Strategy section is followed by a discussion of the Critical Accounting Estimates that we believe are important to understanding the assumptions and judgments incorporated in our reported financial results. We then discuss our Results of Operations, beginning with an “Overview.” Following the analysis of our results, we provide an analysis of changes in our balance sheet and cash flows, and discuss our financial commitments in the section entitled “Financial Condition.” We then conclude this MD&A with our Business Outlook section, discussing our outlook for 2006 and the second quarter of 2006.

The various sections of this MD&A contain a number of forward-looking statements, all of which are based on our current expectations and could be affected by the uncertainties and risk factors described throughout this filing and particularly in the “Business Outlook” section (also see Item 1A “Risk Factors” in Part II of this Form 10-Q). Our actual results may differ materially, and these forward-looking statements do not reflect the potential impact of any divestitures, mergers, acquisitions or other business combinations that had not been completed as of May 3, 2006.

In addition to disclosing financial results calculated in accordance with United States (U.S.) generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the company’s Results of Operations and Business Outlook contains non-GAAP financial measures that exclude the effects of share-based compensation and the requirements of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 123 (revised 2004), “Share-Based Payment” (“SFAS No. 123(R)”). The non-GAAP financial measures used by management and disclosed by the company exclude the income statement effects of all forms of share-based compensation and the effects of SFAS No. 123(R) upon the number of diluted shares used in calculating non-GAAP earnings per share. The non-GAAP financial measures disclosed by the company should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with GAAP, and the financial results calculated in accordance with GAAP and reconciliations to those financial statements should be carefully evaluated. The non-GAAP financial measures used by the company may be calculated differently from, and therefore may not be comparable to, similarly titled measures used by other companies. The company has provided reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures.

The company applied the modified prospective method of adoption of SFAS No. 123(R), under which the effects of SFAS No. 123(R) are reflected in the company’s GAAP financial statement presentations for and after the first quarter 2006, but are not reflected in results for prior periods. Gross margin, expenses (research and development and marketing, general and administrative), operating income, income taxes, net income and earnings per share (EPS) are the primary financial measures management uses for planning and forecasting future periods that are affected by share-based compensation. Because management reviews these financial measures calculated without taking into account the effects of the new requirements under SFAS No. 123(R), these financial measures are treated as “non-GAAP financial measures” under Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) rules. Management uses the non-GAAP financial measures for internal managerial purposes, including as a means to compare period-to-period results on both a segment basis and consolidated basis and as a means to evaluate the company’s results on a consolidated basis compared to those of other companies. In addition, management uses certain of these measures when publicly providing forward-looking statements on expectations regarding future consolidated basis financial results.

The company’s share-based compensation programs are established and managed on a company-wide basis, including specification of grant types and amount ranges for employees by category and grade. Segment managers are not held accountable for share-based compensation charges impacting their business unit’s operating income (loss) and accordingly, share-based compensation charges have been excluded from the company’s measure of segment profitability (operating income). Therefore, the review of segment results and forecasts by management and the Board of Directors excludes share-based compensation.
Additionally, management and the Board of Directors will continue to compare the company’s historical consolidated results of operations (revenue, gross margin, research and development, marketing, general and administrative expenses, operating income as well as net income and EPS), excluding share-based compensation, to financial information prepared on the same basis during the company’s budget and planning process, to assess the business and to compare consolidated results to the objectives identified for the company. The company’s budget and planning process commences with a segment-level evaluation — which, as noted above, excludes share-based compensation — and culminates with the preparation of a consolidated annual and/or quarterly budget that includes these non-GAAP financial measures (gross margin, research and development expenses, marketing, general and administrative expenses, operating income, income tax expense, net income and EPS). This budget, once finalized and approved, serves as the basis for allocation of resources and management of operations. While share-based compensation is a significant expense affecting the company’s results of operations, management excludes share-based compensation from the company’s consolidated budget and planning process to facilitate period to period comparisons and to assess changes in gross margin, net income and EPS targets in relation to changes in forecast revenue.

Profit-dependent cash incentive compensation paid to employees, including senior management, also is calculated using formulae that incorporate the company’s annual results (operating income and/or EPS) excluding share-based compensation. For example, for 2006 the executive compensation cash incentive plan formula measures EPS as the greater of (x) Intel’s operating income or (y) Intel’s net income divided by Intel’s weighted average diluted common shares outstanding, in both cases excluding the effects of share-based compensation.

The company discloses this non-GAAP information to the public to enable investors who wish to more easily assess the company’s performance on the same basis applied by management and to ease comparison on both a GAAP and non-GAAP basis among other companies that separately identify share-based compensation. In particular, as the company begins to apply SFAS No. 123(R), the company believes that it is useful to investors to understand how the expenses and other adjustments associated with the application of SFAS No. 123(R) are being reflected on the company’s income statements.

Although these non-GAAP financial measures adjust cost, expenses and diluted share items to exclude the accounting treatment of share-based compensation, they should not be viewed as a pro forma presentation reflecting the elimination of the underlying share-based compensation programs, as those programs are an important element of the company’s compensation structure and generally accepted accounting principles indicate that all forms of share-based payments should be valued and included as appropriate in results of operations. Management takes into consideration this aspect of the non-GAAP financial measures by evaluating the dilutive effect of the company’s share-based compensation arrangements on the company’s basic and diluted earnings per share calculations and by reviewing other quantitative and qualitative information regarding the company’s share-based compensation arrangements, including the information provided in the Results of Operations section of this Form 10-Q under the caption “Employee Equity Incentive Plans.”

Strategy

Our goal is to be the preeminent provider of silicon chips and platform solutions to the worldwide digital economy. As part of our overall strategy to compete in each relevant market segment, we use our core competencies in the design and manufacture of integrated circuits, as well as our financial resources, global presence and brand recognition. Our primary focus is on developing advanced integrated silicon technology solutions.

Our strategy focuses on taking customer needs into account in developing the next generation of products and platforms that will enable new form factors and new usage models for businesses and consumers. We believe that the end users of computing and communications systems and devices want products based on platform solutions. We define a platform as a collection of technologies that are designed to work together to provide a better end-user solution than if the ingredients were used separately. Our platforms consist of various products based on standards and initiatives; hardware and software that may include technologies such as Hyper-Threading Technology (HT Technology), Intel® Virtualization Technology and Intel® Active Management Technology (Intel® AMT); and services. In developing our platforms, we may include ingredients sold by other companies. The success of our strategy to offer platform solutions is dependent on our ability to select and incorporate ingredients that customers value, and to market the platforms effectively.
We also believe that users of computing and communications systems and devices want improved overall performance and/or improved performance per watt. Improved overall performance can include faster processing performance and/or other improved capabilities such as multithreading and/or multitasking, and improved connectivity, security, manageability, utilization, reliability, ease of use and/or interoperability among devices. Improved performance per watt involves balancing the addition of these types of improved performance factors with the power consumption of the platform. Lower power consumption may reduce system heat output, provide power savings, and reduce the total cost of ownership for the end user. It is our goal to incorporate these improvements in our various products and platforms to meet end-user demands. In line with these efforts, we are focusing our efforts on multi-core microprocessors. Multi-core microprocessors contain two or more processor cores, rather than just one processor core, which enables improved multitasking with improved performance per watt.

We make equity investments in companies around the world to further our strategic objectives and support our key business initiatives, including investments through our Intel Capital program. We generally focus on investing in companies and initiatives to stimulate growth in the digital economy, create new business opportunities for Intel and expand global markets for our products. The investments may support, among other things, Intel product initiatives, emerging trends in the technology industry or worldwide Internet deployment. We invest in companies that develop software, hardware or services supporting our technologies. Our current investment focus areas include helping to enable mobile wireless devices, advance the digital home, enhance the digital enterprise, advance high-performance communications infrastructures and develop the next generation of silicon production technologies. Our focus areas tend to develop and change over time due to rapid advancements in technology.

Digital Enterprise Group

The Digital Enterprise Group (DEG) designs and delivers computing and communications platforms for businesses and service providers. DEG products are incorporated into desktop computers, the infrastructure for the Internet and enterprise computing servers. DEG platforms for businesses are designed to increase employee productivity and reduce total cost of ownership. We develop these platforms based on our processors, chipsets, board-level products, wired connectivity products, and products for network and server storage. The processors offered by DEG are designed for various market segments, and include microprocessors that are optimized for use in the desktop and server computing market segments, and products designed for the communications infrastructure, including network processors, storage processors and embedded microprocessors. Although DEG’s strategic focus is on business platform solutions, the group also offers products marketed to the consumer desktop computing market segment. Consumer desktop platforms that are designed and marketed specifically for the digital home are offered by the Digital Home Group.

Our strategy for the desktop computing market segment is to introduce platforms with improved performance per watt, tailored to the needs of different market segments using a tiered branding approach. For desktop performance platforms, we offer the Intel® Pentium® D processor and the Intel Pentium 4 processor supporting HT Technology. For value desktop platforms, we offer the Intel® Celeron® D processor and the Intel Celeron processor, which are designed to meet the core computing needs and affordability requirements of value-conscious PC users. We also offer chipsets designed and optimized for use in desktop platforms.
Our strategy for the enterprise computing market segment is to provide competitive price for performance in platforms that increase end-user value in the areas of power management, utilization, manageability and reliability for entry-level to high-end servers and workstations. Our Intel® Xeon® processor family of products supports a range of entry-level to high-end technical and commercial computing applications. These products have been enhanced with Intel® EM64T, our 64-bit extension technology. Our Intel® Itanium® processor family, which is based on Intel’s 64-bit architecture and includes the Intel® Itanium® 2 processor, generally supports an even higher level of reliability and computing performance for data processing, the handling of high transaction volumes and other compute-intensive applications for enterprise-class servers, as well as supercomputing solutions. We also offer chipsets and network controllers designed and optimized for use in both server and workstation platforms.

For the communications infrastructure, we deliver products that are basic building blocks for modular communications platforms. These products include advanced programmable network processors, based on Intel XScale® technology, used to manage and direct data moving across the Internet and corporate networks. We also offer embedded microprocessors that can be used for modular communications platform applications as well as for industrial equipment and point-of-sale systems.

In March 2006, we launched two Dual-Core Intel® Xeon® processors LV (low-voltage) that are designed for server, storage, and telecommunications equipment. These processors support a 667-MHz bus, run at speeds ranging from 1.66GHz to 2.0GHz and feature 2MB of L2 cache.

**Mobility Group**

The Mobility Group designs and delivers platforms for notebook PCs and handheld computing and communications devices. The Mobility Group’s products include microprocessors and related chipsets designed for the notebook market segment, wireless connectivity products, and application and cellular baseband processors used in cellular handsets and handheld computing devices.

Our strategy for notebook PCs is to deliver platforms with optimized performance, battery life, form factor and wireless connectivity. For performance mobility users, we offer the Intel® Core™ Duo processor, the Intel® Core™ Solo and the Intel Pentium® M processor. For value mobile platforms, we offer the Intel Celeron® M processor and the Mobile Intel Celeron processor. We also offer Intel Mobile Express Chipsets, with and without integrated graphics capability, which are designed for the notebook market segment. Additionally, we offer wireless connectivity solutions based on the 802.11 industry standard as well the 802.16 industry standard, commonly known as WiMAX. The current versions of our WiMAX products are used in high-speed, fixed wireless broadband networks. The primary platforms offered by the Mobility Group are the Intel® Centrino® Duo mobile technology platform and the Intel Centrino® mobile technology platform. Intel Centrino Duo mobile technology and Intel Centrino mobile technology consists of a performance mobile processor and a mobile chipset as well as a wireless network connection that together are designed and optimized specifically for improved performance, battery life, form factor and wireless connectivity.

Our application and cellular baseband processors utilize Intel XScale technology. Intel XScale technology provides processing and multimedia graphics capability for cellular handsets and handheld computing devices. We offer application processors sold as discrete chips or in stacked packaging solutions (stacking an application processor with memory).
MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Flash Memory Group
The strategy for the Flash Memory Group is to provide advanced flash memory products for cellular phones, digital audio players, memory cards, computing platforms and embedded form factors. We offer a broad range of memory densities, leading-edge packaging technology and high-performance functionality. In support of our strategy, we offer NOR flash memory products such as Intel StrataFlash® Wireless Memory, for advanced mobile phone designs. In addition to product offerings for cellular customers, we offer NOR flash memory products that meet the needs of other market segments, such as the embedded market segment. The embedded market segment includes NOR flash memory products found in various applications, including set-top boxes, networking products, and other devices including DVD players and DSL and cable modems. Additionally, in January 2006 we formed IM Flash Technologies, LLC (IMFT), a NAND flash memory manufacturing company, with Micron Technology, Inc. Products manufactured by IMFT and sold by Intel are currently being used in digital audio players and memory cards.

We offer a variety of stacked memory products, including products based on our NOR flash, as well as our NOR flash plus SRAM and/or NAND flash, which we currently purchase from third-party vendors. Stacking of memory products refers to packaging several memory chips together.

Digital Home Group
The strategy for the Digital Home Group is to design and deliver platforms that meet the demands of consumers as digital media and other content becomes increasingly accessible through a variety of connected digital devices within the home. We are focusing on components for digital home living-room entertainment applications and PCs designed for the digital home. We offer Intel® Viiv™ technology-based platforms for use in the digital home. Platforms based on Intel Viiv technology include the Intel® Core™ Duo, Intel Pentium D or Pentium® Processor Extreme Edition processor, as well as a chipset, a network connectivity device and enabling software, all optimized to work together in the digital home environment. In addition, we offer products for display processing, demodulation and tuner applications as well as processors and chipsets for embedded consumer electronics designs, such as digital televisions, digital video recorders and set-top boxes.

Digital Health Group
The strategy for the Digital Health Group is to target global business opportunities in healthcare research, diagnostics and productivity, as well as personal healthcare. In support of this strategy, the Digital Health Group is focusing on healthcare information technologies, personal health products and bio-medical products.

Channel Platforms Group
The strategy for the Channel Platforms Group is to expand on Intel’s worldwide presence and success in global markets by accelerating channel growth. In addition, the Channel Platforms Group is developing unique platform solutions designed to meet local market needs in certain geographies.
MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Critical Accounting Estimates

The methods, estimates and judgments we use in applying our accounting policies have a significant impact on the results we report in our financial statements, which we discuss under the heading “Results of Operations” following this section of our MD&A. Some of our accounting policies require us to make difficult and subjective judgments, often as a result of the need to make estimates of matters that are inherently uncertain. Our most critical accounting estimates include the valuation of non-marketable equity securities, which impacts net gains (losses) on equity securities when we record impairments; recognition and measurement of current and deferred income tax assets and liabilities, which impact our tax provision; assessment of recoverability of long-lived assets, which primarily impacts gross margin when we impair manufacturing assets or accelerate their depreciation; valuation of inventory, which impacts gross margin; and valuation and recognition of share-based compensation, which impacts gross margin, research and development expenses, and marketing, general and administrative expenses. Below, we discuss these policies further, as well as the estimates and judgments involved. We also have other policies that we consider key accounting policies, such as policies for revenue recognition, including the deferral of revenue on sales to distributors; however, these policies typically do not require us to make estimates or judgments that are difficult or subjective.

Non-Marketable Equity Securities. We typically invest in non-marketable equity securities of private companies, which range from early-stage companies that are often still defining their strategic direction to more mature companies whose products or technologies may directly support an Intel product or initiative. At April 1, 2006, the carrying value of our portfolio of strategic investments in non-marketable equity securities, excluding equity derivatives, totaled $1.8 billion ($561 million at December 31, 2005) and includes our investment in IMFT.

Investments in non-marketable equity securities are inherently risky, and a number of these companies are likely to fail. Their success (or lack thereof) is dependent on product development, market acceptance, operational efficiency and other key business success factors. In addition, depending on their future prospects, they may not be able to raise additional funds when needed or they may receive lower valuations, with less favorable investment terms than in previous financings, and the investments would likely become impaired.

We review our investments quarterly for indicators of impairment; however, for non-marketable equity securities, the impairment analysis requires significant judgment to identify events or circumstances that would likely have a significant adverse effect on the fair value of the investment. The indicators that we use to identify those events or circumstances include (a) the investee’s revenue and earnings trends relative to predefined milestones and overall business prospects, (b) the technological feasibility of the investee’s products and technologies, (c) the general market conditions in the investee’s industry or geographic area, including adverse regulatory or economic changes, (d) factors related to the investee’s ability to remain in business, such as the investee’s liquidity, debt ratios and the rate at which the investee is using its cash, and (e) the investee’s receipt of additional funding at a lower valuation.

Investments identified as having an indicator of impairment are subject to further analysis to determine if the investment is other than temporarily impaired, in which case we write the investment down to its estimated fair value. When an investee is not considered viable from a financial or technological point of view, we write down the entire investment since we consider the estimated fair market value to be nominal. If an investee obtains additional funding at a valuation lower than our carrying amount or requires a new round of equity funding to stay in operation and the new funding does not appear imminent, we presume that the investment is other than temporarily impaired, unless specific facts and circumstances indicate otherwise. Impairments of investments in our portfolio of non-marketable equity securities were $23 million in the first quarter of 2006 ($15 million in the first quarter of 2005).
Income Taxes. We must make certain estimates and judgments in determining income tax expense for financial statement purposes. These estimates and judgments occur in the calculation of tax credits, tax benefits, and deductions, such as the tax benefit for export sales and in the calculation of certain tax assets and liabilities, which arise from differences in the timing of recognition of revenue and expense for tax and financial statement purposes. Significant changes to these estimates may result in an increase or decrease to our tax provision in a subsequent period.

We must assess the likelihood that we will be able to recover our deferred tax assets. If recovery is not likely, we must increase our provision for taxes by recording a valuation allowance against the deferred tax assets that we estimate will not ultimately be recoverable. We believe that a substantial majority of the deferred tax assets recorded on our balance sheet will ultimately be recovered. However, should there be a change in our ability to recover our deferred tax assets, our tax provision would increase in the period in which we determined that the recovery was not likely.

In addition, the calculation of our tax liabilities involves dealing with uncertainties in the application of complex tax regulations. We recognize liabilities for anticipated tax audit issues in the U.S. and other tax jurisdictions based on our estimate of whether, and the extent to which, additional tax payments are probable. If we ultimately determine that payment of these amounts is unnecessary, we reverse the liability and recognize a tax benefit during the period in which we determine that the liability is no longer necessary. We record an additional charge in our provision for taxes in the period in which we determine that the recorded tax liability is less than we expect the ultimate assessment to be.

Long-Lived Assets. We assess the impairment of long-lived assets when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the assets or the asset grouping may not be recoverable. Factors that we consider in deciding when to perform an impairment review include significant under-performance of a business or product line in relation to expectations, significant negative industry or economic trends, and significant changes or planned changes in our use of the assets. Recoverability of assets that will continue to be used in our operations is measured by comparing the carrying amount of the asset grouping to our estimate of the related total future net cash flows. If an asset grouping’s carrying value is not recoverable through the related cash flows, the asset grouping is considered to be impaired. The impairment is measured by the difference between the asset grouping’s carrying amount and its fair value, based on the best information available, including market prices or discounted cash flow analysis.

Impairments of long-lived assets are determined for groups of assets related to the lowest level of identifiable independent cash flows. Due to our asset usage model and the interchangeable nature of our semiconductor manufacturing capacity, we must make subjective judgments in determining the independent cash flows that can be related to specific asset groupings. In addition, as we make manufacturing process conversions and other factory planning decisions, we must make subjective judgments regarding the remaining useful lives of assets, primarily process-specific semiconductor manufacturing tools and building improvements. When we determine that the useful lives of assets are shorter than we had originally estimated, and there are sufficient cash flows to support the carrying value of the assets, we accelerate the rate of depreciation charges in order to fully depreciate the assets over their new shorter useful lives. Impairments and accelerated depreciation of long-lived assets were less than $15 million during the first quarter of 2006 and the first quarter of 2005.

Inventory. The valuation of inventory requires us to estimate obsolete or excess inventory as well as inventory that is not of saleable quality. The determination of obsolete or excess inventory requires us to estimate the future demand for our products within specific time horizons, generally six months. The estimates of future demand that we use in the valuation of inventory are the same as those used in our published revenue forecasts and are also consistent with the estimates used in our short-term manufacturing plans. If our demand forecast for specific products is greater than actual demand and we fail to reduce manufacturing output accordingly, we could be required to write down additional inventory, which would have a negative impact on our gross margin.
Share-based compensation. In the first quarter of 2006, we adopted SFAS No. 123(R), which requires the measurement at fair value and recognition of compensation expense for all share-based payment awards. Total share-based compensation during the first quarter of 2006 was $374 million.

Determining the appropriate fair-value model and calculating the fair value of share-based awards at the date of grant requires judgment. We use the Black-Scholes option pricing model to estimate the fair value of employee stock options and rights to purchase shares under stock participation plans, consistent with the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R). Option pricing models, including the Black-Scholes model, also require the use of input assumptions, including expected volatility, expected life, expected dividend rate, and expected risk-free rate of return. We use implied volatility based on options freely traded in the open market as we believe implied volatility is more reflective of market conditions and a better indicator of expected volatility than historical volatility. In determining the appropriateness of implied volatility, we considered: the volume of market activity of freely traded options, and determined there was sufficient market activity; the ability to reasonably match the input variables of options freely traded to those of options granted by the company, such as date of grant and the exercise price, and determined the input assumptions were comparable; and the length of term of freely traded options used to derive implied volatility, which is generally 1 to 2 years, and determined the length of term was sufficient. We use the simplified calculation of expected life described in the SEC’s Staff Accounting Bulletin 107, due to changes in the vesting terms and contractual life of current option grants compared to our historical grants. If we determined another method to estimate expected volatility or expected life was more reasonable than our current methods, or if another method for calculating these input assumptions was prescribed by authoritative guidance, the fair value calculated for share-based awards could change significantly. Higher volatility and expected lives result in a proportional increase to share-based compensation determined at the date of grant. The expected dividend rate and expected risk-free rate of return are not as significant to the calculation of fair value.

In addition, SFAS No. 123(R) requires us to develop an estimate of the number of share-based awards which will be forfeited due to employee turnover. Quarterly changes in the estimated forfeiture rate can have a significant effect on reported share-based compensation, as the effect of adjusting the rate for all expense amortization after January 1, 2006 is recognized in the period the forfeiture estimate is changed. If the actual forfeiture rate is higher than the estimated forfeiture rate, then an adjustment is made to increase the estimated forfeiture rate, which will result in a decrease to the expense recognized in the financial statements. If the actual forfeiture rate is lower than the estimated forfeiture rate, then an adjustment is made to decrease the estimated forfeiture rate, which will result in an increase to the expense recognized in the financial statements. These adjustments affect our gross margin, research and development expenses, and marketing, general, administrative expenses. The effect of forfeiture adjustments in the first quarter of 2006 was insignificant. The expense we recognize in future periods could also differ significantly from the current period and/or our forecasts due to adjustments in the assumed forfeiture rates.
Management’s discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations (Continued)

results of operations

overview

In the first quarter of 2006, revenue declined 5% compared to the first quarter of 2005, and declined 12% from the fourth quarter of 2005. The decline from the fourth quarter was primarily due to lower unit sales of logic products. While we believe that the computing industry remains healthy overall, we believe that growth rates are slowing. We now believe that there has been a build-up of inventories at our customers over the last several quarters. In addition, customers are stocking a smaller supply of components inventory as they make room for new product generations. In total, we believe these factors have led to an excess of several million units at our customers. Strong competition has also affected both our unit sales and the average selling price of our microprocessors and chipsets. Gross margin dollars in the first quarter declined more significantly than revenue due primarily to the effects of lower revenue from sales of high-margin logic products. As we look ahead to the second quarter, our customers are likely to begin to reduce their components inventory, and our sales would be negatively affected. Therefore, the first half of 2006 is a time to reset our business.

We expect seasonal increases in revenue, with a corresponding increase in gross margin, in the second half. Our objective is to develop improved products using our superior manufacturing capabilities, and our plans call for our factories to remain fully loaded. We believe that our upcoming dual core microprocessors based on our 65-nanometer manufacturing technology will give us leading energy efficient performance across the desktop, notebook, and 2-way server market segments. At the same time, we are working to cut spending, and have reduced the outlook for total spending for the year by one billion dollars. We are also undertaking a comprehensive analysis of our company with the goal of increasing our overall efficiency in 2007 and beyond. Despite the focus on reducing spending, we plan to proceed with our next generation of processes and products, and are not delaying our plans for introducing products using our 45-nanometer process technology.

From a financial condition perspective, we returned $3.5 billion to stockholders through stock repurchases and dividends in the first quarter, but we expect to reduce the level of our stock repurchases over the coming quarters consistent with our internal cash management policies.

First quarter of 2006 compared to first quarter of 2005

The following table sets forth certain consolidated statements of income data as a percentage of net revenue for the periods indicated:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(Dollars in Millions Except Per Share Amounts)</th>
<th>Q1 2006</th>
<th>Q1 2005</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Dollars</td>
<td>% of Net Revenue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net revenue</td>
<td>$8,940</td>
<td>100.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost of sales</td>
<td>3,997</td>
<td>44.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gross margin</td>
<td>4,943</td>
<td>55.3%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Research and development</td>
<td>1,562</td>
<td>17.5%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Marketing, general and administrative</td>
<td>1,644</td>
<td>18.4%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles and costs</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>0.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating income</td>
<td>1,718</td>
<td>19.2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gains on equity securities, net</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest and other, net</td>
<td>154</td>
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<tr>
<td>Income before taxes</td>
<td>1,874</td>
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<tr>
<td>Provision for taxes</td>
<td>517</td>
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<tr>
<td>Net income</td>
<td>$1,357</td>
<td>15.2%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Diluted earnings per share</td>
<td>$0.23</td>
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</table>

25
The following tables present non-GAAP financial measures, which exclude the effects of share-based compensation, and reconciliations from the most directly comparable GAAP measure:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(Dollars in Millions Except Per Share Amounts)</th>
<th>Q1 2006</th>
<th>Q1 2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gross margin</strong></td>
<td>$4,943</td>
<td>$5,598</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Add back: Share-based compensation charges in cost of sales</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Gross margin excluding share-based compensation</strong></td>
<td>$5,029</td>
<td>$5,598</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>GAAP net income</strong></td>
<td>$1,357</td>
<td>$2,178</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustment for share-based compensation within:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cost of sales</td>
<td>86</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research and development</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marketing, general and administrative</td>
<td>153</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income taxes</td>
<td>(110)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net income excluding share-based compensation</strong></td>
<td>$1,621</td>
<td>$2,178</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>GAAP diluted earnings per share</strong></td>
<td>$0.23</td>
<td>$0.35</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Adjustment for share-based compensation</td>
<td>0.04</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Diluted earnings per share excluding share-based compensation impact</strong></td>
<td>$0.27</td>
<td>$0.35</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The following table sets forth information on our geographic regions for the periods indicated:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(Dollars In Millions)</th>
<th>Q1 2006</th>
<th>Q1 2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Revenue</strong></td>
<td>% of Total</td>
<td>Revenue</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asia-Pacific</td>
<td>$4,293</td>
<td>48%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Americas</td>
<td>1,905</td>
<td>21%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>1,701</td>
<td>19%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>1,041</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>$8,940</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Our net revenue for Q1 2006 was $8.9 billion, a decrease of 5% compared to Q1 2005. This decrease was primarily due to lower microprocessor average selling prices and significantly lower motherboard unit sales, partially offset by higher chipset revenue. The first quarter of 2006 included 13 weeks in contrast to the first quarter of 2005 that included 14 weeks.

Revenue in our Europe region decreased 19%, our Asia-Pacific region’s revenue decreased 2% and revenue in our Americas region decreased 3% compared to Q1 2005. These decreases were partially offset by revenue in Japan, which increased 8% to $1.0 billion compared to Q1 2005. There were declines in Q1 2006 compared to Q1 2005 in the emerging markets of the Americas and Europe regions as well as the mature markets in the Europe region.

Our overall gross margin dollars were $4.9 billion in Q1 2006, a decrease of 12% compared to $5.6 billion in Q1 2005. Our overall gross margin percentage decreased to 55.3% in Q1 2006, down from 59.3% in Q1 2005. The gross margin percentage for the Digital Enterprise Group and Mobility Group were lower in Q1 2006 compared to Q1 2005. Additionally, gross margin in Q1 2006 includes the impact of share-based compensation. See “Business Outlook” for a discussion of gross margin expectations.
MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Digital Enterprise Group

The revenue and operating income for the Digital Enterprise Group operating segment for the first quarter of 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Q1 2006</th>
<th>Q1 2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Microprocessor revenue</td>
<td>$3,892</td>
<td>$4,944</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chipset, motherboard and other revenue</td>
<td>1,255</td>
<td>1,417</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net revenue</strong></td>
<td>$5,147</td>
<td>$6,361</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating income</strong></td>
<td>$1,375</td>
<td>$2,383</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Net revenue for the Digital Enterprise Group operating segment decreased $1.2 billion, or 19%, in Q1 2006 compared to Q1 2005. The decrease in revenue was primarily due to lower desktop microprocessor unit sales, lower microprocessor average selling prices and significantly lower motherboard unit sales. Microprocessors within the Digital Enterprise Group include microprocessors designed for the desktop and enterprise computing market segments as well as embedded microprocessors. Revenue from network processors, which are based on our Intel XScale technology, is included in other revenue above.

Operating income decreased $1.0 billion, or 42%, in Q1 2006 compared to Q1 2005. The significant decrease was primarily due to lower microprocessor revenue, the impact of increased write-downs of chipset inventory and higher operating expenses. These decreases were partially offset by approximately $190 million of lower start-up costs in Q1 2006.

Mobility Group

The revenue and operating income for the Mobility Group operating segment for the first quarter of 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Q1 2006</th>
<th>Q1 2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Microprocessor revenue</td>
<td>$2,347</td>
<td>$1,917</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chipset and other revenue</td>
<td>632</td>
<td>517</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Net revenue</strong></td>
<td>$2,979</td>
<td>$2,434</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Operating income</strong></td>
<td>$1,155</td>
<td>$1,131</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Net revenue for the Mobility Group operating segment increased by $545 million, or 22%, in Q1 2006 compared to Q1 2005. This increase was primarily due to significantly higher revenue from sales of microprocessors, which increased $430 million or 22%, in Q1 2006 compared to Q1 2005, reflecting the continued growth in the notebook market segment. The higher revenue from sales of microprocessors was due to significantly higher unit sales, partially offset by lower average selling prices. Additionally, revenue from the sale of chipsets increased significantly in Q1 2006 compared to Q1 2005, primarily due to the success of Intel Centrino mobile technology. Revenue from applications processors, which are based on our Intel XScale technology, is included in other revenue above.

Operating income increased slightly, by $24 million or 2%, in Q1 2006 compared to Q1 2005. The increase in operating income was primarily due to higher revenue from sales of microprocessors, offset by higher operating expenses. Operating expenses as a percentage of revenue within the Mobility Group increased in Q1 2006 compared to Q1 2005.
Flash Memory Group

The revenue and operating loss for the Flash Memory Group operating segment for the first quarter of 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(In Millions)</th>
<th>Q1 2006</th>
<th>Q1 2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net revenue</td>
<td>$544</td>
<td>$578</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating loss</td>
<td>$(104)</td>
<td>$(32)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Net revenue for the Flash Memory Group operating segment decreased by $34 million, or 6%, in Q1 2006 compared to Q1 2005. This decrease was primarily due to lower average selling prices, partially offset by higher unit sales and higher royalty receipts. We began shipping NAND flash memory products manufactured by IMFT in Q1 2006. Operating loss increased from $32 million in Q1 2005 to $104 million in Q1 2006. The increase was primarily due to lower revenue, higher operating expenses, and spending related to NAND products, partially offset by lower unit costs.

Share-based Compensation

Share-based compensation totaled $374 million in Q1 2006, compared to zero in Q1 2005. We adopted the modified prospective transition method under SFAS No. 123(R), effective beginning in the first quarter 2006. Prior to adoption of SFAS 123(R), we accounted for our equity incentive plans under the intrinsic value recognition and measurement principles of Accounting Principles Board (APB) Opinion No. 25, “Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees,” and related interpretations. Accordingly, no share-based compensation, other than insignificant amounts of acquisition-related share-based compensation, was recognized in net income. As of April 1, 2006, there was $1.8 billion of total unrecognized share-based compensation costs. The unrecognized compensation cost is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 1.1 years. In the second quarter of 2006 we began issuing restricted stock units to employees. Share-based compensation charges are included in the “all other” category for segment reporting purposes.

Operating Expenses

The following tables present non-GAAP operating expenses, which exclude the effects of share-based compensation, and reconciliations from the most directly comparable GAAP measure:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(In Millions)</th>
<th>Q1 2006</th>
<th>Q1 2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Research and development</td>
<td>$1,562</td>
<td>$1,266</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share-based compensation charges in R&amp;D</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Research and development, excluding share-based comp.</td>
<td>$1,427</td>
<td>$1,266</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marketing, general and administrative</td>
<td>$1,644</td>
<td>$1,262</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Share-based compensation in MG&amp;A</td>
<td>153</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Marketing, general and administrative, excluding share-based compensation</td>
<td>$1,491</td>
<td>$1,262</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles and costs</td>
<td>$19</td>
<td>$38</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Research and development spending increased $296 million, or 23%, in Q1 2006 compared to Q1 2005. This increase was due to share-based compensation of $135 million, higher development costs for next-generation process technology and higher headcount. Marketing, general and administrative expenses increased $382 million, or 30%, in Q1 2006 compared to Q1 2005 due to share-based compensation of $153 million, increased marketing spending and higher headcount. Research and development along with marketing, general and administrative expenses were 35.9% of net revenue in Q1 2006 (26.8% of net revenue in Q1 2005).

Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles and costs was $19 million in Q1 2006 compared to $38 million in Q1 2005, as a portion of the intangibles related to prior acquisitions became fully amortized.
MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Gains on Equity Securities, Interest and Other and Taxes

Gains on equity securities, net, interest and other, net and taxes for the first quarter of 2006 and 2005 were as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Q1 2006</th>
<th>Q1 2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Gains on equity securities, net</td>
<td>$2</td>
<td>$4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest and other, net</td>
<td>$154</td>
<td>$115</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Provision for taxes</td>
<td>$517</td>
<td>$973</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Net gains on equity securities and certain equity derivatives for Q1 2006 were $2 million compared to $4 million for Q1 2005. The decrease in Q1 2006 was primarily due to higher impairment charges on investments of non-marketable equity securities ($23 million in Q1 2006 and $15 million in Q1 2005), partially offset by higher net gains on equity transactions.

Interest and other, net increased to $154 million in Q1 2006 compared to $115 million in Q1 2005, reflecting higher interest income as a result of higher rates, partially offset by lower cash balances.

Our effective income tax rate was 27.6% for Q1 2006, compared to 30.9% for Q1 2005. The decrease in the effective tax rate for Q1 2006 compared to Q1 2005 was due to a higher percentage of profits in low tax jurisdictions and an increase in non-U.S. research and development tax credits, partially offset by a decrease in the tax benefit related to export sales and the impact of share-based compensation.

Financial Condition

Our financial condition remains strong. At April 1, 2006, cash, short-term investments and fixed income debt instruments included in trading assets totaled $8.7 billion, down from $12.4 billion at December 31, 2005. At April 1, 2006, total short-term and long-term debt was $2.3 billion and represented approximately 6.6% of stockholders’ equity. At December 31, 2005, total debt was $2.4 billion and represented approximately 6.7% of stockholders’ equity.

Cash provided by operating activities is net income adjusted for certain non-cash items and changes in assets and liabilities. For the first quarter of 2006, cash provided by operating activities was $2.1 billion, compared to $3.8 billion for the first quarter of 2005. For the first quarter of 2006, the largest contribution to the decrease in cash provided by operating activities was from lower net income and the timing and changes in the amount of estimated tax payments. Accrued compensation and benefits decreased compared to December 31, 2005, primarily due to payout of 2005 year-end employee bonuses. Inventories increased compared to December 2005 levels, as we continue to ramp new products, primarily related to microprocessors on the 65 nanometer process and associated chipsets. Trading assets decreased compared to December 31, 2005, primarily due to maturities in excess of purchases. Accounts receivable was approximately flat compared to December 31, 2005, despite decreased revenue, due to a higher proportion of sales occurring at the end of the first quarter of 2006. For the first quarter of 2006, our two largest customers accounted for approximately 37% of net revenue, with one of these customers accounting for approximately 22% of revenue and another customer accounting for approximately 15%. For the first quarter of 2005, our two largest customers accounted for approximately 33% of net revenue. Additionally, these two largest customers accounted for approximately 49% of net accounts receivable at April 1, 2006 (approximately 42% at December 31, 2005).

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MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Investing cash flows consist primarily of capital expenditures, the proceeds from investments maturities and payment for investments acquired. We used $2.3 billion in net cash for investing activities for the first quarter of 2006, compared to $331 million during the first quarter of 2005. The higher cash used in investing activities in the first quarter of 2006, compared to the first quarter of 2005, was primarily due to lower net maturities of available-for-sale investments as we shifted our portfolio of investments in debt securities to longer-term maturities. Capital expenditures remained flat at $1.8 billion for the first quarter of 2006 compared to the first quarter of 2005. Capital spending for 2006 is expected to be $6.6 billion, plus or minus $200 million, primarily for investments in 45 nanometer construction and production equipment. During the first quarter of 2006, we paid $500 million in cash for our investment in IMFT. Our initial contribution to IMFT also included $581 million in notes and an additional $115 million owed in cash, which has been reflected as a non-cash item on the statement of cash flows. Other investing activities included intellectual property assets purchased from Micron, concurrent with the formation of IMFT, for $230 million.

Financing cash flows consist primarily of repurchases and retirement of common stock and payment of dividends to stockholders. We used $3.2 billion in net cash for financing activities in the first quarter of 2006 compared to $2.6 billion in the first quarter of 2005. The major financing use of cash was for the repurchase of shares as we purchased 138.5 million shares of common stock for $2.9 billion (107.9 million shares for $2.5 billion in the first quarter of 2005). At April 1, 2006, $18.9 billion remained available for repurchase under existing repurchase authorizations. Our dividend payments were $585 million in the first quarter of 2006, higher than the $497 million paid in the same period of the prior year, due to an increase from $0.08 to $0.10 in cash dividends per common share effective for the first quarter of 2006. Financing sources of cash for the first quarter of 2006 were primarily $376 million in proceeds from the sale of shares pursuant to employee equity incentive plans ($410 million during the first quarter of 2005).

Another potential source of liquidity is authorized borrowings, including commercial paper, of $3.0 billion. There were no borrowings under our commercial paper program during the first quarter of 2006. We also have an automatic shelf registration on file with the SEC pursuant to which we may offer an indeterminate amount of debt, equity and other securities.

We believe that we have the financial resources needed to meet business requirements for the next 12 months, including capital expenditures for the expansion or upgrading of worldwide manufacturing and assembly and test capacity, working capital requirements, the dividend program, potential stock repurchases and potential future acquisitions or strategic investments.

Employee Equity Incentive Plans

Our equity incentive programs are broad-based, long-term retention programs that are intended to attract and retain talented employees and align stockholder and employee interests. Under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the 2004 Plan), as amended, 370 million shares of common stock have been made available for issuance as equity awards to employees and non-employee directors. The 2004 Plan expires on June 30, 2007. We are presently proposing a new equity incentive plan for stockholder vote at our May 2006 Annual Stockholders’ Meeting. If approved by the stockholders, this new equity incentive plan would replace the 2004 Plan, which would be terminated early. The proposed plan would make 175 million shares of common stock available for issuance as equity awards to employees and non-employee directors through June 30, 2008. Additionally, the new equity incentive plan would allow the maximum of 80 million shares to be awarded as restricted stock or restricted stock units. Additionally, we are proposing a new stock purchase plan for stockholder vote. If approved by the stockholders, this new stock purchase plan would replace the 1976 Stock Purchase Plan when it expires in August 2006. The proposed plan would make 240 million shares of common stock available for issuance through August 2011.

Our goal has been to keep the potential incremental dilution related to our equity incentive programs to a long-term average of less than 2% annually. The dilution percentage is calculated using the new option grants for the year, net of options cancelled due to employees leaving the company and expired options, divided by the total outstanding shares at the beginning of the year.

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Options granted to employees, including officers, and non-employee directors from 2002 through the first quarter of 2006 are summarized as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>(Shares in Millions)</th>
<th>YTD 2006</th>
<th>2005</th>
<th>2004</th>
<th>2003</th>
<th>2002</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total options granted1</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>119</td>
<td>115</td>
<td>110</td>
<td>174</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less options cancelled1</td>
<td>(7)</td>
<td>(38)</td>
<td>(32)</td>
<td>(40)</td>
<td>(44)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net options granted (cancelled)</td>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>81</td>
<td>83</td>
<td>70</td>
<td>130</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Net grants as % of outstanding shares2</td>
<td>n/m2</td>
<td>1.3%</td>
<td>1.3%</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants to listed officers4 as % of total options granted</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>1.1%</td>
<td>2.4%</td>
<td>1.7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Grants to listed officers4 as % of outstanding shares2</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>&lt;0.1%</td>
<td>&lt;0.1%</td>
<td>&lt;0.1%</td>
<td>&lt;0.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cumulative options held by listed officers4 as % of total options outstanding</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
<td>1.9%</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
<td>2.1%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Option related share-based compensation recognized for listed officers4 as % of total option related share based-compensation recognized5</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

1 Excluding options assumed in connection with acquisitions.
2 Outstanding shares as of the beginning of each period.
3 Not meaningful.
4 “Listed officers” are our Chief Executive Officer and the four other most highly compensated executive officers serving at the end of the years presented. For 2004, “listed officers” also includes an officer who retired in January 2005.
5 Includes amounts recognized in the financial statements for stock options according to the provisions of SFAS No. 123(R), which was adopted as of the first quarter of 2006.

In accordance with a policy established by the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors, total options granted to the listed officers may not exceed 5% of total options granted in any year. For the first quarter of 2006, there were no options granted to listed officers. All stock option grants to executive officers are determined by the Compensation Committee. All members of the Compensation Committee are independent directors, as defined in the applicable rules for issuers traded on The NASDAQ Stock Market*.

For additional information regarding equity incentive plans and the activity for the first quarter of 2006 and for 2005, see “Note 3: Employee Equity Incentive Plans” in the Notes to the Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements in this Form 10-Q. Information regarding our equity incentive plans should be read in conjunction with the information appearing under the heading “Report of the Compensation Committee on Executive Compensation” in our 2006 Proxy Statement.
Business Outlook

Our future results of operations and the other forward-looking statements contained in this Form 10-Q, including this MD&A, involve a number of risks and uncertainties—in particular, the statements regarding our goals and strategies, new product introductions, plans to cultivate new businesses, future economic conditions, revenue, pricing, gross margin and costs, capital spending, depreciation and amortization, research and development expenses, potential impairment of investments, the tax rate, and pending tax and legal proceedings. Our future results of operations may also be affected by the amount, type, and valuation of share-based awards granted as well as the amount of awards cancelled due to employee turnover and the timing of award exercises by employees. In addition to the various important factors discussed above, a number of other factors could cause actual results to differ materially from our expectations. See the risks described in “Risk Factors” in Part II, Item 1A of this Form 10-Q.

Revenue for 2006 is currently expected to be 3% lower than 2005 revenue of $38.8 billion. This is below our previous expectation of 6% to 9% higher than 2005 revenue, primarily due to lower than expected unit sales. For the second quarter of 2006, we expect revenue to be between $8.0 billion and $8.6 billion, compared to first quarter revenue of $8.9 billion. The midpoint of this range would be a sequential decrease of 7%, which is lower than the typical seasonal trend for the second quarter, due to an expected decrease in microprocessor unit sales as customers work through their current component inventories. Seasonal growth is expected in the second half of the year. Our microprocessor business generally has followed a seasonal trend; however, there can be no assurance that this trend will continue. Historically, our sales of microprocessors have been higher in the second half of the year than in the first half of the year. Consumer purchases of PCs have been higher in the second half of the year, primarily due to back-to-school and holiday demand. In addition, technology purchases from businesses have tended to be higher in the second half of the year.

Our financial results, particularly our revenue, are substantially dependent on sales of microprocessors. Revenue is partly a function of the mix of types and performance capabilities of microprocessors sold, as well as the mix of chipsets, flash memory and other semiconductor products sold, all of which are difficult to forecast. Because of the wide price differences among mobile, desktop and server microprocessors, the mix of types and performance levels of microprocessors sold affects the average selling price that we will realize and has a large impact on our revenue and gross margin. Microprocessor revenue is also dependent on the availability of other parts of the platform, including chipsets, motherboards, operating system software and application software. Revenue is also subject to demand fluctuations and the impact of economic conditions in various geographic regions.

Our gross margin expectation for 2006 is 53%, plus or minus a few points. Excluding the effects of share-based compensation of approximately 1%, our gross margin expectation for 2006 is 54%, plus or minus a few points. This is below our previous expectation of 57%, plus or minus a few points, primarily due to higher microprocessor unit costs and slightly lower microprocessor average selling prices, partially offset by lower manufacturing startup costs. We expect the gross margin percentage in the second quarter of 2006 to be approximately 49%, plus or minus a couple of points. Excluding the effects of share-based compensation of approximately 1%, our gross margin expectation for the second quarter of 2006 is 50% plus or minus a couple of points. On a GAAP basis, the 49% midpoint is lower than the gross margin of 55.3% in the first quarter. The lower gross margin is primarily due to an expected shift in product mix from higher margin microprocessors to lower margin products. Additionally, gross margin is expected to be affected by higher microprocessor unit costs as we continue to ramp production of dual-core products.

Our gross margin varies primarily with revenue levels. Variability of other factors will also continue to affect cost of sales and the gross margin percentage, including variations in inventory valuation, such as variations related to the timing of qualifying products for sale; unit costs and yield issues associated with production at our factories; excess or obsolete inventory; timing and execution of the production ramp and associated costs, including start-up costs; manufacturing or assembly and test capacity utilization; the reusability of factory equipment; impairment of long-lived assets, including manufacturing, assembly and test, and intangible assets; and the valuation of stock options and other equity awards, which affects the amount of share-based compensation included in cost of sales.
We have significantly expanded our semiconductor manufacturing and assembly and test capacity over the last few years, and we continue to plan capacity based on our overall strategy and the acceptance of our products in specific market segments. We currently expect that capital spending in 2006 will be approximately $6.6 billion, plus or minus $200 million. This capital-spending plan is dependent on expectations regarding production efficiencies and delivery times of various machinery and equipment, and construction schedules. If the demand for our products does not grow and continues to move toward higher performance products in the various market segments, revenue and gross margin would be adversely affected, manufacturing and/or assembly and test capacity would be under-utilized, and the rate of capital spending could be reduced. We could be required to record an impairment of our manufacturing or assembly and test equipment and/or facilities, or factory planning decisions may cause us to record accelerated depreciation. However, in the long term, revenue and gross margin may also be affected if we do not add capacity fast enough to meet market demand.

We expect depreciation expense to be between $1.1 billion and $1.2 billion for the second quarter of 2006 and approximately $4.7 billion, plus or minus $100 million for the full year 2006.

Spending on research and development, plus marketing, general and administrative expenses (total spending) in 2006 is expected to be approximately $12.1 billion. Excluding the effects of share-based compensation of approximately $1.1 billion, total spending is expected to be approximately $11.0 billion. This is below our previous expectation of $13.1 billion on a GAAP basis, primarily due to cost savings actions. Total spending in the second quarter of 2006 is expected to be between $3.0 billion and $3.1 billion. Excluding the effects of share-based compensation of approximately $300 million, total spending in the second quarter is expected to be between $2.7 billion and $2.8 billion. On a GAAP basis, the expectation for total spending in the second quarter is lower than $3.2 billion in the first quarter. Expenses, particularly certain marketing and compensation expenses, vary depending on the level of demand for our products and the level of revenue and profit.

Research and development spending in 2006 is expected to be approximately $6.1 billion. Excluding the effects of share-based compensation of approximately $500 million, spending for research and development in 2006 is expected to be approximately $5.6 billion.

Based on acquisitions completed through May 3, 2006, we expect amortization of acquisition-related intangibles and costs to be approximately $10 million in the second quarter and $45 million for the full year 2006.

We expect the net gains from equity securities and interest and other for the second quarter of 2006 to be approximately $175 million. Our expectations for gains (losses) from equity securities include our expectations for impairment charges on public and private equity investments and are based on our experience. It is not possible to know at the present time whether specific investments are likely to be impaired or the extent or timing of individual impairments. In addition, our expectations for gains or losses from equity securities and interest and other could vary depending on equity market levels and volatility, gains or losses realized on the sale or exchange of securities, interest rates, cash balances and changes in the fair value of derivative instruments.

The tax rate for the second, third and fourth quarters is currently expected to be approximately 30.5%. The estimated effective tax rate is based on tax law in effect at April 1, 2006 and current expected income, and assumes that we will continue to receive the tax benefit for export sales. See "Note 15: Contingencies" in the Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements. The tax rate may also be affected by the closing of acquisitions or divestitures; the jurisdiction in which profits are determined to be earned and taxed; changes in estimates of credits, benefits and deductions, including changes in the deductions related to share-based compensation; the resolution of issues arising from tax audits with various tax authorities; and the ability to realize deferred tax assets.

We believe that we have the product offerings, facilities, personnel, and competitive and financial resources for continued business success, but future revenue, costs, gross margin and profits are all influenced by a number of factors, including those discussed above, all of which are inherently difficult to forecast.
MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS (Continued)

Status of Business Outlook and Scheduled Business Update

We expect that our corporate representatives will, from time to time, meet privately with investors, investment analysts, the media and others, and may reiterate the forward-looking statements contained in the Business Outlook section and elsewhere in this Form 10-Q, including any such statements that are incorporated by reference in this Form 10-Q. At the same time, we will keep this Form 10-Q and our most current Business Outlook publicly available on our Investor Relations web site (www.intc.com). The public can continue to rely on the Business Outlook published on the web site as representing our current expectations on matters covered, unless we publish a notice stating otherwise. The statements in the Business Outlook and other forward-looking statements in this Form 10-Q are subject to revision during the course of the year in our quarterly earnings releases and SEC filings and at other times.

From the close of business on June 2, 2006 until our quarterly earnings release is published, presently scheduled for July 19, 2006, we will observe a “quiet period.” During the quiet period, the Business Outlook and other forward-looking statements published in our Form 8-K filed on April 19, 2006, as reiterated or updated as applicable in our filings with the SEC on Forms 10-K and 10-Q after that date, should be considered historical, speaking as of prior to the quiet period only and not subject to update. As noted in our Form 8-K on March 3, 2006, the Business Outlook and other forward looking statements in our Forms 8-K filed on January 17, 2006 and March 3, 2006 and in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005 should be considered historical, speaking as of dates prior to March 3, 2006 only and not subject to update. During the quiet period, our representatives will not comment on the Business Outlook or our financial results or expectations. The exact timing and duration of the routine quiet period, and any others that we utilize, from time to time, may vary at our discretion.
ITEM 3. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

The information in this section should be read in connection with the information on financial market risk related to changes in interest rates and non-U.S. currency exchange rates in Part II, Item 7A, Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk, in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2005. All estimates below are not necessarily indicative of future performance, and actual results may differ materially.

Interest Rates

The primary objective of our investments in debt securities is to preserve principal while maximizing yields, without significantly increasing risk. To achieve this objective, the returns on our investments in fixed-rate debt securities are generally based on three-month LIBOR, or, if longer term, are generally swapped to U.S. dollar LIBOR-based returns. In addition to fixed-rate debt investments, in 2005 we issued debt. We considered the historical volatility of the interest rates experienced in prior years and the duration of our investment portfolio and debt issuances, and determined that it was reasonably possible that an adverse change of 80 basis points (0.80%), approximately 16% of the rate at April 1, 2006, could be experienced in the near term (18% of the rate at December 31, 2005). A hypothetical 0.80% increase in interest rates, after taking into account hedges and offsetting positions, would have resulted in a decrease in the fair value of our net investment position of approximately $85 million at the end of April 1, 2006 and $10 million as of December 31, 2005. The increase in exposure to an adverse fair value change from December 31, 2005 to April 1, 2006 was primarily driven by a change in the fair value of our convertible debt, which increased the likelihood of future contingent interest payments.

Equity Security Prices

We have a portfolio of strategic equity investments that includes marketable strategic equity securities and derivative equity instruments such as warrants and options, as well as non-marketable equity investments. We invest in companies that develop software, hardware or services supporting our technologies. These investments help advance our overall goal to be the preeminent provider of silicon chips and platform solutions to the worldwide digital economy. Our current investment focus areas include helping to enable mobile wireless devices, advance the digital home, enhance the digital enterprise, advance high-performance communications infrastructures and develop the next generation of silicon production technologies. Our focus areas tend to develop and change over time due to rapid advancements in the technology field.

Our total marketable portfolio includes marketable strategic equity securities as well as marketable equity securities classified as trading assets. To the extent that our marketable portfolio of investments continues to have strategic value, we typically do not attempt to reduce or eliminate our market exposure. For securities that we no longer consider strategic, we evaluate legal, market and economic factors in our decision on the timing of disposal and whether it is possible and appropriate to hedge the equity market risk. We may or may not enter into transactions to reduce or eliminate the market risks of our investments in strategic equity derivatives, including warrants.

As of April 1, 2006, the fair value of our portfolio of marketable strategic equity investments and equity derivative instruments, including hedging positions, was $620 million ($574 million as of December 31, 2005). To assess the market price sensitivity of these equity securities, we analyzed the historical movements over the past several years of high-technology stock indices that we considered appropriate. However, our marketable strategic equity portfolio is substantially concentrated in one company as of April 1, 2006, which will affect the portfolio’s price volatility. We currently have an investment in Micron with a fair value of $498 million, or 80% of the total marketable strategic equity portfolio value including equity derivative instruments at April 1, 2006. The investment in Micron is part of our strategy to support the development and supply of Dynamic Random Access Memory (DRAM) products. Based on the analysis of the high-technology stock indices and the historical volatility of Micron’s stock, we estimated that it was reasonably possible that the prices of the stocks in our marketable strategic equity portfolio could experience a loss of 40% in the near term. This estimate is not necessarily indicative of future performance, and actual results may differ materially.

Assuming a loss of 40% in market prices, and after reflecting the impact of hedges and offsetting positions, our marketable strategic equity portfolio could decrease in value by approximately $260 million, based on the value of the portfolio as of April 1, 2006 (a decrease in value of approximately $245 million, based on the value of the portfolio as of December 31, 2005).
Our strategic investments in non-marketable equity securities are affected by many of the same factors that could result in an adverse movement of equity market prices, although the impact cannot be directly quantified. Such a movement and the underlying economic conditions would negatively affect the prospects of the companies we invest in, their ability to raise additional capital and the likelihood of our being able to realize our investments through liquidity events such as initial public offerings, mergers or private sales. These types of investments involve a great deal of risk, and there can be no assurance that any specific company will grow or become successful; consequently, we could lose all or part of our investment. At April 1, 2006, our strategic investments in non-marketable equity securities had a carrying amount of $1.8 billion ($561 million as of December 31, 2005). The carrying amount of these investments approximated fair value as of April 1, 2006 and December 31, 2005. However, as of April 1, 2006, our non-marketable equity securities portfolio is substantially concentrated in one company, IMFT, a manufacturer of NAND flash memory, with a carrying amount of $1.2 billion, or 67% of the total value of the non-marketable equity securities portfolio at April 1, 2006. See “Note 14: Venture” in the Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements. The terms of our investment in IMFT contain contractual conditions that restrict our ability to sell the investment. No other investment in our non-marketable equity securities portfolio was individually significant as of April 1, 2006 or December 31, 2005.

ITEM 4. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

Attached as exhibits to this Form 10-Q are certifications of Intel’s Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO), which are required in accordance with Rule 13a-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the Exchange Act). This “Controls and Procedures” section includes information concerning the controls and controls evaluation referred to in the certifications, and it should be read in conjunction with the certifications for a more complete understanding of the topics presented.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

We conducted an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our “disclosure controls and procedures” (Disclosure Controls) as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q. The controls evaluation was conducted under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our CEO and CFO. Disclosure Controls are controls and procedures designed to reasonably assure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act, such as this Form 10-Q, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC’s rules and forms. Disclosure Controls are also designed to reasonably assure that such information is accumulated and communicated to our management, including the CEO and CFO, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure. Our Disclosure Controls include components of our internal control over financial reporting, which consists of control processes designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the U.S. To the extent that components of our internal control over financial reporting are included within our Disclosure Controls, they are included in the scope of our quarterly controls evaluation. Internal control over financial reporting is also separately evaluated on an annual basis for purposes of providing the management report, which is set forth in our Form 10-K, and changes to our internal control over financial reporting are evaluated on a quarterly basis to determine if material changes occurred.

The evaluation of our Disclosure Controls included a review of the controls’ objectives and design, the company’s implementation of the controls and their effect on the information generated for use in this Form 10-Q. In the course of the controls evaluation, we reviewed identified data errors, control problems or acts of fraud and sought to confirm that appropriate corrective actions, including process improvements, were being undertaken. This type of evaluation is performed on a quarterly basis so that the conclusions of management, including the CEO and CFO, concerning the effectiveness of the Disclosure Controls can be reported in our periodic reports on Form 10-Q and Form 10-K. Many of the components of our Disclosure Controls are also evaluated on an ongoing basis by our Internal Audit Department and by other personnel in our Finance and Enterprise Services organization. The overall goals of these various evaluation activities are to monitor our Disclosure Controls, and to modify them as necessary. Our intent is to maintain the Disclosure Controls as dynamic systems that change as conditions warrant.
Based upon the controls evaluation, our CEO and CFO have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this Form 10-Q, our Disclosure Controls were effective to provide reasonable assurance that information required to be disclosed in our Exchange Act reports is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified by the SEC, and that material information relating to Intel and its consolidated subsidiaries is made known to management, including the CEO and CFO, particularly during the period when our periodic reports are being prepared.

**Inherent Limitations on Effectiveness of Controls**

The company’s management, including the CEO and CFO, does not expect that our Disclosure Controls or our internal control over financial reporting will prevent or detect all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control system’s objectives will be met. The design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Further, because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that misstatements due to error or fraud will not occur or that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Controls can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part on certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Projections of any evaluation of controls effectiveness to future periods are subject to risks. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with policies or procedures.
PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

ITEM 1. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

A. Tax Matters

In connection with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service’s (IRS) regular examination of Intel’s tax returns for the years 1999 through 2002, the IRS formally assessed, in 2005, certain adjustments to the amounts reflected by Intel on those returns as a tax benefit for its export sales. The company does not agree with these adjustments and has appealed the assessments. If the IRS prevails in its position, Intel’s federal income tax due for 1999 through 2002 would increase by approximately $1.0 billion, plus interest.

In the first quarter of 2006, in connection with the IRS’s regular examination of Intel’s tax returns for the years 2003 and 2004, the IRS proposed similar adjustments related to the amounts reflected by Intel on those returns as a tax benefit for its export sales. The company also intends to dispute these adjustments. If the IRS prevails in its position, Intel’s federal income tax due for 2003 and 2004 would increase by approximately $800 million, plus interest. The IRS may make similar claims for years subsequent to 2004 in future audits, and if the IRS prevails, income tax due for 2005 would increase by approximately $400 million, plus interest.

Although the final resolution of the adjustments is uncertain, based on currently available information, management believes that the ultimate outcome will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position, cash flows or overall trends in results of operations. There is the possibility of a material adverse impact on the results of operations of the period in which the matter is ultimately resolved, if it is resolved unfavorably, or in the period in which an unfavorable outcome becomes probable and reasonably estimable.

B. Litigation

Intel currently is a party to various legal proceedings, including those noted below. While management presently believes that the ultimate outcome of these proceedings, individually and in the aggregate, will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position, cash flows or overall trends in results of operations, litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and unfavorable rulings could occur. An unfavorable ruling could include money damages or, in cases for which injunctive relief is sought, an injunction prohibiting Intel from selling one or more products. Were an unfavorable ruling to occur, there exists the possibility of a material adverse impact on the business or results of operations for the period in which the ruling occurs or future periods.

Advanced Micro Devices, Inc. (AMD) and AMD International Sales & Service, Ltd. v. Intel Corporation and Intel Kabushiki Kaisha, and Related Consumer Class Actions and Government Investigations

In June 2005, AMD filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware alleging that Intel and Intel’s Japanese subsidiary engaged in various actions in violation of the Sherman Act and the California Business and Professions Code, including providing secret and discriminatory discounts and rebates and intentionally interfering with prospective business advantages of AMD. AMD’s complaint seeks unspecified treble damages, punitive damages, an injunction, and attorneys’ fees and costs. Subsequently, AMD’s Japanese subsidiary also filed suits in the Tokyo High Court and the Tokyo District Court against Intel’s Japanese subsidiary, asserting violations of Japan’s Antimonopoly Law and alleging damages of approximately $55 million, plus various other costs and fees. At least 79 separate class actions, generally repeating AMD’s allegations and asserting various consumer injuries, including that consumers in various states have been injured by paying higher prices for Intel microprocessors, have been filed in the U.S. District Courts for the Northern District of California, Southern District of California and the District of Delaware, as well as in various California, Kansas and Tennessee state courts. All the federal class actions have been consolidated by the Multidistrict Litigation Panel to the District of Delaware. All California class actions have been consolidated to the Superior Court of California in Santa Clara County. Intel disputes AMD’s claims and the class-action claims, and intends to defend the lawsuits vigorously.
Intel is also subject to certain antitrust regulatory inquiries. In 2001, the European Commission commenced an investigation regarding claims by AMD that Intel used unfair business practices to persuade clients to buy Intel microprocessors. In June 2005, Intel received an inquiry from the Korea Fair Trade Commission requesting documents from Intel’s Korean subsidiary related to marketing and rebate programs that Intel entered into with Korean PC manufacturers. Intel is cooperating with these agencies in their investigations and expects that these matters will be acceptably resolved.

Barbara’s Sales, et al. v. Intel Corporation, Gateway Inc., Hewlett-Packard Co. and HPDirect, Inc.
Third Judicial Circuit Court, Madison County, Illinois

In June 2002, various plaintiffs filed a lawsuit in the Third Judicial Circuit Court, Madison County, Illinois, against Intel, Gateway Inc., Hewlett-Packard Company and HPDirect, Inc., alleging that the defendants’ advertisements and statements misled the public by suppressing and concealing the alleged material fact that systems containing Intel Pentium 4 processors are less powerful and slower than systems containing Intel Pentium III processors and a competitor’s microprocessors. In July 2004, the Court certified against Intel an Illinois-only class of certain end-use purchasers of certain Pentium 4 processors or computers containing such microprocessors. The Court denied plaintiffs’ motion for reconsideration of this ruling. In January 2005, the Court granted a motion filed jointly by the plaintiffs and Intel that stayed the proceedings in the trial court pending appellate review of the Court’s class certification order. The plaintiffs seek unspecified damages and attorneys’ fees and costs. Intel disputes the plaintiffs’ claims and intends to defend the lawsuit vigorously.

ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

A restated description of the risk factors associated with our business is set forth below. This description includes any material changes to and supersedes the description of the risk factors associated with our business previously disclosed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2005.

Fluctuations in demand for our products may adversely affect our financial results and are difficult to forecast.

If demand for our products fluctuates, our revenue and gross margin could be adversely affected. Important factors that could cause demand for our products to fluctuate include:

- changes in customer product needs;
- changes in the level of customers’ component inventory;
- changes in business and economic conditions, including a downturn in the semiconductor industry;
- competitive pressures from companies that have competing products, chip architectures and manufacturing technologies including product offerings, marketing programs and pricing pressures;
- strategic actions taken by our competitors; and
- market acceptance of our products.

If demand for our products is reduced, our manufacturing and/or assembly and test capacity could be under-utilized, and we may be required to record an impairment on our long-lived assets including facilities and equipment, as well as intangible assets, which would increase our expenses. In addition, factory planning decisions may cause us to record accelerated depreciation. In the long term, if demand for our products increases, we may not be able to add manufacturing and/or assembly and test capacity fast enough to meet market demand. These changes in demand for our products, and changes in our customers’ product needs, could have a variety of negative effects on our competitive position and our financial results, and, in certain cases, may reduce our revenue, increase our costs, lower our gross margin percentage, or require us to recognize and record impairments of our assets.
The semiconductor industry and our operations are characterized by a high percentage of costs that are fixed or otherwise difficult to reduce in the short term, and by product demand that is highly variable and is subject to significant downturns that may adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition. The semiconductor industry and our operations are characterized by high costs, such as those related to facility construction and equipment, research and development, and employment and training of a highly skilled workforce, that are either fixed or difficult to reduce in the short term. At the same time, demand for our products is highly variable and has experienced downturns, often in connection with maturing product cycles and downturns in general economic market conditions. These downturns have been characterized by reduced product demand, manufacturing overcapacity, high inventory levels and decreased average selling prices. The combination of these factors may cause our revenue, gross margin, cash flow and profitability to vary significantly both in the short term and over the long term.

We operate in intensely competitive industries, and our failure to respond quickly to technological developments and incorporate new features into our products could have an adverse effect on our ability to compete.

We operate in intensely competitive industries that experience rapid technological developments, changes in industry standards, changes in customer requirements, and frequent new product introductions and improvements. If we are unable to respond quickly and successfully to these developments, we may lose our competitive position, and our products or technologies may become uncompetitive or obsolete. To compete successfully, we must maintain a successful R&D effort, develop new products and production processes, and improve our existing products and processes at the same pace or ahead of our competitors. We may not be able to successfully develop and market these new products; the products we invest in and develop may not be well received by customers; and products developed and new technologies offered by others may affect the demand for our products. These types of events could have a variety of negative effects on our competitive position and our financial results, such as reducing our revenue, increasing our costs, lowering our gross margin percentage, and requiring us to recognize and record impairments of our assets.

Fluctuations in the mix of products sold may adversely affect our financial results.

Because of the wide price differences among mobile, desktop and server microprocessors, the mix and types of performance capabilities of microprocessors sold affect the average selling price of our products and have a substantial impact on our revenue. Our financial results also depend in part on the mix of other products we sell, such as chipsets, flash memory and other semiconductor products. In addition, more recently introduced products tend to have higher associated costs because of initial overall development costs and higher start-up costs. Fluctuations in the mix and types of our products may also affect the extent to which we are able to recover our fixed costs and investments that are associated with a particular product, and as a result can negatively impact our financial results.

Our global operations subject us to risks that may negatively affect our results of operations and financial condition.

We have sales offices and research and development, manufacturing, and assembly and test facilities in many countries, and as a result, we are subject to risks associated with doing business globally. Our global operations may be subject to risks that may limit our ability to manufacture, assemble and test, design, develop or sell products in particular countries, which could in turn have an adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition, including:

- health concerns;
- natural disasters;
- inefficient and limited infrastructure and disruptions, such as large-scale outages or interruptions of service from utilities or telecommunications providers and supply chain interruptions;
- differing employment practices and labor issues;
- local business and cultural factors that differ from our normal standards and practices;
- regulatory requirements and prohibitions that differ between jurisdictions;
- security concerns, including crime, political instability, terrorist activity, armed conflict and civil or military unrest; and
- restrictions on our operations by governments seeking to support local industries, nationalization of our operations and restrictions on our ability to repatriate earnings.
In addition, although most of our products are priced and paid for in U.S. dollars, a significant amount of certain types of expenses, such as payroll, utilities, tax and marketing expenses, are paid in local currencies. Fluctuations in the rate of exchange between the U.S. dollar and the currencies of other countries in which we conduct business, and changes in currency controls with respect to such countries, could negatively impact our business, operating results and financial condition by resulting in lower revenue or increased expenses in such countries. In addition, changes in tariff and import regulations and to U.S. and non-U.S. monetary policies may also negatively impact our revenue in those affected countries. Varying tax rates in different jurisdictions could negatively impact our overall tax rate.

**Failure to meet our production targets, resulting in undersupply or oversupply of products, may adversely impact our business and results of operations.**

Manufacturing and assembly and test of integrated circuits is a complex process. Disruptions in this process can result from difficulties in our development and implementation of new processes, errors and interruptions in the processes, defects in materials and disruptions in our supply of materials or resources, all of which could affect the timing of production ramps and yields. Furthermore, we may not be successful or efficient in developing or implementing new production processes. The occurrence of any of the foregoing may result in our failure to increase production as desired, resulting in higher costs or substantial decreases in yields, which could impact our ability to produce sufficient volume to meet specific product demand. Furthermore, the unavailability or reduced availability of certain products could make it more difficult to implement our platform strategy. We may also experience increases in yields. A substantial increase in yields could result in higher inventory levels and the possibility of resulting excess capacity charges as we slow production to reduce inventory levels. In addition, higher yields, as well as other factors, can decrease overall unit costs and may cause us to revalue our existing inventory on certain products to their lower replacement cost, which would impact our gross margin in the quarters in which this revaluation occurs. The occurrence of any of these events could adversely impact our business and results of operations.

**We may have difficulties obtaining the resources or products we need for manufacturing or assembling our products or operating other aspects of our business, which could adversely affect our ability to meet demand for our products and may increase our costs.**

We have thousands of suppliers providing various materials that we use in production of our products and other aspects of our business, and we seek, where possible, to have several sources of supply for all of these materials. However, we may rely on a single or a limited number of suppliers, or upon suppliers in a single country, for these materials. The inability of such suppliers to deliver adequate supplies of production materials or other supplies could disrupt our production process or could make it more difficult for us to implement our platform strategy. In addition, production could be disrupted by the unavailability of the resources used in production such as water, silicon, electricity and gases. The unavailability or reduced availability of the materials or resources we use in our business may require us to reduce production of products or may require us to incur additional costs in order to obtain an adequate supply of these materials or resources. The occurrence of any of these events could adversely impact our business and results of operations.

**Costs related to product defects and errata may have an adverse impact on our results of operations and business.**

Costs associated with unexpected product defects and errata (deviations from published specifications) include, for example, the costs of:

- writing down the value of inventory of defective products;
- disposing of defective products that cannot be fixed;
- recalling defective products that have been shipped to customers;
- providing product replacements for or modifications to defective products; and
- defending against litigation related to defective products.

These costs could be substantial and may therefore increase our expenses and adversely affect our gross margin. In addition, our reputation with our customers or end users of our products could be damaged as a result of such product defects and errata, and the demand for our products could be reduced. These factors could negatively impact our financial results and the prospects for our business.
We may be subject to claims of infringement of third-party intellectual property rights, which could adversely affect our business.

From time to time, third parties may assert against us or our customers alleged patent, copyright, trademark and other intellectual property rights to technologies that are important to our business. We may be subject to intellectual property infringement claims from certain individuals and companies who have acquired patent portfolios for the sole purpose of asserting such claims against other companies. Any claims that our products or processes infringe the intellectual property rights of others, regardless of the merit or resolution of such claims, could cause us to incur significant costs in responding to, defending and resolving such claims, and may divert the efforts and attention of our management and technical personnel away from our business. As a result of such intellectual property infringement claims, we could be required to:

- pay third-party infringement claims;
- discontinue manufacturing, using or selling the infringing products;
- discontinue using the infringing technology or processes;
- develop non-infringing technology, which could be time-consuming and costly or may not be possible; or
- license technology from the third party claiming infringement, which license may not be available on commercially reasonable terms or at all.

The occurrence of any of the foregoing could result in unexpected expenses or require us to recognize an impairment of our assets, which would reduce the value of our assets and increase expenses. In addition, if we alter or discontinue our production of affected items, our revenue could be negatively impacted.

We may be subject to litigation proceedings that could adversely affect our business.

In addition to the litigation risks mentioned above, we may be subject to legal claims or regulatory matters involving stockholder, consumer, antitrust and other issues. As described in “Legal Proceedings” in Part II, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q, we are currently engaged in a number of litigation matters. Litigation is subject to inherent uncertainties, and unfavorable rulings could occur. An unfavorable ruling could include money damages or, in cases for which injunctive relief is sought, an injunction prohibiting Intel from manufacturing or selling one or more products. Were an unfavorable ruling to occur, there exists the possibility of a material adverse impact on business and results of operations for the period in which the ruling occurred or future periods.

We may not be able to enforce or protect our intellectual property rights, which may harm our ability to compete and adversely affect our business.

Our ability to enforce our patents, copyrights, software licenses and other intellectual property is subject to general litigation risks, as well as uncertainty as to the enforceability of our intellectual property rights in various countries. When we seek to enforce our rights, we are often subject to claims that the intellectual property right is invalid, is otherwise not enforceable or is licensed to the party against whom we are asserting a claim. In addition, our assertion of intellectual property rights often results in the other party seeking to assert alleged intellectual property rights of its own against us, which may adversely impact our business in the manner discussed above. If we are not ultimately successful in defending ourselves against these claims in litigation, we may not be able to sell a particular product or family of products, due to an injunction, or we may have to pay material amounts of damages, which could in turn negatively affect our results of operations. In addition, governments may adopt regulations or courts may render decisions requiring compulsory licensing of intellectual property to others, or governments may require that products meet specified standards that serve to favor local companies. Our inability to enforce our intellectual property rights under these circumstances may negatively impact our competitive position and our business.
Our licenses with other companies and our participation in industry initiatives may allow other companies, including competitors, to use our patent rights. Companies in the semiconductor industry often rely on the ability to license patents from each other in order to compete. Many of our competitors have broad licenses or cross-licenses with us, and under current case law, some of these licenses may permit these competitors to pass our patent rights on to others. If one of these licensees becomes a foundry, our competitors might be able to avoid our patent rights in manufacturing competing products. In addition, our participation in industry initiatives may require us to license our patents to other companies that adopt certain industry standards or specifications, even when such organizations do not adopt standards or specifications proposed by us. As a result, our patents implicated by our participation in industry initiatives might not be available for us to enforce against others who might otherwise be deemed to be infringing those patents, our costs of enforcing our licenses or protecting our patents may increase, and the value of our intellectual property may be impaired.

In order to compete, we must attract, retain and motivate key employees, and our failure to do so could have an adverse effect on our results of operations. In order to compete, we must attract, retain and motivate executives and other key employees, including those in managerial, technical, sales, marketing and support positions. Hiring and retaining qualified executives, scientists, engineers, technical staff and sales representatives are critical to our business, and competition for experienced employees in the semiconductor industry can be intense. To attract, retain and motivate qualified employees, we rely heavily on share-based incentive awards such as employee stock options and restricted stock. If the value of such stock awards does not appreciate as measured by the performance of the price of our common stock and/or if our other share-based compensation otherwise ceases to be viewed as a valuable benefit, our ability to attract, retain and motivate our employees could be adversely impacted, which could negatively affect our results of operations and/or require us to increase the amount we expend on cash and other forms of compensation. In addition, our adoption of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards (SFAS) No. 123 (revised 2004), “Share-Based Payment,” during our first quarter of 2006 will result in significant additional compensation expense compared to prior periods.

Our results of operations could vary as a result of the methods, estimates and judgments we use in applying our accounting policies. The methods, estimates and judgments we use in applying our accounting policies have a significant impact on our results of operations, see “Critical Accounting Estimates” in Part I, Item 2 of this Form 10-Q. Such methods, estimates and judgments are, by their nature, subject to substantial risks, uncertainties and assumptions, and factors may arise over time that lead us to change our methods, estimates and judgments. Changes in those methods, estimates and judgments could significantly affect our results of operations. In particular, the calculation of share-based compensation expense under SFAS No. 123(R) requires us to use valuation methodologies (which were not developed for use in valuing employee stock options) and a number of assumptions, estimates and conclusions regarding matters such as expected forfeitures, expected volatility of our share price, the expected dividend rate with respect to our common stock and the exercise behavior of our employees. Furthermore, there are no means, under applicable accounting principles, to compare and adjust our expense if and when we learn of additional information that may affect the estimates that we previously made, with the exception of changes in expected forfeitures of share-based awards. Factors may arise over time that lead us to change our estimates and assumptions with respect to future share-based compensation arrangements, resulting in variability in our share-based compensation expense over time. Changes in forecasted share-based compensation expense could impact our gross margin percentage; research and development expenses; marketing, general and administrative expenses; and our tax rate.

Our failure to comply with applicable environmental laws and regulations worldwide could adversely impact our business and results of operations. The manufacture, assembly and testing of our products require the use of hazardous materials that are subject to a broad array of environmental, health and safety laws and regulations. Our failure to comply with any of these applicable laws or regulations could result in:

- regulatory penalties, fines and legal liabilities;
- suspension of production;
- alteration of our fabrication and assembly and test processes; or
- curtailment of our operations or sales.
In addition, our failure to properly manage the use, transportation, emission, discharge, storage, recycling or disposal of hazardous materials could subject us to increased costs or future liabilities. Existing and future environmental laws and regulations could also require us to acquire pollution abatement or remediation equipment, modify our product designs or incur other expenses associated with such laws and regulations. Many new materials that we are evaluating for use in our operations may be subject to regulation under existing or future environmental laws and regulations that may restrict our use of certain materials in our manufacturing, assembly and test processes or products. Any of these consequences could adversely impact our business and results of operations by increasing our expenses and/or requiring us to alter our manufacturing processes.

Changes in our effective tax rate may have an adverse effect on our results of operations.

Our future effective tax rates may be adversely affected by a number of factors including:

- the jurisdictions in which profits are determined to be earned and taxed;
- the repatriation of non-U.S. earnings for which we have not previously provided for U.S. taxes;
- adjustments to estimated taxes upon finalization of various tax returns;
- increases in expenses not deductible for tax purposes, including write-offs of acquired in-process research and development and impairment of goodwill in connection with acquisitions;
- changes in available tax credits;
- changes in share-based compensation expense;
- changes in the valuation of our deferred tax assets and liabilities;
- changes in tax laws or the interpretation of such tax laws; and
- the resolution of issues arising from tax audits with various tax authorities.

Any significant increase in our future effective tax rates could adversely impact net income for future periods.

In addition, the IRS and other tax authorities regularly examine our income tax returns. The IRS has proposed adjustments or issued formal assessments related to amounts reflected on certain of our tax returns as a tax benefit for our export sales, see “Note 15: Contingencies” in Part I, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q. Our results of operations could be adversely impacted if these assessments or any other assessments resulting from the examination of our income tax returns by the IRS or other taxing authorities are not resolved in our favor.

We invest in companies for strategic reasons and may not realize a return on our investments.

We make investments in companies around the world to further our strategic objectives and support our key business initiatives. Such investments include investments in equity securities of public companies and investments in non-marketable equity securities of private companies, which range from early-stage companies that are often still defining their strategic direction to more mature companies whose products or technologies may directly support an Intel product or initiative. The success of these companies (or lack thereof) is dependent on product development, market acceptance, operational efficiency and other key business success factors. The private companies in which we invest may fail because they may not be able to secure additional funding, obtain favorable investment terms for future financings or take advantage of liquidity events, such as initial public offerings, mergers and private sales. If any of these private companies fail, we could lose all or part of our investment in that company. In addition, if we determine that an other-than-temporary decline in the fair value exists for the equity securities of the public and private companies in which we invest, we write down the investment to its fair value and record the related write-down as an investment loss. Furthermore, when the strategic objectives of an investment have been achieved, or if the investment or business diverges from our strategic objectives, we may decide to dispose of the investment. Our investments in non-marketable equity securities of private companies are not liquid, and we may not be able to dispose of these investments on favorable terms or at all. The occurrence of any of these events could negatively affect our net income and results of operations.
ITEM 2. UNREGISTERED SALES OF EQUITY SECURITIES AND USE OF PROCEEDS

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities (Shares in Millions)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Total Number of Shares Purchased</th>
<th>Average Price Paid per Share</th>
<th>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans</th>
<th>Dollar Value of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>January 1, 2006—January 28, 2006</td>
<td>40.3</td>
<td>$21.87</td>
<td>40.3</td>
<td>$20,983</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>January 29, 2006—February 25, 2006</td>
<td>82.6</td>
<td>$21.11</td>
<td>82.6</td>
<td>$19,239</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>February 26, 2006—April 1, 2006</td>
<td>15.6</td>
<td>$20.46</td>
<td>15.6</td>
<td>$18,920</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td><strong>138.5</strong></td>
<td><strong>$21.26</strong></td>
<td><strong>138.5</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

We have an ongoing authorization, as amended, from the Board of Directors to repurchase shares of Intel’s common stock in the open market or in negotiated transactions. In November 2005, the Board of Directors authorized the repurchase of up to $25 billion in stock on or after October 1, 2005, which includes the remaining shares available for repurchase under previous authorizations, which were expressed as share amounts.

ITEM 6. EXHIBITS

3.1 Intel Corporation Second Restated Certificate of Incorporation (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant’s Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q filed May 7, 2003)

3.2 Intel Corporation Bylaws as amended on January 18, 2006 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Registrant’s Current Report on Form 8-K as filed on January 19, 2006)

10.1** Listed Officer Compensation

10.2** Standard Terms and Conditions relating to Restricted Stock Units granted to U.S. employees under the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan

10.3** Standard International Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (Requiring Signature)

10.4** Standard International Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan

10.5** Standard International Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (Requiring Electronic Signature)

10.6** Standard Terms and Conditions relating to Non-Qualified Stock Options granted to U.S. employees on and after February 1, 2006 under the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (other than grants made under the SOP Plus or ELTSOP programs)

10.7** Standard International Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (Requiring Signature)

10.8** Standard International Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (Requiring Electronic Signature)

10.9** Standard Terms and Conditions relating to Restricted Stock Units granted to U.S. employees under the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (for grants under the ELTSOP Program)
10.10** Standard International Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (for grants under the ELTSOP Program) (Requiring Signature)

10.11** Standard International Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (for grants under the ELTSOP Program)

10.12** Standard International Restricted Stock Unit Agreement under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (for grants under the ELTSOP Program) (Requiring Electronic Signature)

10.13** Terms and Conditions relating to Nonqualified Stock Options granted to U.S. employees on and after February 1, 2006 under the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan for grants formerly known as ELTSOP Grants

10.14** Standard International Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (for grants after February 1, 2006 under the ELTSOP Program) (Requiring Signature)

10.15** Standard International Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (for grants after February 1, 2006 under the ELTSOP Program)

10.16** Standard International Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement under the 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (for grants after February 1, 2006 under the ELTSOP Program) (Requiring Electronic Signature)

12.1 Statement Setting Forth the Computation of Ratios of Earnings to Fixed Charges

31.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act

31.2 Certification of Chief Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Exchange Act

32.1 Certification of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(b) of the Exchange Act and 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

** Compensation plans or arrangements in which executive officers are eligible to participate.

Intel, the Intel logo, Intel. Leap ahead., Intel Inside, Celeron, Centrino, Intel Core, Intel SpeedStep, Intel StrataFlash, Intel Viiv, Intel Xeon, Intel XScale, Itanium, and Pentium are trademarks or registered trademarks of Intel Corporation or its subsidiaries in the United States and other countries.

*Other names and brands may be claimed as the property of others.
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

INTEL CORPORATION
(Registrant)

Date: May 5, 2006

By: /s/ Andy D. Bryant
    Andy D. Bryant
    Executive Vice President,
    Chief Financial Officer and
    Principal Accounting Officer
Listed Officer Compensation

Table 1 below sets forth the base salaries approved by the Compensation Committee (the “Committee”) of the Board of Directors of Intel Corporation for 2006 for the company’s Chief Executive Officer and our four other most highly compensated executive officers in 2005 (“listed officers”). The listed officers were determined in reference to the company’s fiscal year ended December 31, 2005. Each of the listed officers’ employment with Intel is on an at-will basis.

Table 1

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name and Position</th>
<th>Base Salary(1) ($)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Craig R. Barrett, Chairman of the Board</td>
<td>450,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Paul S. Otellini, President and Chief Executive Officer</td>
<td>700,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Andy D. Bryant, Executive Vice President</td>
<td>355,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chief Financial and Enterprise Services Officer</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sean M. Maloney, Executive Vice President</td>
<td>290,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Arvind Sodhani, General Manager, Mobility Group</td>
<td>250,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Senior Vice President and President, Intel Capital</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(1) Base salary is effective January 1, 2006.

Each of the listed officers is eligible to receive an annual bonus (“Incentive Cash Payment”) under the Executive Officer Incentive Plan (“EOIP”). Under the EOIP, each listed officer has an “Incentive Baseline Amount” determined annually by the Committee, and that Incentive Baseline Amount is multiplied at year-end under a formula to calculate the maximum Incentive Cash Payment that the listed officer may receive. The result of that multiplication is the maximum that the officer might receive as his or her Incentive Cash Payment for the year. The Committee reviews those amounts and determines if it wants to pay them or reduce them in the Committee’s discretion; the amounts cannot be increased beyond the maximum limits under the formula.

The EOIP formula for determining the maximum Incentive Cash Payments is: (1) the listed officer’s Incentive Baseline Amount, times (2) Intel’s EPS as calculated under the EOIP (“Plan EPS”) times (3) a “Performance Factor” number that is set each year by the Committee, all of which are further explained below. In addition, (4) the EOIP has a cap limiting each individual’s Incentive Cash Payment to a maximum annual limit of $5,000,000, and (5) the Committee may in its discretion reduce the amounts to be paid below those calculated by the formula. During the first quarter of each year, the Committee determines a separate Incentive Baseline Amount for each EOIP participant and sets a common Performance Factor for the EOIP formula. After the end of each year, the Committee determines the Incentive Cash Payments to be paid under the EOIP for that year when the Plan EPS is known. It is expected that the Incentive Cash Payment will be greater than the Incentive Baseline Amount, because of the intended multiplier effect of the formula. From year to year, the incentive payments are much more affected by the pay-for-performance effect of the multiplier than by any adjustment in the Incentive Baseline Amount determined by the Committee.

In the EOIP formula, Plan EPS is not necessarily earnings per share for financial reporting purposes. Plan EPS is defined as the greater of Intel’s operating income or Intel’s net income, in each case, divided by
Intel’s weighted average common shares outstanding, assuming dilution. Operating income does not include gains or losses on equity securities or interest and other income that Intel earned, and does not include a deduction for interest expense and income taxes; as a result, Plan EPS based on operating income generally exceeds Plan EPS based on net income.

The Committee may adjust the calculation of operating income or its net income for Plan EPS purposes based on criteria described in the EOIP and selected by the Committee in its discretion. These adjustments are established by the Committee during the first quarter of the year.

The Performance Factor is also set by the Committee during the first quarter of the year. When determining the Performance Factor, the Committee considers Intel’s past financial performance, Intel’s internal estimates of current-year financial performance, and the competitiveness of Intel’s executive officers’ Base Salary and Incentive Baseline Amounts compared to the peer groups.

On January 18, 2006, the Compensation Committee determined a separate Incentive Baseline Amount for each listed officer and set a common Performance Factor for the EOIP formula. After the end of 2006, the Committee will determine the Incentive Cash Payments to be paid under the EOIP for that year when the Plan EPS is known.

Each of the listed officers also participates in the company’s semiannual cash award program in which they will receive 0.55 day of pay (calculated based on eligible earnings for the six-month period, including one-half of Incentive Baseline Amounts as applicable) for every two percentage points of corporate pretax margin (pretax profit as a percentage of revenue), or a total payment expressed as days of pay based on 4% of net income divided by the current value of a worldwide day of pay, whichever is greater. Payouts under this program are made in the first and third quarters of the year based on corporate performance for the preceding two quarters. The plan also has a provision for rewarding employees with an additional day of pay for each six-month period if Intel achieves certain customer satisfaction goals under its Customer Excellence Program for the performance period.

The listed officers are also eligible to receive stock options, restricted stock, restricted stock units, stock appreciation rights and performance based awards under the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan should the Compensation Committee determine that it is appropriate to do so. Beginning in 2006, the listed officers received a mix of restricted stock units and stock options. The 2006 stock option and restricted stock unit awards to the listed officers have been disclosed on individual Forms 4 filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 16(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. In addition, each of the listed officers is eligible to receive company contributions to his accounts in the company’s tax-qualified and non-qualified capital accumulation/retirement plans. Company contributions to these plans are discretionary and may vary with the company’s financial performance, particularly revenue and income. Since the amount of the company contribution to the tax-qualified plan is limited by U.S. tax law, the excess, if any, is allocated to the individual’s account in the non-qualified plan. The amount of the 2006 company contribution to these plans will be determined in early 2007 based on the company’s performance for fiscal 2006. The listed officers may also participate in the company’s tax-qualified employee stock purchase plan, which allows participants to acquire Intel stock at a discount price.
1. TERMS OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT

Unless provided otherwise in the Notice of Grant, these standard terms and conditions ("Standard Terms") apply to Restricted Stock Units ("RSUs") granted to you, a U.S. employee, under the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the "2004 Plan"). Your Notice of Grant, these Standard Terms and the 2004 Plan constitute the entire understanding between you and Intel Corporation (the "Corporation") regarding the RSUs identified in your Notice of Grant.

2. VESTING OF RSUs

Provided that you remain continuously employed by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a full time basis from the Grant Date specified in the Notice of Grant through each vesting date specified in the Notice of Grant, the RSUs shall vest and be converted into the right to receive the number of shares of the Corporation’s Common Stock, $.001 par value (the "Common Stock"), specified on the Notice of Grant with respect to such vesting date, except as otherwise provided in these Standard Terms. If a vesting date falls on a weekend or any other day on which the Nasdaq Stock Market ("NASDAQ") is not open, affected RSUs shall vest on the next following NASDAQ business day. The number of shares of Common Stock into which RSUs convert as specified in the Notice of Grant shall be adjusted for stock splits and similar matters as specified in and pursuant to the 2004 Plan.

RSUs will vest to the extent provided in and in accordance with the terms of the Notice of Grant and these Standard Terms. If your status as an Employee terminates for any reason except death, Disablement (defined below) or Retirement (defined below), prior to the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant, your unvested RSUs will be cancelled.

3. CONVERSION INTO COMMON STOCK

Shares of Common Stock will be issued or become free of restrictions as soon as practicable following vesting of the RSUs, provided that you have satisfied your tax withholding obligations as specified under Section 10 of these Standard Terms and you have completed, signed and returned any documents and taken any additional action that the Corporation deems appropriate to enable it to
accomplish the delivery of the shares of Common Stock. The shares of Common Stock will be issued in your name or, in the event of your death or Disablement, to your executor or personal representative, and may be effected by recording shares on the stock records of the Corporation or by crediting shares in an account established on your behalf with a brokerage firm or other custodian, in each case as determined by the Corporation. In no event will the Corporation be obligated to issue a fractional share.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) the Corporation shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock during any period when the Corporation determines that the conversion of a RSU or the delivery of shares hereunder would violate any federal, state or other applicable laws and/or may issue shares subject to any restrictive legends that, as determined by the Corporation’s counsel, is necessary to comply with securities or other regulatory requirements, and (ii) the date on which shares are issued may include a delay in order to provide the Corporation such time as it determines appropriate to address tax withholding and other administrative matters.

4. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

(a) Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, if you take a personal leave of absence under the Intel Leave Guidelines (“PLOA”), your RSUs will vest only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 4:

(1) If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:
   a) The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that (but for this provision) would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated) or, if you return on a day that the NASDAQ is not open, the next following NASDAQ business day; and
   b) The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that are scheduled to vest following the date that the PLOA is terminated shall not be affected by the PLOA.

(2) If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that follow the commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred beyond the dates set forth in the Notice of Grant by a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA.

(3) If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA, then in addition to the effect on the vesting dates set forth in clause (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this Section 4, any RSUs that had not vested

2.
prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be cancelled as of the date of your termination of employment, as applicable, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 7 through 9 hereof.

(b) If you take an approved Leave of Absence other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of RSUs shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

5. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF RSU FOR MISCONDUCT

If at any time the Committee of the Board of Directors of the Corporation established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”), including any Subcommittee or “Authorized Officer” (as defined in Section 8. (a)(v) of the 2004 Plan) notifies the Corporation that they reasonably believe that you have committed an act of misconduct as described in Section 8. (a)(v) of the 2004 Plan (embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, nonpayment of any obligation owed to the Corporation, breach of fiduciary duty or deliberate disregard of Corporation rules resulting in loss, damage or injury to the Corporation, an unauthorized disclosure of any Corporation trade secret or confidential information, any conduct constituting unfair competition, inducing any customer to breach a contract with the Corporation or inducing any principal for whom the Corporation acts as agent to terminate such agency relationship), the vesting of your RSUs may be suspended pending a determination of whether an act of misconduct has been committed. If the Corporation determines that you have committed an act of misconduct, all RSUs not vested as of the date the Corporation was notified that you may have committed an act of misconduct shall be cancelled and neither you nor any beneficiary shall be entitled to any claim with respect to the RSUs whatsoever. Any determination by the Committee or an Authorized Officer with respect to the foregoing shall be final, conclusive, and binding on all interested parties.

6. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than on account of death, Disablement (defined below) or Retirement (defined below), all RSUs not then vested shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is as a result of a divestiture or otherwise. For purposes of this Section 6, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which the Corporation or a Subsidiary is a party shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) the entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are specifically designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.
For purposes of this provision, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from the Corporation or a Subsidiary, you are rehired by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel RSU grants, nor would your transfer from the Corporation to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to the Corporation be deemed a termination of employment.

7. DEATH
Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, if you die while employed by the Corporation, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

8. DISABILITY
Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms and upon your termination of employment as a result of a determination of Disablement, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

For purposes of this Section 8, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

9. RETIREMENT
For purposes of these Standard Terms, “Retirement” shall mean either Standard Retirement (as defined below) or the Rule of 75 (as defined below). Upon your Retirement, vesting of your RSUs shall be accelerated to the extent provided in Section 9(a) or Section 9(b) below (but not to the extent provided under both provisions together), whichever results in the greater number of RSUs vesting:

(a) If you retire at or after age 60 ("Standard Retirement"), then all RSUs that were scheduled to vest within a number of whole years from the date of your Retirement determined by dividing the number of years that you have been employed by the Corporation (measured in complete, whole years) by five (5), rounded down to the nearest whole number of years, shall vest as of the date of your Retirement. No vesting acceleration shall occur for any periods of employment of less than five (5) years; or

(b) If, when you terminate employment with the Corporation, your age plus years of service (in each case measured in complete, whole years) equals 4.
or exceeds 75 ("Rule of 75"), then all RSUs that were scheduled to vest within one year of the date of your Retirement shall vest as of the date of your Retirement.

10. TAX WITHHOLDING

RSUs are taxable upon vesting based on the market value on the date of vesting. To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Corporation for the payment and satisfaction of any income tax, social security tax, payroll tax, payment on account or other tax related to withholding obligations that arise by reason of vesting of a RSU and, if applicable, any sale of shares of the Common Stock. The Corporation shall not be required to issue or lift any restrictions on shares of the Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied.

Unless provided otherwise by the Committee, these obligations will be satisfied by the Corporation withholding a number of shares of Common Stock that would otherwise be issued under the RSUs that the Corporation determines has a Market Value sufficient to meet the tax withholding obligations. In the event that the Committee provides that these obligations will not be satisfied under the method described in the previous sentence, you authorize UBS Financial Services Inc., or any successor plan administrator, to sell a number of shares of Common Stock that are issued under the RSUs, which the Corporation determines is sufficient to generate an amount that meets the tax withholding obligations plus additional shares to account for rounding and market fluctuations, and to pay such tax withholding to the Corporation. The shares may be sold as part of a block trade with other participants of the 2004 Plan in which all participants receive an average price. For this purpose, “Market Value” will be calculated as the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ on the day your RSUs vest. The future value of the underlying shares of Common Stock is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty.

You are ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed by you in connection with your RSUs, regardless of any action the Corporation takes or any transaction pursuant to this Section 10 with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the RSUs. The Corporation makes no representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, issuance, vesting or settlement of the RSUs or the subsequent sale of any of the shares of Common Stock underlying the RSUs that vest. The Corporation does not commit and is under no obligation to structure the RSU program to reduce or eliminate your tax liability.

11. RIGHTS AS A STOCKHOLDER AND RESTRICTIONS
Your RSUs may not be otherwise transferred or assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of in any way, whether by operation of law or otherwise, and may not be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Any attempt to transfer, assign, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of your RSUs other than as permitted above, shall be void and unenforceable against the Corporation.

You will have the rights of a stockholder only after shares of the Common Stock have been issued to you following vesting of your RSUs and satisfaction of all other conditions to the issuance of those shares as set forth in these Standard Terms. RSUs shall not entitle you to any rights of a stockholder of Common Stock and there are no voting or dividend rights with respect to your RSUs. RSUs shall remain terminable pursuant to these Standard Terms at all times until they vest and convert into shares. As a condition to having the right to receive shares of Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs, you acknowledge that unvested RSUs shall have no value for purposes of any aspect of your employment relationship with the Corporation.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Standard Terms or the applicable Notice of Grant, your RSUs are subject to reduction by the Corporation if you change your employment classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.

RSUs are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

12. DISPUTES

Any question concerning the interpretation of these Standard Terms, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan, any adjustments required to be made thereunder, and any controversy that may arise under the Standard Terms, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan shall be determined by the Committee (including any person(s) to whom the Committee has delegated its authority) in its sole and absolute discretion. Such decision by the Committee shall be final and binding unless determined pursuant to Section 14(f) to have been arbitrary and capricious.

13. AMENDMENTS

The 2004 Plan and RSUs may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of the Corporation to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

14. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER TERMS; OTHER MATTERS

(a) Certain capitalized terms used in these Standard Terms are defined in the 2004 Plan. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations
concerning the RSUs are superseded by these Standard Terms and your Notice of Grant.

The grant of RSUs to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate the Corporation or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that the Corporation or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any given amount.

(b) To the extent that the grant of RSUs refers to the Common Stock of Intel Corporation, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon vesting in accord with the terms hereof.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of these Standard Terms, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the RSUs covered by these Standard Terms shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify these Standard Terms or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested RSUs at the time of such determination.

(d) Nothing contained in these Standard Terms creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

(e) Notwithstanding any provision of these Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant or the 2004 Plan to the contrary, if, at the time of your termination of employment with the Corporation, you are a “specified employee” as defined in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”), and one or more of the payments or benefits received or to be received by you pursuant to the RSUs would constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, no such payment or benefit will be provided under the RSUs until the earliest of (A) the date which is six (6) months after your “separation from service” for any reason, other than death or “disability” (as such terms are used in Section 409A(a)(2) of the Code), (B) the date of your death or “disability” (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(C) of the Code) or (C) the effective date of a “change in the ownership or effective control” of the Corporation (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(v) of the Code). The provisions of this Section 14(e) shall only apply to the extent required to avoid your incurrence of any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder. In addition, if any provision of the RSUs would cause you to incur any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder, the Corporation may reform such provision to maintain to the maximum extent practicable the original intent of the
applicable provision without violating the provisions of Section 409A of the Code.

(f) Because these Standard Terms relate to terms and conditions under which you may be issued shares of Common Stock of Intel Corporation, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of these Standard Terms is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to these Standard Terms or the RSUs granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.
INTEL CORPORATION
RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT
UNDER THE 2004 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

1. TERMS OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT

This Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (this “Agreement”), the Notice of Grant delivered herewith (the “Notice of Grant”) and the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”), as such may be amended from time to time, constitute the entire understanding between you and Intel Corporation (the “Corporation”) regarding the Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”) identified in your Notice of Grant.

2. SIGNATURE

If you fail to print and sign this Agreement and return it to Intel Benefit Services within 180 days of the Grant Date, the RSUs subject to your Notice of Grant will be cancelled, except as determined by the Corporation in its sole discretion.

3. VESTING OF RSUs

Provided that you remain continuously employed by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a full time basis from the Grant Date specified in the Notice of Grant through each vesting date specified in the Notice of Grant, the RSUs shall vest and be converted into the right to receive the number of shares of the Corporation’s Common Stock, $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), specified on the Notice of Grant with respect to such vesting date, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement. If a vesting date falls on a weekend or any other day on which the Nasdaq Stock Market ("NASDAQ") is not open, affected RSUs shall vest on the next following NASDAQ business day. The number of shares of Common Stock into which RSUs convert as specified in the Notice of Grant shall be adjusted for stock splits and similar matters as specified in and pursuant to the 2004 Plan.

RSUs will vest to the extent provided in and in accordance with the terms of the Notice of Grant and this Agreement. If your status as an Employee terminates for any reason except death, Disablement (defined below) or Retirement (defined below), prior to the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant, your unvested RSUs will be cancelled.

4. CONVERSION INTO COMMON STOCK

1. 
Shares of Common Stock will be issued or become free of restrictions as soon as practicable following vesting of the RSUs, provided that you have satisfied your tax withholding obligations as specified under Section 11 of this Agreement and you have completed, signed and returned any documents and taken any additional action that the Corporation deems appropriate to enable it to accomplish the delivery of the shares of Common Stock. The shares of Common Stock will be issued in your name or, in the event of your death or Disablement, to your executor or personal representative, and may be effected by recording shares on the stock records of the Corporation or by crediting shares in an account established on your behalf with a brokerage firm or other custodian, in each case as determined by the Corporation. In no event will the Corporation be obligated to issue a fractional share.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) the Corporation shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock during any period when the Corporation determines that the conversion of a RSU or the delivery of shares hereunder would violate any laws of the United States or your country of residence or employment and/or may issue shares subject to any restrictive legends that, as determined by the Corporation's counsel, is necessary to comply with securities or other regulatory requirements, and (ii) the date on which shares are issued may include a delay in order to provide the Corporation such time as it determines appropriate to address tax withholding and other administrative matters.

5. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

a. Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you take a personal leave of absence under the Intel Leave Guidelines ("PLOA"), your RSUs will vest only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 5:

   i. If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:

      1. The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that (but for this provision) would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated) or, if you return on a day that the NASDAQ is not open, the next following NASDAQ business day; and

      2. The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that are scheduled to vest following the date that the PLOA is terminated shall not be affected by the PLOA.

   ii. If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that follow the commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred beyond the dates

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set forth in the Notice of Grant by a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA.

iii. If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA, then in addition to the effect on the vesting dates set forth in clause (a)(i) and (a)(ii) of this Section 5, any RSUs that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be cancelled as of the date of your termination of employment, as applicable, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 8 through 10 hereof.

b. If you take an approved Leave of Absence other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of RSUs shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

6. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF RSU FOR MISCONDUCT

If at any time the Committee of the Board of Directors of the Corporation established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”), including any Subcommittee or “Authorized Officer” (as defined in Section 8(a)(v) of the 2004 Plan) notifies the Corporation that they reasonably believe that you have committed an act of misconduct as described in Section 8(a)(v) of the 2004 Plan (embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, nonpayment of any obligation owed to the Corporation, breach of fiduciary duty or deliberate disregard of Corporation rules resulting in loss, damage or injury to the Corporation, unauthorized disclosure of any Corporation trade secret or confidential information, any conduct constituting unfair competition, inducing any customer to breach a contract with the Corporation or inducing any principal for whom the Corporation acts as agent to terminate such agency relationship), the vesting of your RSUs may be suspended pending a determination of whether an act of misconduct has been committed. If the Corporation determines that you have committed an act of misconduct, all RSUs not vested as of the date the Corporation was notified that you may have committed an act of misconduct shall be cancelled and neither you nor any beneficiary shall be entitled to any claim with respect to the RSUs whatsoever. Any determination by the Committee or an Authorized Officer with respect to the foregoing shall be final, conclusive, and binding on all interested parties.

7. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than on account of death, Disablement (defined below) or Retirement (defined below), all RSUs not then vested shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is as a result of a divestiture or otherwise. For purposes of this Section 7, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which the Corporation or a Subsidiary is a party...
shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) the entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are specifically designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.

For purposes of this provision, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from the Corporation or a Subsidiary, you are rehired by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel RSU grants, nor would your transfer from the Corporation to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to the Corporation be deemed a termination of employment.

8. DEATH

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die while employed by the Corporation, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

9. DISABILITY

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement and upon your termination of employment as a result of a determination of Disablement, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

For purposes of this Section 9, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

10. RETIREMENT

For purposes of this Agreement, “Retirement” shall mean either Standard Retirement (as defined below) or the Rule of 75 (as defined below). Upon your Retirement, vesting of your RSUs shall be accelerated to the extent provided in Section 10(a) or Section 10(b) below (but not to the extent provided under both provisions together), whichever results in the greater number of RSUs vesting:

a. If you retire at or after age 60 (“Standard Retirement”), then all RSUs that were scheduled to vest within a number of whole years from the date of your Retirement determined by dividing the number of years that you have been employed by the Corporation (measured in complete, whole years) by five (5), rounded down to the nearest whole number of years, shall vest as of the
date of your Retirement. No vesting acceleration shall occur for any periods of employment of less than five (5) years; or

b. If, when you terminate employment with the entire Corporation, your age plus years of service (in each case measured in complete, whole years) equals or exceeds 75 ("Rule of 75"), then all RSUs that were scheduled to vest within one year of the date of your Retirement shall vest as of the date of your Retirement.

11. TAX WITHHOLDING

RSUs are taxable upon vesting based on the market value in accordance with the tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. RSUs are taxable in accordance with the existing or future tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. If you are an U.S. citizen or expatriate, you may also be subject to U.S. tax laws.

To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you for the payment and satisfaction of any income tax, social security tax, payroll tax, social taxes, applicable national or local taxes, payment on account or other tax related to withholding obligations that arise by reason of granting of a RSU, vesting of a RSU or any sale of shares of the Common Stock (whichever is applicable).

The Corporation shall not be required to issue or lift any restrictions on shares of the Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied.

Unless provided otherwise by the Committee, these obligations will be satisfied by the Corporation withholding a number of shares of Common Stock that would otherwise be issued under the RSUs that the Corporation determines has a Market Value sufficient to meet the tax withholding obligations. In the event that the Committee provides that these obligations will not be satisfied under the method described in the previous sentence, you authorize UBS Financial Services Inc., or any successor plan administrator, to sell a number of shares of Common Stock that are issued under the RSUs, which the Corporation determines is sufficient to meet an amount that meets the tax withholding obligations plus additional shares to account for rounding and market fluctuations, and to pay such tax withholding to the Corporation. The shares may be sold as part of a block trade with other participants of the 2004 Plan in which all participants receive an average price. For this purpose, “Market Value” will be calculated as the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ on the day your RSUs vest. The future value of the underlying shares of Common Stock is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty.
You are ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed by you in connection with your RSUs, regardless of any action the Corporation takes or any transaction pursuant to this Section 11 with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the RSUs. The Corporation makes no representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, issuance, vesting or settlement of the RSUs or the subsequent sale of any of the shares of Common Stock underlying the RSUs that vest. The Corporation does not commit and is under no obligation to structure the RSU program to reduce or eliminate your tax liability.

12. RIGHTS AS A STOCKHOLDER

Your RSUs may not be otherwise transferred or assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of in any way, whether by operation of law or otherwise, and may not be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Any attempt to transfer, assign, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of your RSUs other than as permitted above, shall be void and unenforceable against the Corporation.

You will have the rights of a stockholder only after shares of the Common Stock have been issued to you following vesting of your RSUs and satisfaction of all other conditions to the issuance of those shares as set forth in this Agreement. RSUs shall not entitle you to any rights of a stockholder of Common Stock and there are no voting or dividend rights with respect to your RSUs. RSUs shall remain terminable pursuant to this Agreement at all times until they vest and convert into shares. As a condition to having the right to receive shares of Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs, you acknowledge that unvested RSUs shall have no value for purposes of any aspect of your employment relationship with the Corporation.

13. DISPUTES

Any question concerning the interpretation of this Agreement, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan, any adjustments required to be made thereunder, and any controversy that may arise under the Standard Terms, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan shall be determined by the Committee (including any person(s) to whom the Committee has delegated its authority) in its sole and absolute discretion. Such decision by the Committee shall be final and binding unless determined pursuant to Section 16(e) to have been arbitrary and capricious.

14. AMENDMENTS

The 2004 Plan and RSUs may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of the Corporation to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

15. DATA PRIVACY
You explicitly and unambiguously consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data as described in this document by the Corporation for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan.

You hereby understand that the Corporation holds certain personal information about you, including, but not limited to, your name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all RSUs or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in your favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the 2004 Plan ("Data"). You hereby understand that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the 2004 Plan, that these recipients may be located in your country or elsewhere, and that the recipient's country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You hereby understand that you may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting your local human resources representative. You authorize the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required to a broker or other third party with whom you may elect to deposit any shares of Common Stock acquired under your RSUs. You hereby understand that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage your participation in the 2004 Plan. You hereby understand that you may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing your local human resources representative. You hereby understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect your ability to participate in the 2004 Plan. For more information on the consequences of your refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, you hereby understand that you may contact the human resources representative responsible for your country at the local or regional level.

16. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER TERMS; OTHER MATTERS

a. Certain capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined in the 2004 Plan. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the RSUs are superseded by this Agreement and your Notice of Grant.
The grant of RSUs to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate the Corporation or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that the Corporation or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any given amount.

b. To the extent that the grant of RSUs refers to the Common Stock of Intel Corporation, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon vesting in accord with the terms hereof.

c. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the RSUs covered by this Agreement shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify this Agreement or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested RSUs at the time of such determination.

d. Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

e. Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may be issued shares of Common Stock of Intel Corporation, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the RSUs granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.

f. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or the applicable Notice of Grant, your RSUs are subject to reduction by the Corporation if you change your employment classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.

g. RSUs are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

h. In consideration of the grant of RSUs, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of your RSUs or diminution in value of the RSUs or Common Stock acquired through vested RSUs resulting from termination of your active employment by the Corporation (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and you hereby release the Corporation from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a
court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then you shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived your entitlement to pursue such claim.

i. Notwithstanding any terms or conditions of the 2004 Plan to the contrary, in the event of involuntary termination of your employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to receive the RSUs and vest in RSUs under the 2004 Plan, if any, will terminate effective as of the date that you are no longer actively employed and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law (e.g., active employment would not include a period of “garden leave” or similar period pursuant to local law); furthermore, in the event of involuntary termination of employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to sell shares of Common Stock that converted from vested RSUs after termination of employment, if any, will be measured by the date of termination of your active employment and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law.

j. Notwithstanding any provision of these Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant or the 2004 Plan to the contrary, if, at the time of your termination of employment with the Corporation, you are a “specified employee” as defined in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”), and one or more of the payments or benefits received or to be received by you pursuant to the RSUs would constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, no such payment or benefit will be provided under the RSUs until the earliest of (A) the date which is six (6) months after your “separation from service” for any reason, other than death or “disability” (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(C) of the Code) or (B) the date of your death or “disability” (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(C) of the Code) or (C) the effective date of a “change in the ownership or effective control” of the Corporation (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(v) of the Code). The provisions of this Section 16(j) shall only apply to the extent required to avoid your incurrence of any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder. In addition, if any provision of the RSUs would cause you to incur any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder, the Corporation may reform such provision to maintain to the maximum extent practicable the original intent of the applicable provision without violating the provisions of Section 409A of the Code.

By your signature below, you and Intel Corporation agree that the RSUs identified in your Notice of Grant are governed by the terms of this Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan. You further acknowledge that you have read and understood the terms of the RSUs set forth in this Agreement.

FAILURE TO SIGN AND RETURN WITHIN 180 DAYS OF THE GRANT DATE WILL RESULT IN CANCELLATION OF THE RSUs (SEE SECTION 2 OF THIS AGREEMENT).
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INTEL CORPORATION
RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT
UNDER THE 2004 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

1. TERMS OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT
This Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (this “Agreement”), the Notice of Grant delivered herewith (the “Notice of Grant”) and the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”), as such may be amended from time to time, constitute the entire understanding between you and Intel Corporation (the “Corporation”) regarding the Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”) identified in your Notice of Grant.

2. VESTING OF RSUs
Provided that you remain continuously employed by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a full time basis from the Grant Date specified in the Notice of Grant through each vesting date specified in the Notice of Grant, the RSUs shall vest and be converted into the right to receive the number of shares of the Corporation’s Common Stock, $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), specified on the Notice of Grant with respect to such vesting date, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement. If a vesting date falls on a weekend or any other day on which the Nasdaq Stock Market (“NASDAQ”) is not open, affected RSUs shall vest on the next following NASDAQ business day. The number of shares of Common Stock into which RSUs convert as specified in the Notice of Grant shall be adjusted for stock splits and similar matters as specified in and pursuant to the 2004 Plan.

RSUs will vest to the extent provided in and in accordance with the terms of the Notice of Grant and this Agreement. If your status as an Employee terminates for any reason except death, Disablement (defined below) or Retirement (defined below), prior to the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant, your unvested RSUs will be cancelled.

3. CONVERSION INTO COMMON STOCK
Shares of Common Stock will be issued or become free of restrictions as soon as practicable following vesting of the RSUs, provided that you have satisfied your tax withholding obligations as specified under Section 10 of this Agreement and you have completed, signed and returned any documents and taken any additional action that the Corporation deems appropriate to enable it to accomplish the delivery of the shares of Common Stock. The shares of Common Stock will be issued in your name or, in the event of your death or Disablement, to your executor or personal representative, and may be effected by recording shares on the stock.
records of the Corporation or by crediting shares in an account established on your behalf with a brokerage firm or other custodian, in each case as
determined by the Corporation. In no event will the Corporation be obligated to issue a fractional share.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) the Corporation shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock during any period when the Corporation
determines that the conversion of a RSU or the delivery of shares hereunder would violate any laws of the United States or your country of residence or
employment and/or may issue shares subject to any restrictive legends that, as determined by the Corporation’s counsel, is necessary to comply with
securities or other regulatory requirements, and (ii) the date on which shares are issued may include a delay in order to provide the Corporation such time as
it determines appropriate to address tax withholding and other administrative matters.

4. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

(a) Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you take a personal leave of absence under the Intel Leave Guidelines ("PLOA"), your
RSUs will vest only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 4:

(1) If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:
   a) The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that (but for this provision) would have vested during the PLOA shall be
defered until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated) or, if you return on a day that the NASDAQ is not
open, the next following NASDAQ business day; and
   b) The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that are scheduled to vest following the date that the PLOA is terminated shall
not be affected by the PLOA.

(2) If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that follow the
commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred beyond the dates set forth in the Notice of Grant by a period of time equal to the duration of the
PLOA.

(3) If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA, then in addition to the effect on the vesting dates set forth in clause (a)(i) and (a)
(ii) of this Section 4, any RSUs that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be cancelled as of the date of your termination of
employment, as applicable, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 7 through 9 hereof.
(b) If you take an approved Leave of Absence other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of RSUs shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

5. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF RSU FOR MISCONDUCT

If at any time the Committee of the Board of Directors of the Corporation established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”), including any Subcommittee or “Authorized Officer” (as defined in Section 8. (a)(v) of the 2004 Plan) notifies the Corporation that they reasonably believe that you have committed an act of misconduct as described in Section 8. (a)(v) of the 2004 Plan (embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, nonpayment of any obligation owed to the Corporation, breach of fiduciary duty or deliberate disregard of Corporation rules resulting in loss, damage or injury to the Corporation, an unauthorized disclosure of any Corporation trade secret or confidential information, any conduct constituting unfair competition, inducing any customer to breach a contract with the Corporation or inducing any principal for whom the Corporation acts as agent to terminate such agency relationship), the vesting of your RSUs may be suspended pending a determination of whether an act of misconduct has been committed. If the Corporation determines that you have committed an act of misconduct, all RSUs not vested as of the date the Corporation was notified that you may have committed an act of misconduct shall be cancelled and neither you nor any beneficiary shall be entitled to any claim with respect to the RSUs whatsoever. Any determination by the Committee or an Authorized Officer with respect to the foregoing shall be final, conclusive, and binding on all interested parties.

6. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than on account of death, Disablement (defined below) or Retirement (defined below), all RSUs not then vested shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is as a result of a divestiture or otherwise. For purposes of this Section 6, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which the Corporation or a Subsidiary is a party shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) an the entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are specifically designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.

For purposes of this provision, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from the Corporation or a Subsidiary, you are rehired by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel RSU grants, nor would your transfer from the Corporation to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to the Corporation be deemed a termination of employment.
7. DEATH

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die while employed by the Corporation, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

8. DISABILITY

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement and upon your termination of employment as a result of a determination of Disablement, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

For purposes of this Section 8, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

9. RETIREMENT

For purposes of this Agreement, “Retirement” shall mean either Standard Retirement (as defined below) or the Rule of 75 (as defined below). Upon your Retirement, vesting of your RSUs shall be accelerated to the extent provided in Section 9(a) or Section 9(b) below (but not to the extent provided under both provisions together), whichever results in the greater number of RSUs vesting:

(a) If you retire at or after age 60 (“Standard Retirement”), then all RSUs that were scheduled to vest within a number of whole years from the date of your Retirement determined by dividing the number of years that you have been employed by the Corporation (measured in complete, whole years) by five (5), rounded down to the nearest whole number of years, shall vest as of the date of your Retirement. No vesting acceleration shall occur for any periods of employment of less than five (5) years; or

(b) If, when you terminate employment with the entire Corporation, your age plus years of service (in each case measured in complete, whole years) equals or exceeds 75 (“Rule of 75”), then all RSUs that were scheduled to vest within one year of the date of your Retirement shall vest as of the date of your Retirement.

10. TAX WITHHOLDING

RSUs are taxable upon vesting based on the market value in accordance with the tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. RSUs are taxable in accordance with the existing or future tax laws of the country where you are
resident or employed. If you are an U.S. citizen or expatriate, you may also be subject to U.S. tax laws.

To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you for the payment and satisfaction of any income tax, social security tax, payroll tax, social taxes, applicable national or local taxes, payment on account or other tax related to withholding obligations that arise by reason of granting of a RSU, vesting of a RSU or any sale of shares of the Common Stock (whichever is applicable).

The Corporation shall not be required to issue or lift any restrictions on shares of the Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied.

Unless provided otherwise by the Committee, these obligations will be satisfied by the Corporation withholding a number of shares of Common Stock that would otherwise be issued under the RSUs that the Corporation determines has a Market Value sufficient to meet the tax withholding obligations. In the event that the Committee provides that these obligations will not be satisfied under the method described in the previous sentence, you authorize UBS Financial Services Inc., or any successor plan administrator, to sell a number of shares of Common Stock that are issued under the RSUs, which the Corporation determines is sufficient to generate an amount that meets the tax withholding obligations plus additional shares to account for rounding and market fluctuations, and to pay such tax withholding to the Corporation. The shares may be sold as part of a block trade with other participants of the 2004 Plan in which all participants receive an average price. For this purpose, “Market Value” will be calculated as the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ on the day your RSUs vest. The future value of the underlying shares of Common Stock is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty.

You are ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed by you in connection with your RSUs, regardless of any action the Corporation takes or any transaction pursuant to this Section 10 with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the RSUs. The Corporation makes no representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, issuance, vesting or settlement of the RSUs or the subsequent sale of any of the shares of Common Stock underlying the RSUs that vest. The Corporation does not commit and is under no obligation to structure the RSU program to reduce or eliminate your tax liability.

11. RIGHTS AS A STOCKHOLDER

Your RSUs may not be otherwise transferred or assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of in any way, whether by operation of law or otherwise, and may not be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Any attempt to
transfer, assign, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of your RSUs other than as permitted above, shall be void and unenforceable against the Corporation.

You will have the rights of a stockholder only after shares of the Common Stock have been issued to you following vesting of your RSUs and satisfaction of all other conditions to the issuance of those shares as set forth in this Agreement. RSUs shall not entitle you to any rights of a stockholder of Common Stock and there are no voting or dividend rights with respect to your RSUs. RSUs shall remain terminable pursuant to this Agreement at all times until they vest and convert into shares. As a condition to having the right to receive shares of Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs, you acknowledge that unvested RSUs shall have no value for purposes of any aspect of your employment relationship with the Corporation.

12. DISPUTES

Any question concerning the interpretation of this Agreement, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan, any adjustments required to be made thereunder, and any controversy that may arise under the Standard Terms, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan shall be determined by the Committee (including any person(s) to whom the Committee has delegated its authority) in its sole and absolute discretion. Such decision by the Committee shall be final and binding unless determined pursuant to Section 14(f) to have been arbitrary and capricious.

13. AMENDMENTS

The 2004 Plan and RSUs may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of the Corporation to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

14. DATA PRIVACY

You explicitly and unambiguously consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data as described in this document by the Corporation for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan.

You hereby understand that the Corporation holds certain personal information about you, including, but not limited to, your name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all RSUs or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in your favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the 2004 Plan ("Data"). You hereby understand that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the 2004 Plan, that these recipients may be located in your country or elsewhere, and that the recipient’s country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You hereby understand that you may request a list with the
names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting your local human resources representative. You authorize the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required to a broker or other third party with whom you may elect to deposit any shares of Common Stock acquired under your RSUs. You hereby understand that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage your participation in the 2004 Plan. You hereby understand that you may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing your local human resources representative. You hereby understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect your ability to participate in the 2004 Plan. For more information on the consequences of your refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, you hereby understand that you may contact the human resources representative responsible for your country at the local or regional level.

15. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER TERMS; OTHER MATTERS

(a) Certain capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined in the 2004 Plan. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the RSUs are superseded by this Agreement and your Notice of Grant.

The grant of RSUs to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate the Corporation or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that the Corporation or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any given amount.

(b) To the extent that the grant of RSUs refers to the Common Stock of Intel Corporation, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon vesting in accord with the terms hereof.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the RSUs covered by this Agreement shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify this Agreement or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested RSUs at the time of such determination.

(d) Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.
Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may be issued shares of Common Stock of Intel Corporation, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the RSUs granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or the applicable Notice of Grant, your RSUs are subject to reduction by the Corporation if you change your employment classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.

RSUs are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

In consideration of the grant of RSUs, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of your RSUs or diminution in value of the RSUs or Common Stock acquired through vested RSUs resulting from termination of your active employment by the Corporation (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and you hereby release the Corporation from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then you shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived your entitlement to pursue such claim.

Notwithstanding any terms or conditions of the 2004 Plan to the contrary, in the event of involuntary termination of your employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to receive the RSUs and vest in RSUs under the 2004 Plan, if any, will terminate effective as of the date that you are no longer actively employed and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law (e.g., active employment would not include a period of “garden leave” or similar period pursuant to local law); furthermore, in the event of involuntary termination of employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to sell shares of Common Stock that converted from vested RSUs after termination of employment, if any, will be measured by the date of termination of your active employment and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law.

Notwithstanding any provision of these Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant or the 2004 Plan to the contrary, if, at the time of your termination of employment with the Corporation, you are a “specified employee” as defined in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”), and one or more of the payments or benefits received or to be received by you pursuant to the RSUs would constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, no such payment or benefit will be provided under the RSUs until the
earliest of (A) the date which is six (6) months after your “separation from service” for any reason, other than death or “disability” (as such terms are used in Section 409A(a)(2) of the Code), (B) the date of your death or “disability” (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(C) of the Code) or (C) the effective date of a “change in the ownership or effective control” of the Corporation (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(v) of the Code). The provisions of this Section 15(j) shall only apply to the extent required to avoid your incurrence of any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder. In addition, if any provision of the RSUs would cause you to incur any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder, the Corporation may reform such provision to maintain to the maximum extent practicable the original intent of the applicable provision without violating the provisions of Section 409A of the Code.
1. TERMS OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT

This Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (this “Agreement”), the Notice of Grant delivered herewith (the “Notice of Grant”) and the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”), as such may be amended from time to time, constitute the entire understanding between you and Intel Corporation (the “Corporation”) regarding the Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”) identified in your Notice of Grant.

2. SIGNATURE

If you fail to electronically sign this Agreement within 180 days of the Grant Date, the RSUs subject to your Notice of Grant will be cancelled, except as determined by the Corporation in its sole discretion.

3. VESTING OF RSUs

Provided that you remain continuously employed by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a full time basis from the Grant Date specified in the Notice of Grant through each vesting date specified in the Notice of Grant, the RSUs shall vest and be converted into the right to receive the number of shares of the Corporation’s Common Stock, $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), specified on the Notice of Grant with respect to such vesting date, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement. If a vesting date falls on a weekend or any other day on which the Nasdaq Stock Market (“NASDAQ”) is not open, affected RSUs shall vest on the next following NASDAQ business day. The number of shares of Common Stock into which RSUs convert as specified in the Notice of Grant shall be adjusted for stock splits and similar matters as specified in and pursuant to the 2004 Plan.

RSUs will vest to the extent provided in and in accordance with the terms of the Notice of Grant and this Agreement. If your status as an Employee terminates for any reason except death, Disablement (defined below) or Retirement (defined below), prior to the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant, your unvested RSUs will be cancelled.

4. CONVERSION INTO COMMON STOCK

1. 
Shares of Common Stock will be issued or become free of restrictions as soon as practicable following vesting of the RSUs, provided that you have satisfied your tax withholding obligations as specified under Section 11 of this Agreement and you have completed, signed and returned any documents and taken any additional action that the Corporation deems appropriate to enable it to accomplish the delivery of the shares of Common Stock. The shares of Common Stock will be issued in your name or, in the event of your death or Disablement, to your executor or personal representative, and may be effected by recording shares on the stock records of the Corporation or by crediting shares in an account established on your behalf with a brokerage firm or other custodian, in each case as determined by the Corporation. In no event will the Corporation be obligated to issue a fractional share.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) the Corporation shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock during any period when the Corporation determines that the conversion of a RSU or the delivery of shares hereunder would violate any laws of the United States or your country of residence or employment and/or may issue shares subject to any restrictive legends that, as determined by the Corporation’s counsel, is necessary to comply with securities or other regulatory requirements, and (ii) the date on which shares are issued may include a delay in order to provide the Corporation such time as it determines appropriate to address tax withholding and other administrative matters.

5. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

a. Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you take a personal leave of absence under the Intel Leave Guidelines (“PLOA”), your RSUs will vest only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 5:

   i. If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:

      1. The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that (but for this provision) would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated) or, if you return on a day that the NASDAQ is not open, the next following NASDAQ business day; and

      2. The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that are scheduled to vest following the date that the PLOA is terminated shall not be affected by the PLOA.

   ii. If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that follow the commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred beyond the dates
set forth in the Notice of Grant by a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA.

iii. If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA, then in addition to the effect on the vesting dates set forth in clause (a)(i) and (a)(ii) of this Section 5, any RSUs that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be cancelled as of the date of your termination of employment, as applicable, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 8 through 10 hereof.

b. If you take an approved Leave of Absence other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of RSUs shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

6. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF RSU FOR MISCONDUCT

If at any time the Committee of the Board of Directors of the Corporation established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”), including any Subcommittee or “Authorized Officer” (as defined in Section 8(a)(v) of the 2004 Plan) notifies the Corporation that they reasonably believe that you have committed an act of misconduct as described in Section 8(a)(v) of the 2004 Plan (embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, nonpayment of any obligation owed to the Corporation, breach of fiduciary duty or deliberate disregard of Corporation rules resulting in loss, damage or injury to the Corporation, an unauthorized disclosure of any Corporation trade secret or confidential information, any conduct constituting unfair competition, inducing any customer to breach a contract with the Corporation or inducing any principal for whom the Corporation acts as agent to terminate such agency relationship), the vesting of your RSUs may be suspended pending a determination of whether an act of misconduct has been committed. If the Corporation determines that you have committed an act of misconduct, all RSUs not vested as of the date the Corporation was notified that you may have committed an act of misconduct shall be cancelled and neither you nor any beneficiary shall be entitled to any claim with respect to the RSUs whatsoever. Any determination by the Committee or an Authorized Officer with respect to the foregoing shall be final, conclusive, and binding on all interested parties.

7. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than on account of death, Disablement (defined below) or Retirement (defined below), all RSUs not then vested shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is as a result of a divestiture or otherwise. For purposes of this Section 7, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which the Corporation or a Subsidiary is a party
shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) an the entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are specifically designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.

For purposes of this provision, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from the Corporation or a Subsidiary, you are rehired by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel RSU grants, nor would your transfer from the Corporation to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to the Corporation be deemed a termination of employment.

8. DEATH

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die while employed by the Corporation, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

9. DISABILITY

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement and upon your termination of employment as a result of a determination of Disablement, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

For purposes of this Section 9, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

10. RETIREMENT

For purposes of this Agreement, “Retirement” shall mean either Standard Retirement (as defined below) or the Rule of 75 (as defined below). Upon your Retirement, vesting of your RSUs shall be accelerated to the extent provided in Section 10(a) or Section 10(b) below (but not to the extent provided under both provisions together), whichever results in the greater number of RSUs vesting:

a. If you retire at or after age 60 (“Standard Retirement”), then all RSUs that were scheduled to vest within a number of whole years from the date of your Retirement determined by dividing the number of years that you have been employed by the Corporation (measured in complete, whole years) by five (5), rounded down to the nearest whole number of years, shall vest as of the
date of your Retirement. No vesting acceleration shall occur for any periods of employment of less than five (5) years; or

b. If, when you terminate employment with the entire Corporation, your age plus years of service (in each case measured in complete, whole years) equals or exceeds 75 (“Rule of 75”), then all RSUs that were scheduled to vest within one year of the date of your Retirement shall vest as of the date of your Retirement.

11. TAX WITHHOLDING

RSUs are taxable upon vesting based on the market value in accordance with the tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. RSUs are taxable in accordance with the existing or future tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. If you are an U.S. citizen or expatriate, you may also be subject to U.S. tax laws.

To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you for the payment and satisfaction of any income tax, social security tax, payroll tax, social taxes, applicable national or local taxes, payment on account or other tax related to withholding obligations that arise by reason of granting of a RSU, vesting of a RSU or any sale of shares of the Common Stock (whichever is applicable).

The Corporation shall not be required to issue or lift any restrictions on shares of the Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied.

Unless provided otherwise by the Committee, these obligations will be satisfied by the Corporation withholding a number of shares of Common Stock that would otherwise be issued under the RSUs that the Corporation determines has a Market Value sufficient to meet the tax withholding obligations. In the event that the Committee provides that these obligations will not be satisfied under the method described in the previous sentence, you authorize UBS Financial Services Inc., or any successor plan administrator, to sell a number of shares of Common Stock that are issued under the RSUs, which the Corporation determines is sufficient to generate an amount that meets the tax withholding obligations plus additional shares to account for rounding and market fluctuations, and to pay such tax withholding to the Corporation. The shares may be sold as part of a block trade with other participants of the 2004 Plan in which all participants receive an average price. For this purpose, “Market Value” will be calculated as the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ on the day your RSUs vest. The future value of
the underlying shares of Common Stock is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty.

You are ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed by you in connection with your RSUs, regardless of any action the Corporation takes or any transaction pursuant to this Section 11 with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the RSUs. The Corporation makes no representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, issuance, vesting or settlement of the RSUs or the subsequent sale of any of the shares of Common Stock underlying the RSUs that vest. The Corporation does not commit and is under no obligation to structure the RSU program to reduce or eliminate your tax liability.

12. RIGHTS AS A STOCKHOLDER

Your RSUs may not be otherwise transferred or assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of in any way, whether by operation of law or otherwise, and may not be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Any attempt to transfer, assign, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of your RSUs other than as permitted above, shall be void and unenforceable against the Corporation.

You will have the rights of a stockholder only after shares of the Common Stock have been issued to you following vesting of your RSUs and satisfaction of all other conditions to the issuance of those shares as set forth in this Agreement. RSUs shall not entitle you to any rights of a stockholder of Common Stock and there are no voting or dividend rights with respect to your RSUs. RSUs shall remain terminable pursuant to this Agreement at all times until they vest and convert into shares. As a condition to having the right to receive shares of Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs, you acknowledge that unvested RSUs shall have no value for purposes of any aspect of your employment relationship with the Corporation.

13. DISPUTES

Any question concerning the interpretation of this Agreement, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan, any adjustments required to be made thereunder, and any controversy that may arise under the Standard Terms, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan shall be determined by the Committee (including any person(s) to whom the Committee has delegated its authority) in its sole and absolute discretion. Such decision by the Committee shall be final and binding unless determined pursuant to Section 16(e) to have been arbitrary and capricious.

14. AMENDMENTS
The 2004 Plan and RSUs may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of the Corporation to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

15. DATA PRIVACY

You explicitly and unambiguously consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data as described in this document by the Corporation for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan.

You hereby understand that the Corporation holds certain personal information about you, including, but not limited to, your name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all RSUs or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in your favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the 2004 Plan ("Data"). You hereby understand that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the 2004 Plan, that these recipients may be located in your country or elsewhere, and that the recipient's country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You hereby understand that you may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting your local human resources representative. You authorize the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required to a broker or other third party with whom you may elect to deposit any shares of Common Stock acquired under your RSUs. You hereby understand that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage your participation in the 2004 Plan. You hereby understand that you may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing your local human resources representative. You hereby understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect your ability to participate in the 2004 Plan. For more information on the consequences of your refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, you hereby understand that you may contact the human resources representative responsible for your country at the local or regional level.

16. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER TERMS; OTHER MATTERS
a. Certain capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined in the 2004 Plan. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the RSUs are superseded by this Agreement and your Notice of Grant.

The grant of RSUs to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate the Corporation or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that the Corporation or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any given amount.

b. To the extent that the grant of RSUs refers to the Common Stock of Intel Corporation, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon vesting in accord with the terms hereof.

c. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the RSUs covered by this Agreement shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify this Agreement or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested RSUs at the time of such determination.

d. Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

e. Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may be issued shares of Common Stock of Intel Corporation, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the RSUs granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.

f. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or the applicable Notice of Grant, your RSUs are subject to reduction by the Corporation if you change your employment classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.

g. RSUs are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

h. In consideration of the grant of RSUs, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of your RSUs or diminution in value of the RSUs or Common Stock acquired through vested RSUs resulting from termination of your active employment by the
Corporation (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and you hereby release the Corporation from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then you shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived your entitlement to pursue such claim.

i. Notwithstanding any terms or conditions of the 2004 Plan to the contrary, in the event of involuntary termination of your employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to receive the RSUs and vest in RSUs under the 2004 Plan, if any, will terminate effective as of the date that you are no longer actively employed and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law (e.g., active employment would not include a period of “garden leave” or similar period pursuant to local law); furthermore, in the event of involuntary termination of employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to sell shares of Common Stock that converted from vested RSUs after termination of employment, if any, will be measured by the date of termination of your active employment and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law.

j. Notwithstanding any provision of these Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant or the 2004 Plan to the contrary, if, at the time of your termination of employment with the Corporation, you are a “specified employee” as defined in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”), and one or more of the payments or benefits received or to be received by you pursuant to the RSUs would constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, no such payment or benefit will be provided under the RSUs until the earliest of (A) the date which is six (6) months after your “separation from service” for any reason, other than death or “disability” (as such terms are used in Section 409A(a)(2)(C) of the Code) or (C) the effective date of a “change in the ownership or effective control” of the Corporation (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(v) of the Code). The provisions of this Section 16(j) shall only apply to the extent required to avoid your incurrence of any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder. In addition, if any provision of the RSUs would cause you to incur any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder, the Corporation may reform such provision to maintain to the maximum extent practicable the original intent of the applicable provision without violating the provisions of Section 409A of the Code.

By your electronic signature, you and Intel Corporation agree that the RSUs identified in your Notice of Grant are governed by the terms of this Agreement, the Notice of Grant

9.
and the 2004 Plan. You further acknowledge that you have read and understood the terms of the RSUs set forth in this Agreement.

FAILURE TO ELECTRONICALLY SIGN WITHIN 180 DAYS OF THE GRANT DATE WILL RESULT IN CANCELLATION OF THE RSUs (SEE SECTION 2 OF THIS AGREEMENT).
INTEL CORPORATION
2004 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS RELATING TO NON-QUALIFIED STOCK OPTIONS GRANTED ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 1, 2006 UNDER
THE INTEL CORPORATION 2004 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN (other than grants made under the SOP Plus or ELTSOP programs)

1. TERMS OF OPTION

The following standard terms and conditions (“Standard Terms”) apply to Non-Qualified Stock Options granted to U.S. employees under the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”) (other than grants made under the SOP Plus or ELTSOP programs).

2. NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION

The option is not intended to be an incentive stock option under Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”) and will be interpreted accordingly.

3. OPTION PRICE

The exercise price of the option (the “option price”) is 100% of the market value of the common stock of Intel Corporation (“Intel” or the “Corporation”), $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), on the date of grant, as specified in the Notice of Grant. “Market value” means the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ.

4. TERM OF OPTION AND EXERCISE OF OPTION

To the extent the option has become exercisable (vested) during the periods indicated in the Notice of Grant and has not been previously exercised, and subject to termination or acceleration as provided in these Standard Terms and the requirements of these Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan, you may exercise the option to purchase up to the number of shares of the Common Stock set forth in the Notice of Grant. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 5 or Sections 7 through 10 hereof, no part of the option may be exercised after seven (7) years from the date of grant.

The process for exercising the option (or any part thereof) is governed by these Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant, the 2004 Plan and your agreements with Intel’s stock plan administrator. Exercises of stock options will be processed as soon as practicable. The option price may be paid (a) in cash, (b) by...
arrangement with Intel’s stock plan administrator which is acceptable to Intel where payment of the option price is made pursuant to an irrevocable direction to the broker to deliver all or part of the proceeds from the sale of the shares of the Common Stock issuable under the option to Intel, (c) by delivery of any other lawful consideration approved in advance by the Committee of the Board of Directors of Intel established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”) or its delegate, or (d) in any combination of the foregoing. Fractional shares may not be exercised. Shares of the Common Stock will be issued as soon as practicable. You will have the rights of a stockholder only after the shares of the Common Stock have been issued. For administrative or other reasons, Intel may from time to time suspend the ability of employees to exercise options for limited periods of time.

Notwithstanding the above, Intel shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock during any period when Intel determines that the exercisability of the option or the delivery of shares hereunder would violate any federal, state or other applicable laws. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Standard Terms or the applicable Notice of Grant, Intel may reduce your unvested options if you change classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.

IF AN EXPIRATION DATE DESCRIBED HEREIN FALLS ON A WEEKEND OR ANY OTHER DAY ON WHICH THE NASDAQ STOCK MARKET (“NASDAQ”) IS NOT OPEN, YOU MUST EXERCISE YOUR OPTIONS BEFORE 3:45 P.M. NEW YORK TIME ON THE LAST NASDAQ BUSINESS DAY PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION DATE.

5. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

(a) Except as expressly provided otherwise in by these Standard Terms, if you take a personal leave of absence (“PLOA”), the option will be exercisable only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 5:

(1) If the duration of the PLOA is 365 days or less, you may exercise any part of the option that vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA at any time during the PLOA. If the duration of the PLOA is greater than 365 days, any part of the option that had vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA and that has not been exercised will terminate on the 365th day of the PLOA.

(2) If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:
a. The exercisability of any part of the option that would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated); and
b. Any part of the option that had not vested at the commencement of the PLOA and would not have vested during the PLOA shall vest in accordance with the normal schedule indicated in the Notice of Grant and shall not be affected by the PLOA.

(3) If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the exercisability of each part of the option scheduled to vest after commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred for a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA. If you terminate employment after returning from the PLOA but prior to the end of such deferral period, you shall have no right to exercise any unvested portion of the option, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 8 through 10 hereof, and such option shall terminate as of the date that your employment terminates.

(4) If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA:
   a. Any portions of the option that had vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be exercisable in accordance with Sections 7 through 10 hereof, as applicable; and
   b. Any portions of the option that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall terminate, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 8 through 10 hereof.

(b) If you take an approved Leave of Absence (“LOA”) other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of your options shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

6. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF OPTION FOR MISCONDUCT

If you have allegedly committed an act of misconduct as defined in the 2004 Plan, including, but not limited to, embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, unauthorized disclosure of trade secrets or confidential information, breach of fiduciary duty or nonpayment of an obligation owed to the Corporation, an Authorized Officer, as defined in the 2004 Plan, may suspend your right to exercise the option, pending a decision by the Committee (or Board of Directors, as the case may be) or an Authorized Officer to terminate the option. The option cannot be exercised during such suspension or after such termination.
7. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than death, Disablement (defined below), Retirement (defined below) or discharge for misconduct, you may exercise any portion of the option that had vested on or prior to the date of termination at any time prior to ninety (90) days after the date of such termination. The option shall terminate on the 90th day to the extent that it is unexercised. All unvested stock options shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is voluntary or involuntary.

For purposes of this Section 7, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from Intel or a Subsidiary, you are rehired by Intel or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel stock option grants, nor would your transfer from Intel to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to Intel be deemed a termination of employment. Further, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which Intel or a Subsidiary is a party shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) the entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.

8. DEATH

Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, if you die while employed by the Corporation, the executor of your will, administrator of your estate or any successor trustee of a grantor trust may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and whether or not vested on the date of death, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of death.

Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, if you die prior to ninety (90) days after terminating your employment with the Corporation, the executor of your will or administrator of your estate may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and to the extent the option had vested on or prior to the date of your employment termination, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of your employment termination.

The option shall terminate on the applicable expiration date described in this Section 8, to the extent that it is unexercised.

9. DISABILITY

Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, following your termination of employment due to Disablement, you may exercise the option, to
the extent not previously exercised and whether or not the option had vested on or prior to the date of employment termination, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of determination of your Disablement as described in this Section 9; provided, however, that while the claim of Disablement is pending, options that were unvested at termination of employment may not be exercised and options that were vested at termination of employment may be exercised only during the period set forth in Section 7 hereof. The option shall terminate on the 365th day from the date of determination of Disablement, to the extent that it is unexercised. For purposes of these Standard Terms, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

10. RETIREMENT

For purposes of these Standard Terms, “Retirement” shall mean either Standard Retirement (as defined below) or the Rule of 75 (as defined below). Following your Retirement, the vesting of the option, to the extent that it had not vested on or prior to the date of your Retirement, shall be accelerated as follows:

(a) If you retire at or after age 60 (“Standard Retirement”), you will receive one year of additional vesting from your date of Retirement for every five (5) years that you have been employed by the Corporation (measured in complete, whole years). No vesting acceleration shall occur for any periods of employment of less than five (5) years; or

(b) If, when you terminate employment with Intel, your age plus years of service (in each case measured in complete, whole years) equals or exceeds 75 (“Rule of 75”), you will receive accelerated vesting of any portion of the option that would have vested prior to 365 days from the date of your Retirement.

You will receive vesting acceleration pursuant to either Standard Retirement or the Rule of 75, but not both. Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, following your Retirement from the Corporation, you may exercise the option at any time prior to 365 days from the date of your Retirement, to the extent that it had vested as of the date of your Retirement or to the extent that vesting of the option is accelerated pursuant to this Section 10. The option shall terminate on the 365th day from your date of Retirement, to the extent that it is unexercised.

11. INCOME TAXES WITHHOLDING

5.
Nonqualified stock options are taxable upon exercise. To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to Intel for the satisfaction of any withholding tax obligations that arise by reason of an option exercise and, if applicable, any sale of shares of the Common Stock. Intel shall not be required to issue shares of the Common Stock or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied. The Committee may permit these obligations to be satisfied by having Intel withhold a portion of the shares of the Common Stock that otherwise would be issued to you upon exercise of the option, or to the extent permitted by the Committee, by tendering shares of the Common Stock previously acquired.

12. TRANSFERABILITY OF OPTION

Unless otherwise provided by the Committee, each option shall be transferable only

(a) pursuant to your will or upon your death to your beneficiaries, or

(b) by gift to your Immediate Family (defined below), partnerships whose only partners are you or members of your Immediate Family, limited liability companies whose only shareholders are you or members of your Immediate Family, or trusts established solely for the benefit of you or members of your Immediate Family, or

(c) by gift to a foundation in which you and/or members of your Immediate Family control the management of the foundation’s assets.

For purposes of these Standard Terms, “Immediate Family” is defined as your spouse or domestic partner, children, grandchildren, parents, or siblings. With respect to transfers by gift under subsection (b), options are transferable whether vested or not at the time of transfer. With respect to transfers by gift under subsection (c), options are transferable only to the extent the options are vested at the time of transfer. Any purported assignment, transfer or encumbrance that does not qualify under subsections (a), (b) and (c) above shall be void and unenforceable against the Corporation.

Any option transferred by you pursuant to this section shall not be transferable by the recipient except by will or the laws of descent and distribution.

The transferability of options is subject to any applicable laws of your country of residence or employment.

13. DISPUTES

The Committee or its delegate shall finally and conclusively determine any disagreement concerning your option.
14. AMENDMENTS

The 2004 Plan and the option may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of Intel to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

15. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER AGREEMENTS; OTHER MATTERS

(a) The provisions of these Standard Terms and the 2004 Plan are incorporated into the Notice of Grant by reference. Certain capitalized terms used in these Standard Terms are defined in the 2004 Plan.

These Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan constitute the entire understanding between you and the Corporation regarding the option. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the option are superseded.

The grant of an option to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate Intel or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that Intel or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any given amount.

(b) Options are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of these Standard Terms, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the options covered by these Standard Terms shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify these Standard Terms or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested options at the time of such determination.

(d) Nothing contained in these Standard Terms creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

(e) To the extent that the option refers to the Common Stock of Intel Corporation, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon exercise by the holder in accord with the terms hereof.

(f) Because these Standard Terms relate to terms and conditions under which you may purchase Common Stock of Intel, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of these Standard Terms is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or
proceeding relating to these Standard Terms or the option granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.
INTEL CORPORATION
NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION AGREEMENT
UNDER THE 2004 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

1. TERMS OF OPTION
This Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement (this “Agreement”), the Notice of Grant of Stock Options delivered herewith (the “Notice of Grant”) and the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”), as such may be amended from time to time, set forth the terms of your option identified in the Notice of Grant. As used herein, the “Corporation” shall mean Intel Corporation and its Subsidiaries.

2. SIGNATURE
This option cannot be exercised until you sign this Agreement and return it to Intel Benefit Services. If you fail to sign this Agreement and return it to Intel Benefit Services within 180 days of the Grant Date, the option will be cancelled, except as determined by the Corporation in its sole discretion. Signing this agreement does not obligate you to exercise the option or purchase any shares.

3. NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION
This option is not intended to be an incentive stock option under Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”) and will be interpreted accordingly.

4. OPTION PRICE
The exercise price of this option (the “option price”) is 100% of the market value of the common stock of Intel Corporation (“Intel”), $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), on the date of grant, as specified in the Notice of Grant. “Market value” means the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ.

5. TERM OF OPTION AND EXERCISE OF OPTION
To the extent the option has become exercisable (vested) during the periods indicated in the Notice of Grant and has not been previously exercised, and subject to termination or acceleration as provided in this Agreement and the requirements of this Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan, you may
exercise the option to purchase up to the number of shares of the Common Stock set forth in the Notice of Grant. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 6 or Sections 8 through 11 hereof, no part of the option may be exercised after seven (7) years from the date of grant.

The process for exercising the option (or any part thereof) is governed by this Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan and by your agreements with Intel’s stock plan administrator. Exercises of stock options will be processed as soon as practicable. The option price may be paid (a) in cash, (b) by arrangement with Intel’s stock plan administrator which is acceptable to Intel where payment of the option price is made pursuant to an irrevocable direction to the broker to deliver all or part of the proceeds from the sale of the shares of the Common Stock issuable under the option to Intel, (c) by delivery of any other lawful consideration approved in advance by the Committee of the Board of Directors of Intel established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”) or its delegate, or (d) in any combination of the foregoing. Fractional shares may not be exercised. Shares of the Common Stock will be issued as soon as practicable. You will have the rights of a stockholder only after the shares of the Common Stock have been issued. For administrative or other reasons, Intel may from time to time suspend the ability of employees to exercise options for limited periods of time.

Notwithstanding the above, Intel shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock if such delivery is prohibited by the laws of the U.S. or your country of residence or employment. If such delivery is prohibited at the time that all or part of the option is exercised, then such exercise may be made only in accordance with Intel’s “cashless exercise” procedure, to the extent permitted under the laws of the United States and your country of residence or employment.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or the applicable Notice of Grant, Intel may reduce your unvested options if you change classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.

6. **LEAVES OF ABSENCE**

(a) Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you take a personal leave of absence (“PLOA”), the option will be exercisable only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 6:

1. If the duration of the PLOA is 365 days or less, you may exercise any part of the option that vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA at any time during the PLOA. If the duration of the PLOA is greater than 365 days, any part of the option that had vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA and that has not been exercised will terminate on the 365th day of the PLOA.
If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:

a. The exercisability of any part of the option that would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated); and

b. Any part of the option that had not vested at the commencement of the PLOA and would not have vested during the PLOA will vest in accordance with the normal schedule indicated in the Notice of Grant and shall not be affected by the PLOA.

If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the exercisability of each part of the option scheduled to vest after commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred for a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA. If you terminate employment after returning from the PLOA but prior to the end of such deferral period, you shall have no right to exercise any unvested portion of the option, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 9 through 11 hereof, and such option shall terminate as of the date that your employment terminates.

If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA:

a. Any portions of the option that had vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be exercisable in accordance with Sections 8 through 11 hereof, as applicable; and

b. Any portions of the option that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall terminate, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 9 through 11 hereof.

If you take an approved Leave of Absence ("LOA") other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of your options shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

7. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF OPTION FOR MISCONDUCT

If you have allegedly committed an act of misconduct as defined in the 2004 Plan, including, but not limited to, embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, unauthorized disclosure of trade secrets or confidential information, breach of fiduciary duty or nonpayment of an obligation owed to the Corporation, an Authorized Officer, as defined in the 2004 Plan, may suspend your right to exercise the option, pending a decision by the Committee (or Board of Directors).
8. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than death, Disablement (defined below), Retirement (defined below) or discharge for misconduct, you may exercise any portion of the option that had vested on or prior to the date of termination at any time prior to ninety (90) days after the date of such termination. The option shall terminate on the 90th day to the extent that it is unexercised. All unvested stock options shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is voluntary or involuntary.

For purposes of this Section 8, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from the Corporation, you are rehired by Intel or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel stock option grants, nor would your transfer from Intel to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to Intel be deemed a termination of employment. Further, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which Intel or a Subsidiary is a party shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) the entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.

9. DEATH

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die while employed by the Corporation, the executor of your will, administrator of your estate or any successor trustee of a grantor trust may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and whether or not vested on the date of death, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of death.

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die prior to ninety (90) days after termination of your employment with the Corporation, the executor of your will or administrator of your estate may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and to the extent the option had vested on or prior to the date of your employment termination, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of your employment termination.

The option shall terminate on the applicable expiration date described in this Section 9, to the extent that it is unexercised.
10. **DISABILITY**

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, following your termination of employment due to Disablement, you may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and whether or not the option had vested on or prior to the date of employment termination, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of determination of your Disablement as described in this Section 10; provided, however, that while the claim of Disablement is pending, options that were unvested at termination of employment may not be exercised and options that were vested at termination of employment may be exercised only during the period set forth in Section 8 hereof. The option shall terminate on the 365th day from the date of determination of Disablement, to the extent that it is unexercised. For purposes of this Agreement, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

11. **RETIREMENT**

For purposes of this Agreement, “Retirement” shall mean either Standard Retirement (as defined below) or the Rule of 75 (as defined below). Following your Retirement, the vesting of the option, to the extent that it had not vested on or prior to the date of your Retirement, shall be accelerated as follows:

(a) If you retire at or after age 60 (“Standard Retirement”), you will receive one year of additional vesting from your date of Retirement for every five (5) years that you have been employed by the Corporation (measured in complete, whole years). No vesting acceleration shall occur for any periods of employment of less than five (5) years; or

(b) If, when you terminate employment with the Corporation, your age plus years of service (in each case measured in complete, whole years) equals or exceeds 75 (“Rule of 75”), you will receive accelerated vesting of any portion of the option that would have vested prior to 365 days from the date of your Retirement.

You will receive vesting acceleration pursuant to either Standard Retirement or the Rule of 75, but not both. Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, following your Retirement from the Corporation, you may exercise the option at any time prior to 365 days from the date of your Retirement, to the extent that it had vested as of the date of your Retirement or to the extent that vesting of the option is accelerated pursuant to this Section 11. The option shall
terminate on the 365th day from your date of Retirement, to the extent that it is unexercised.

12. INCOME TAXES WITHHOLDING
You will be subject to taxation in accordance with the tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. If you are an U.S. citizen or expatriate, you may also be subject to U.S. tax laws. To the extent required by applicable federal, state, local or foreign law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to Intel or the Subsidiary that employs you for the satisfaction of any withholding tax obligations that arise by reason of an option exercise or any sale of shares of the Common Stock. Intel shall not be required to issue shares of the Common Stock or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied. The Committee may permit these obligations to be satisfied by having Intel withhold a portion of the shares of the Common Stock that otherwise would be issued to you upon exercise of the option, or to the extent permitted by the Committee, by tendering shares of the Common Stock previously acquired.

13. NON-TRANSFERABILITY OF OPTION
You may not assign or transfer this option to anyone except pursuant to your will or upon your death to your beneficiaries. The transferability of options is subject to any applicable laws of your country of residence or employment.

14. DISPUTES
The Committee or its delegate shall finally and conclusively determine any disagreement concerning your option.

15. AMENDMENTS
The 2004 Plan and the option may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of Intel to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

16. DATA PRIVACY
You explicitly and unambiguously consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data as described in this document by the Corporation for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan.

You hereby understand that the Corporation holds certain personal information about you, including, but not limited to, your name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or
other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all options or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in your favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the 2004 Plan ("Data"). You hereby understand that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the 2004 Plan, that these recipients may be located in your country or elsewhere, and that the recipient’s country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You hereby understand that you may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting your local human resources representative. You authorize the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required to a broker or other third party with whom you may elect to deposit any shares of Common Stock acquired under your options. You hereby understand that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage your participation in the 2004 Plan. You hereby understand that you may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing your local human resources representative. You hereby understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect your ability to participate in the 2004 Plan. For more information on the consequences of your refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, you hereby understand that you may contact the human resources representative responsible for your country at the local or regional level.

17. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER AGREEMENTS; OTHER MATTERS

(a) The provisions of this Agreement and the 2004 Plan are incorporated into the Notice of Grant by reference. You hereby acknowledge that a copy of the 2004 Plan has been made available to you. Certain capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined in the 2004 Plan.

This Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan constitute the entire understanding between you and the Corporation regarding the option. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the option are superseded.

The grant of an option to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate Intel or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that
Intel or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any given amount.

(b) Options are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the options covered by this Agreement shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify this Agreement or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested options at the time of such determination.

(d) Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

(e) To the extent that the option refers to the Common Stock of Intel, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon exercise by the holder in accord with the terms hereof.

(f) Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may purchase Common Stock of Intel, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the option granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.

By your signature below, you and Intel Corporation agree that the options identified in your Notice of Grant are governed by the terms of this Agreement, the Notice of Grant, and the 2004 Plan. You further acknowledge that you have read and understand the terms of the options set forth in this Agreement.

FAILURE TO SIGN AND RETURN WITHIN 180 DAYS OF THE GRANT DATE WILL RESULT IN CANCELLATION OF THE OPTIONS (SEE SECTION 2 OF THIS AGREEMENT).

INTEL CORPORATION and

Employee Name

Date

8.
1. TERMS OF OPTION
This Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement (this “Agreement”), the Notice of Grant of Stock Options delivered herewith (the “Notice of Grant”) and the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”), as such may be amended from time to time, set forth the terms of your option identified in the Notice of Grant. As used herein, the “Corporation” shall mean Intel Corporation and its Subsidiaries.

2. SIGNATURE
If you fail to electronically sign this Agreement within 180 days of the Grant Date, the options subject to your Notice of Grant will be cancelled, except as determined by the Corporation in its sole discretion. Signing this agreement does not obligate you to exercise the option or purchase any shares.

3. NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION
This option is not intended to be an incentive stock option under Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”) and will be interpreted accordingly.

4. OPTION PRICE
The exercise price of this option (the “option price”) is 100% of the market value of the common stock of Intel Corporation (“Intel”), $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), on the date of grant, as specified in the Notice of Grant. “Market value” means the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ.

5. TERM OF OPTION AND EXERCISE OF OPTION
To the extent the option has become exercisable (vested) during the periods indicated in the Notice of Grant and has not been previously exercised, and subject to termination or acceleration as provided in this Agreement and the requirements of this Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan, you may exercise the option to purchase up to the number of shares of the Common
Stock set forth in the Notice of Grant. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 6 or Sections 8 through 11 hereof, no part of the option may be exercised after seven (7) years from the date of grant.

The process for exercising the option (or any part thereof) is governed by this Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan and by your agreements with Intel’s stock plan administrator. Exercises of stock options will be processed as soon as practicable. The option price may be paid (a) in cash, (b) by arrangement with Intel’s stock plan administrator which is acceptable to Intel where payment of the option price is made pursuant to an irrevocable direction to the broker to deliver all or part of the proceeds from the sale of the shares of the Common Stock issuable under the option to Intel, (c) by delivery of any other lawful consideration approved in advance by the Committee of the Board of Directors of Intel established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”) or its delegate, or (d) in any combination of the foregoing. Fractional shares may not be exercised. Shares of the Common Stock will be issued as soon as practicable. You will have the rights of a stockholder only after the shares of the Common Stock have been issued. For administrative or other reasons, Intel may from time to time suspend the ability of employees to exercise options for limited periods of time.

Notwithstanding the above, Intel shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock if such delivery is prohibited by the laws of the U.S. or your country of residence or employment. If such delivery is prohibited at the time that all or part of the option is exercised, then such exercise may be made only in accordance with Intel’s “cashless exercise” procedure, to the extent permitted under the laws of the United States and your country of residence or employment.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or the applicable Notice of Grant, Intel may reduce your unvested options if you change classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.

6. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

(a) Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you take a personal leave of absence (“PLOA”), the option will be exercisable only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 6:

1. If the duration of the PLOA is 365 days or less, you may exercise any part of the option that vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA at any time during the PLOA. If the duration of the PLOA is greater than 365 days, any part of the option that had vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA and that has not been exercised will terminate on the 365th day of the PLOA.

2. If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:
a. The exercisability of any part of the option that would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated); and

b. Any part of the option that had not vested at the commencement of the PLOA and would not have vested during the PLOA will vest in accordance with the normal schedule indicated in the Notice of Grant and shall not be affected by the PLOA.

(3) If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the exercisability of each part of the option scheduled to vest after commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred for a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA. If you terminate employment after returning from the PLOA but prior to the end of such deferral period, you shall have no right to exercise any unvested portion of the option, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 9 through 11 hereof, and such option shall terminate as of the date that your employment terminates.

(4) If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA:

a. Any portions of the option that had vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be exercisable in accordance with Sections 8 through 11 hereof, as applicable; and

b. Any portions of the option that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall terminate, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 9 through 11 hereof.

(b) If you take an approved Leave of Absence (“LOA”) other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of your options shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

7. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF OPTION FOR MISCONDUCT

If you have allegedly committed an act of misconduct as defined in the 2004 Plan, including, but not limited to, embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, unauthorized disclosure of trade secrets or confidential information, breach of fiduciary duty or nonpayment of an obligation owed to the Corporation, an Authorized Officer, as defined in the 2004 Plan, may suspend your right to exercise the option, pending a decision by the Committee (or Board of Directors, as the case may be) or an Authorized Officer to terminate the option. The option cannot be exercised during such suspension or after such termination.
8. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than death, Disablement (defined below), Retirement (defined below) or discharge for misconduct, you may exercise any portion of the option that had vested on or prior to the date of termination at any time prior to ninety (90) days after the date of such termination. The option shall terminate on the 90th day to the extent that it is unexercised. All unvested stock options shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is voluntary or involuntary.

For purposes of this Section 8, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from the Corporation, you are rehired by Intel or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel stock option grants, nor would your transfer from Intel to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to Intel be deemed a termination of employment. Further, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which Intel or a Subsidiary is a party shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) the entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.

9. DEATH

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die while employed by the Corporation, the executor of your will, administrator of your estate or any successor trustee of a grantor trust may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and whether or not vested on the date of death, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of death.

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die prior to ninety (90) days after termination of your employment with the Corporation, the executor of your will or administrator of your estate may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and to the extent the option had vested on or prior to the date of your employment termination, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of your employment termination.

The option shall terminate on the applicable expiration date described in this Section 9, to the extent that it is unexercised.

10. DISABILITY

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, following your termination of employment due to Disablement, you may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and whether or not the option had vested on
or prior to the date of employment termination, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of determination of your Disablement as described in this Section 10; provided, however, that while the claim of Disablement is pending, options that were unvested at termination of employment may not be exercised and options that were vested at termination of employment may be exercised only during the period set forth in Section 8 hereof. The option shall terminate on the 365th day from the date of determination of Disablement, to the extent that it is unexercised. For purposes of this Agreement, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

11. RETIREMENT
For purposes of this Agreement, “Retirement” shall mean either Standard Retirement (as defined below) or the Rule of 75 (as defined below). Following your Retirement, the vesting of the option, to the extent that it had not vested on or prior to the date of your Retirement, shall be accelerated as follows:

(a) If you retire at or after age 60 (“Standard Retirement”), you will receive one year of additional vesting from your date of Retirement for every five (5) years that you have been employed by the Corporation (measured in complete, whole years). No vesting acceleration shall occur for any periods of employment of less than five (5) years; or

(b) If, when you terminate employment with the Corporation, your age plus years of service (in each case measured in complete, whole years) equals or exceeds 75 (“Rule of 75”), you will receive accelerated vesting of any portion of the option that would have vested prior to 365 days from the date of your Retirement.

You will receive vesting acceleration pursuant to either Standard Retirement or the Rule of 75, but not both. Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, following your Retirement from the Corporation, you may exercise the option at any time prior to 365 days from the date of your Retirement, to the extent that it had vested as of the date of your Retirement or to the extent that vesting of the option is accelerated pursuant to this Section 11. The option shall terminate on the 365th day from your date of Retirement, to the extent that it is unexercised.

12. INCOME TAXES WITHHOLDING

5.
You will be subject to taxation in accordance with the tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. If you are an U.S. citizen or expatriate, you may also be subject to U.S. tax laws. To the extent required by applicable federal, state, local or foreign law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to Intel or the Subsidiary that employs you for the satisfaction of any withholding tax obligations that arise by reason of an option exercise or any sale of shares of the Common Stock. Intel shall not be required to issue shares of the Common Stock or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied. The Committee may permit these obligations to be satisfied by having Intel withhold a portion of the shares of the Common Stock that otherwise would be issued to you upon exercise of the option, or to the extent permitted by the Committee, by tendering shares of the Common Stock previously acquired.

13. **NON-TRANSFERABILITY OF OPTION**

You may not assign or transfer this option to anyone except pursuant to your will or upon your death to your beneficiaries. The transferability of options is subject to any applicable laws of your country of residence or employment.

14. **DISPUTES**

The Committee or its delegate shall finally and conclusively determine any disagreement concerning your option.

15. **AMENDMENTS**

The 2004 Plan and the option may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of Intel to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

16. **DATA PRIVACY**

*You explicitly and unambiguously consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data as described in this document by the Corporation for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan.*

*You hereby understand that the Corporation holds certain personal information about you, including, but not limited to, your name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all options or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in your favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the 2004 Plan (“Data”). You hereby understand that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in*
the implementation, administration and management of the 2004 Plan, that these recipients may be located in your country or elsewhere, and
that the recipient’s country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You hereby understand that you may
request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting your local human resources representative.
You authorize the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of
implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be
required to a broker or other third party with whom you may elect to deposit any shares of Common Stock acquired under your options. You
hereby understand that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage your participation in the 2004
Plan. You hereby understand that you may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data,
require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing
your local human resources representative. You hereby understand that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage your participation in the 2004 Plan. You hereby understand that you may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing
your local human resources representative.

17. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER AGREEMENTS; OTHER MATTERS

(a) The provisions of this Agreement and the 2004 Plan are incorporated into the Notice of Grant by reference. You hereby acknowledge that a
copy of the 2004 Plan has been made available to you. Certain capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined in the 2004 Plan.

This Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan constitute the entire understanding between you and the Corporation regarding the
option. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the option are superseded.

The grant of an option to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate Intel or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future
year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that Intel or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any
given amount.

(b) Options are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other

7.
(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the options covered by this Agreement shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify this Agreement or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested options at the time of such determination.

(d) Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

(e) To the extent that the option refers to the Common Stock of Intel, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon exercise by the holder in accord with the terms hereof.

(f) Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may purchase Common Stock of Intel, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the option granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.

By your electronic signature, you and Intel Corporation agree that the options identified in your Notice of Grant are governed by the terms of this Agreement, the Notice of Grant, and the 2004 Plan. You further acknowledge that you have read and understand the terms of the options set forth in this Agreement.

FAILURE TO ELECTRONICALLY SIGN WITHIN 180 DAYS OF THE GRANT DATE WILL RESULT IN CANCELLATION OF THE OPTIONS (SEE SECTION 2 OF THIS AGREEMENT).
INTEL CORPORATION
2004 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS RELATING TO
RESTRICTED STOCK UNITS
GRANTED UNDER THE INTEL CORPORATION 2004 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN
(FOR GRANTS UNDER THE ELTSOP PROGRAM)

1. TERMS OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT

Unless provided otherwise in the Notice of Grant, these standard terms and conditions (“Standard Terms”) apply to Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”) granted to you, a U.S. employee, under the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”). Your Notice of Grant, these Standard Terms and the 2004 Plan constitute the entire understanding between you and Intel Corporation (the “Corporation”) regarding the RSUs identified in your Notice of Grant.

2. VESTING OF RSUs

Provided that you remain continuously employed by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a full time basis from the Grant Date specified in the Notice of Grant through each vesting date specified in the Notice of Grant, the RSUs shall vest and be converted into the right to receive the number of shares of the Corporation’s Common Stock, $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), specified on the Notice of Grant with respect to such vesting date, except as otherwise provided in these Standard Terms. If a vesting date falls on a weekend or any other day on which the NASDAQ Stock Market (“NASDAQ”) is not open, affected RSUs shall vest on the next following NASDAQ business day. The number of shares of Common Stock into which RSUs convert as specified in the Notice of Grant shall be adjusted for stock splits and similar matters as specified in and pursuant to the 2004 Plan.

RSUs will vest to the extent provided in and in accordance with the terms of the Notice of Grant and these Standard Terms. If your status as an Employee terminates for any reason except death, or Disablement (defined below), prior to the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant, your unvested RSUs will be cancelled.

3. CONVERSION INTO COMMON STOCK

Shares of Common Stock will be issued or become free of restrictions as soon as practicable following vesting of the RSUs, provided that you have satisfied your tax withholding obligations as specified under Section 9 of these Standard Terms and you have completed, signed and returned any documents and taken
any additional action that the Corporation deems appropriate to enable it to accomplish the delivery of the shares of Common Stock. The shares of Common Stock will be issued in your name or, in the event of your death or Disablement, to your executor or personal representative, and may be effected by recording shares on the stock records of the Corporation or by crediting shares in an account established on your behalf with a brokerage firm or other custodian, in each case as determined by the Corporation. In no event will the Corporation be obligated to issue a fractional share.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) the Corporation shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock during any period when the Corporation determines that the conversion of a RSU or the delivery of shares hereunder would violate any federal, state or other applicable laws and/or may issue shares subject to any restrictive legends that, as determined by the Corporation’s counsel, is necessary to comply with securities or other regulatory requirements, and (ii) the date on which shares are issued may include a delay in order to provide the Corporation such time as it determines appropriate to address tax withholding and other administrative matters.

4. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

(a) Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, if you take a personal leave of absence under the Intel Leave Guidelines ("PLOA"), your RSUs will vest only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 4:

(1) If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:
   a) The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that (but for this provision) would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated) or, if you return on a day that the NASDAQ is not open, the next following NASDAQ business day; and
   b) The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that are scheduled to vest following the date that the PLOA is terminated shall not be affected by the PLOA.

(2) If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that follow the commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred beyond the dates set forth in the Notice of Grant by a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA.

(3) If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA, then in addition to the effect on the vesting dates set forth in clause 2.
(a)(1) and (a)(2) of this Section 4, any RSUs that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be cancelled as of the date of your termination of employment, as applicable, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 7 through 9 hereof.

(b) If you take an approved Leave of Absence other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of RSUs shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

5. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF RSU FOR MISCONDUCT

If at any time the Committee of the Board of Directors of the Corporation established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”), including any Subcommittee or “Authorized Officer” (as defined in Section 8(a)(v) of the 2004 Plan) notifies the Corporation that they reasonably believe that you have committed an act of misconduct as described in Section 8(a)(v) of the 2004 Plan (embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, nonpayment of any obligation owed to the Corporation, breach of fiduciary duty or deliberate disregard of Corporation rules resulting in loss, damage or injury to the Corporation, an unauthorized disclosure of any Corporation trade secret or confidential information, any conduct constituting unfair competition, inducing any customer to breach a contract with the Corporation or inducing any principal for whom the Corporation acts as agent to terminate such agency relationship), the vesting of your RSUs may be suspended pending a determination of whether an act of misconduct has been committed. If the Corporation determines that you have committed an act of misconduct, all RSUs not vested as of the date the Corporation was notified that you may have committed an act of misconduct shall be cancelled and neither you nor any beneficiary shall be entitled to any claim with respect to the RSUs whatsoever. Any determination by the Committee or an Authorized Officer with respect to the foregoing shall be final, conclusive, and binding on all interested parties.

6. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than on account of death, or Disablement (defined below), all RSUs not then vested shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination regardless of whether such employment termination is as a result of a divestiture or otherwise. For purposes of this Section 6, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which the Corporation or a Subsidiary is a party shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) the entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are specifically designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.
For purposes of this provision, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from the Corporation or a Subsidiary, you are rehired by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel RSU grants, nor would your transfer from the Corporation to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to the Corporation be deemed a termination of employment.

7. **DEATH**
   
   Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, if you die while employed by the Corporation, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

8. **DISABILITY**
   
   Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms and upon your termination of employment as a result of a determination of Disablement, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

   For purposes of this Section 8, "Disablement" shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, "Disablement" shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

9. **TAX WITHHOLDING**
   
   RSUs are taxable upon vesting based on the market value on the date of vesting. To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Corporation for the payment and satisfaction of any income tax, social security tax, payroll tax, payment on account or other tax related to withholding obligations that arise by reason of vesting of a RSU and, if applicable, any sale of shares of the Common Stock. The Corporation shall not be required to issue or lift any restrictions on shares of the Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied.

   Unless provided otherwise by the Committee, these obligations will be satisfied by the Corporation withholding a number of shares of Common Stock that would otherwise be issued under the RSUs that the Corporation determines has a Market Value sufficient to meet the tax withholding obligations. In the event that the Committee provides that these obligations will not be satisfied under the method described in the previous sentence, you authorize UBS Financial...
Services Inc., or any successor plan administrator, to sell a number of shares of Common Stock that are issued under the RSUs, which the Corporation determines is sufficient to generate an amount that meets the tax withholding obligations plus additional shares to account for rounding and market fluctuations, and to pay such tax withholding to the Corporation. The shares may be sold as part of a block trade with other participants of the 2004 Plan in which all participants receive an average price. For this purpose, “Market Value” will be calculated as the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ on the day your RSUs vest. The future value of the underlying shares of Common Stock is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty.

You are ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed by you in connection with your RSUs, regardless of any action the Corporation takes or any transaction pursuant to this Section 9 with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the RSUs. The Corporation makes no representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, issuance, vesting or settlement of the RSUs or the subsequent sale of any of the shares of Common Stock underlying the RSUs that vest. The Corporation does not commit and is under no obligation to structure the RSU program to reduce or eliminate your tax liability.

10. RIGHTS AS A STOCKHOLDER AND RESTRICTIONS

Your RSUs may not be otherwise transferred or assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of in any way, whether by operation of law or otherwise, and may not be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Any attempt to transfer, assign, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of your RSUs other than as permitted above, shall be void and unenforceable against the Corporation.

You will have the rights of a stockholder only after shares of the Common Stock have been issued to you following vesting of your RSUs and satisfaction of all other conditions to the issuance of those shares as set forth in these Standard Terms. RSUs shall not entitle you to any rights of a stockholder of Common Stock and there are no voting or dividend rights with respect to your RSUs. RSUs shall remain terminable pursuant to these Standard Terms at all times until they vest and convert into shares. As a condition to having the right to receive shares of Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs, you acknowledge that unvested RSUs shall have no value for purposes of any aspect of your employment relationship with the Corporation.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Standard Terms or the applicable Notice of Grant, your RSUs are subject to reduction by the Corporation if you change your employment classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.
RSUs are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

11. **DISPUTES**

Any question concerning the interpretation of these Standard Terms, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan, any adjustments required to be made thereunder, and any controversy that may arise under the Standard Terms, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan shall be determined by the Committee (including any person(s) to whom the Committee has delegated its authority) in its sole and absolute discretion. Such decision by the Committee shall be final and binding unless determined pursuant to Section 13(f) to have been arbitrary and capricious.

12. **AMENDMENTS**

The 2004 Plan and RSUs may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of the Corporation to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

13. **THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER TERMS; OTHER MATTERS**

(a) Certain capitalized terms used in these Standard Terms are defined in the 2004 Plan. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the RSUs are superseded by these Standard Terms and your Notice of Grant.

The grant of RSUs to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate the Corporation or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that the Corporation or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any given amount.

(b) To the extent that the grant of RSUs refers to the Common Stock of Intel Corporation, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon vesting in accord with the terms hereof.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of these Standard Terms, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the RSUs covered by these Standard Terms shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify these Standard Terms or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested RSUs at the time of such determination.
(d) Nothing contained in these Standard Terms creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

(e) Notwithstanding any provision of these Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant or the 2004 Plan to the contrary, if, at the time of your termination of employment with the Corporation, you are a “specified employee” as defined in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”), and one or more of the payments or benefits received or to be received by you pursuant to the RSUs would constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, no such payment or benefit will be provided under the RSUs until the earliest of (A) the date which is six (6) months after your “separation from service” for any reason, other than death or “disability” (as such terms are used in Section 409A(a)(2) of the Code), (B) the date of your death or “disability” (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(C) of the Code) or (C) the effective date of a “change in the ownership or effective control” of the Corporation (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(v) of the Code). The provisions of this Section 13(e) shall only apply to the extent required to avoid your incurrence of any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder. In addition, if any provision of the RSUs would cause you to incur any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder, the Corporation may reform such provision to maintain to the maximum extent practicable the original intent of the applicable provision without violating the provisions of Section 409A of the Code.

(f) Because these Standard Terms relate to terms and conditions under which you may be issued shares of Common Stock of Intel Corporation, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of these Standard Terms is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to these Standard Terms or the RSUs granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.
INTEL CORPORATION
RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT
UNDER THE 2004 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

(FOR GRANTS UNDER THE ELTSOP PROGRAM)

1. TERMS OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT

This Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (this “Agreement”), the Notice of Grant delivered herewith (the “Notice of Grant”) and the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”), as such may be amended from time to time, constitute the entire understanding between you and Intel Corporation (the “Corporation”) regarding the Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”) identified in your Notice of Grant.

2. SIGNATURE

If you fail to print and sign this Agreement and return it to Intel Benefit Services within 180 days of the Grant Date, the RSUs subject to your Notice of Grant will be cancelled, except as determined by the Corporation in its sole discretion.

3. VESTING OF RSUs

Provided that you remain continuously employed by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a full time basis from the Grant Date specified in the Notice of Grant through each vesting date specified in the Notice of Grant, the RSUs shall vest and be converted into the right to receive the number of shares of the Corporation’s Common Stock, $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), specified on the Notice of Grant with respect to such vesting date, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement. If a vesting date falls on a weekend or any other day on which the NASDAQ Stock Market (“NASDAQ”) is not open, affected RSUs shall vest on the next following NASDAQ business day. The number of shares of Common Stock into which RSUs convert as specified in the Notice of Grant shall be adjusted for stock splits and similar matters as specified in and pursuant to the 2004 Plan.

RSUs will vest to the extent provided in and in accordance with the terms of the Notice of Grant and this Agreement. If your status as an Employee terminates

1.
for any reason except death, or Disablement (defined below), prior to the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant, your unvested RSUs will be cancelled.

4. CONVERSION INTO COMMON STOCK

Shares of Common Stock will be issued or become free of restrictions as soon as practicable following vesting of the RSUs, provided that you have satisfied your tax withholding obligations as specified under Section 10 of this Agreement and you have completed, signed and returned any documents and taken any additional action that the Corporation deems appropriate to enable it to accomplish the delivery of the shares of Common Stock. The shares of Common Stock will be issued in your name or, in the event of your death or Disablement, to your executor or personal representative, and may be effected by recording shares on the stock records of the Corporation or by crediting shares in an account established on your behalf with a brokerage firm or other custodian, in each case as determined by the Corporation. In no event will the Corporation be obligated to issue a fractional share.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) the Corporation shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock during any period when the Corporation determines that the conversion of a RSU or the delivery of shares hereunder would violate any laws of the United States or your country of residence or employment and/or may issue shares subject to any restrictive legends that, as determined by the Corporation’s counsel, is necessary to comply with securities or other regulatory requirements, and (ii) the date on which shares are issued may include a delay in order to provide the Corporation such time as it determines appropriate to address tax withholding and other administrative matters.

5. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

a. Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you take a personal leave of absence under the Intel Leave Guidelines (PLOA), your RSUs will vest only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 5:

   i. If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:

      1. The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that (but for this provision) would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated) or, if you return on a day that the NASDAQ is not open, the next following NASDAQ business day; and

      2.
2. The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that are scheduled to vest following the date that the PLOA is terminated shall not be affected by the PLOA.

ii. If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that follow the commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred beyond the dates set forth in the Notice of Grant by a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA.

iii. If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA, then in addition to the effect on the vesting dates set forth in clause (a)(i) and (a)(ii) of this Section 5, any RSUs that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be cancelled as of the date of your termination of employment, as applicable, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 8 through 10 hereof.

b. If you take an approved Leave of Absence other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of RSUs shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

6. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF RSU FOR MISCONDUCT

If at any time the Committee of the Board of Directors of the Corporation established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”), including any Subcommittee or “Authorized Officer” (as defined in Section 8(a)(v) of the 2004 Plan) notifies the Corporation that they reasonably believe that you have committed an act of misconduct as described in Section 8(a)(v) of the 2004 Plan (embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, nonpayment of any obligation owed to the Corporation, breach of fiduciary duty or deliberate disregard of Corporation rules resulting in loss, damage or injury to the Corporation, an unauthorized disclosure of any Corporation trade secret or confidential information, any conduct constituting unfair competition, inducing any customer to breach a contract with the Corporation or inducing any principal for whom the Corporation acts as agent to terminate such agency relationship), the vesting of your RSUs may be suspended pending a determination of whether an act of misconduct has been committed. If the Corporation determines that you have committed an act of misconduct, all RSUs not vested as of the date the Corporation was notified that you may have committed an act of misconduct shall be cancelled and neither you nor any beneficiary shall be entitled to any claim with respect to the RSUs whatsoever. Any determination by the Committee or an Authorized Officer with respect to the foregoing shall be final, conclusive, and binding on all interested parties.

7. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT
Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than on account of death, or Disablement (defined below), all RSUs not then vested shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is as a result of a divestiture or otherwise. For purposes of this Section 6, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which the Corporation or a Subsidiary is a party shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) an entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are specifically designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.

For purposes of this provision, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from the Corporation or a Subsidiary, you are rehired by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel RSU grants, nor would your transfer from the Corporation to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to the Corporation be deemed a termination of employment.

8. DEATH
Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die while employed by the Corporation, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

9. DISABILITY
Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement and upon your termination of employment as a result of a determination of Disablement, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

For purposes of this Section 9, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

10. TAX WITHHOLDING
RSUs are taxable upon vesting based on the market value in accordance with the tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. RSUs are taxable in accordance with the existing or future tax laws of the country where
you are resident or employed. If you are an U.S. citizen or expatriate, you may also be subject to U.S. tax laws.

To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you for the payment and satisfaction of any income tax, social security tax, payroll tax, social taxes, applicable national or local taxes, payment on account or other tax related to withholding obligations that arise by reason of granting of a RSU, vesting of a RSU or any sale of shares of the Common Stock (whichever is applicable).

The Corporation shall not be required to issue or lift any restrictions on shares of the Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied.

Unless provided otherwise by the Committee, these obligations will be satisfied by the Corporation withholding a number of shares of Common Stock that would otherwise be issued under the RSUs that the Corporation determines has a Market Value sufficient to meet the tax withholding obligations. In the event that the Committee provides that these obligations will not be satisfied under the method described in the previous sentence, you authorize UBS Financial Services Inc., or any successor plan administrator, to sell a number of shares of Common Stock that are issued under the RSUs, which the Corporation determines is sufficient to generate an amount that meets the tax withholding obligations plus additional shares to account for rounding and market fluctuations, and to pay such tax withholding to the Corporation. The shares may be sold as part of a block trade with other participants of the 2004 Plan in which all participants receive an average price. For this purpose, “Market Value” will be calculated as the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ on the day your RSUs vest. The future value of the underlying shares of Common Stock is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty.

You are ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed by you in connection with your RSUs, regardless of any action the Corporation takes or any transaction pursuant to this Section 10 with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the RSUs. The Corporation makes no representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the RSUs. The Corporation does not commit and is under no obligation to structure the RSU program to reduce or eliminate your tax liability.

11. RIGHTS AS A STOCKHOLDER

Your RSUs may not be otherwise transferred or assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of in any way, whether by operation of law
or otherwise, and may not be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Any attempt to transfer, assign, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of your RSUs other than as permitted above, shall be void and unenforceable against the Corporation.

You will have the rights of a stockholder only after shares of the Common Stock have been issued to you following vesting of your RSUs and satisfaction of all other conditions to the issuance of those shares as set forth in this Agreement. RSUs shall not entitle you to any rights of a stockholder of Common Stock and there are no voting or dividend rights with respect to your RSUs. RSUs shall remain terminable pursuant to this Agreement at all times until they vest and convert into shares. As a condition to having the right to receive shares of Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs, you acknowledge that unvested RSUs shall have no value for purposes of any aspect of your employment relationship with the Corporation.

12. DISPUTES

Any question concerning the interpretation of this Agreement, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan, any adjustments required to be made thereunder, and any controversy that may arise under the Standard Terms, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan shall be determined by the Committee (including any person(s) to whom the Committee has delegated its authority) in its sole and absolute discretion. Such decision by the Committee shall be final and binding unless determined pursuant to Section 15(e) to have been arbitrary and capricious.

13. AMENDMENTS

The 2004 Plan and RSUs may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of the Corporation to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

14. DATA PRIVACY

You explicitly and unambiguously consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data as described in this document by the Corporation for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan.

You hereby understand that the Corporation holds certain personal information about you, including, but not limited to, your name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all RSUs or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in your favor, for the purpose of implementing,
administering and managing the 2004 Plan ("Data"). You hereby understand that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the 2004 Plan, that these recipients may be located in your country or elsewhere, and that the recipient's country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You hereby understand that you may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting your local human resources representative. You authorize the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required to a broker or other third party with whom you may elect to deposit any shares of Common Stock acquired under your RSUs. You hereby understand that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage your participation in the 2004 Plan. You hereby understand that you may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing your local human resources representative. You hereby understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect your ability to participate in the 2004 Plan. For more information on the consequences of your refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, you hereby understand that you may contact the human resources representative responsible for your country at the local or regional level.

15. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER TERMS; OTHER MATTERS
   a. Certain capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined in the 2004 Plan. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the RSUs are superseded by this Agreement and your Notice of Grant.
      The grant of RSUs to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate the Corporation or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that the Corporation or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any given amount.
   b. To the extent that the grant of RSUs refers to the Common Stock of Intel Corporation, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon vesting in accord with the terms hereof.
   c. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the RSUs covered by this Agreement shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the

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Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify this Agreement or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested RSUs at the time of such determination.

d. Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

e. Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may be issued shares of Common Stock of Intel Corporation, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the RSUs granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.

f. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or the applicable Notice of Grant, your RSUs are subject to reduction by the Corporation if you change your employment classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.

g. RSUs are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

h. In consideration of the grant of RSUs, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of your RSUs or diminution in value of the RSUs or Common Stock acquired through vested RSUs resulting from termination of your active employment by the Corporation (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and you hereby release the Corporation from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then you shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived your entitlement to pursue such claim.

i. Notwithstanding any terms or conditions of the 2004 Plan to the contrary, in the event of involuntary termination of your employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to receive the RSUs and vest in RSUs under the 2004 Plan, if any, will terminate effective as of the date that you are no longer actively employed and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law (e.g., active employment would not include a period of “garden leave” or similar period pursuant to local law); furthermore, in the event of involuntary termination of employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to sell shares of Common Stock that converted from vested RSUs after termination of employment, if any, will be measured by the date of termination of your active employment and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law.
j. Notwithstanding any provision of these Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant or the 2004 Plan to the contrary, if, at the time of your termination of employment with the Corporation, you are a “specified employee” as defined in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”), and one or more of the payments or benefits received or to be received by you pursuant to the RSUs would constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, no such payment or benefit will be provided under the RSUs until the earliest of (A) the date which is six (6) months after your “separation from service” for any reason, other than death or “disability” (as such terms are used in Section 409A(a)(2) of the Code), (B) the date of your death or “disability” (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(C) of the Code) or (C) the effective date of a “change in the ownership or effective control” of the Corporation (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(v) of the Code). The provisions of this Section 15(j) shall only apply to the extent required to avoid your incurrence of any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder. In addition, if any provision of the RSUs would cause you to incur any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder, the Corporation may reform such provision to maintain to the maximum extent practicable the original intent of the applicable provision without violating the provisions of Section 409A of the Code.

By your signature below, you and Intel Corporation agree that the RSUs identified in your Notice of Grant are governed by the terms of this Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan. You further acknowledge that you have read and understood the terms of the RSUs set forth in this Agreement.

FAILURE TO SIGN AND RETURN WITHIN 180 DAYS OF THE GRANT DATE WILL RESULT IN CANCELLATION OF THE RSUs (SEE SECTION 2 OF THIS AGREEMENT).

INTEL CORPORATION and

______________________________  ________________________________  _______________________
Signature                                        Employee Name                                           Date

______________________________  ________________________________
WWID                                                                 Grant Number
1. TERMS OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT

This Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (this “Agreement”), the Notice of Grant delivered herewith (the “Notice of Grant”) and the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”), as such may be amended from time to time, constitute the entire understanding between you and Intel Corporation (the “Corporation”) regarding the Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”) identified in your Notice of Grant.

2. VESTING OF RSUs

Provided that you remain continuously employed by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a full time basis from the Grant Date specified in the Notice of Grant through each vesting date specified in the Notice of Grant, the RSUs shall vest and be converted into the right to receive the number of shares of the Corporation’s Common Stock, $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), specified on the Notice of Grant with respect to such vesting date, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement. If a vesting date falls on a weekend or any other day on which the NASDAQ Stock Market (“NASDAQ”) is not open, affected RSUs shall vest on the next following NASDAQ business day. The number of shares of Common Stock into which RSUs convert as specified in the Notice of Grant shall be adjusted for stock splits and similar matters as specified in and pursuant to the 2004 Plan.

RSUs will vest to the extent provided in and in accordance with the terms of the Notice of Grant and this Agreement. If your status as an Employee terminates for any reason except death, or Disablement (defined below), prior to the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant, your unvested RSUs will be cancelled.

3. CONVERSION INTO COMMON STOCK

Shares of Common Stock will be issued or become free of restrictions as soon as practicable following vesting of the RSUs, provided that you have satisfied your tax withholding obligations as specified under Section 9 of this Agreement.
and you have completed, signed and returned any documents and taken any additional action that the Corporation deems appropriate to enable it to accomplish the delivery of the shares of Common Stock. The shares of Common Stock will be issued in your name or, in the event of your death or Disablement, to your executor or personal representative, and may be effected by recording shares on the stock records of the Corporation or by crediting shares in an account established on your behalf with a brokerage firm or other custodian, in each case as determined by the Corporation. In no event will the Corporation be obligated to issue a fractional share.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) the Corporation shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock during any period when the Corporation determines that the conversion of a RSU or the delivery of shares hereunder would violate any laws of the United States or your country of residence or employment and/or may issue shares subject to any restrictive legends that, as determined by the Corporation’s counsel, is necessary to comply with securities or other regulatory requirements, and (ii) the date on which shares are issued may include a delay in order to provide the Corporation such time as it determines appropriate to address tax withholding and other administrative matters.

4. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

(a) Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you take a personal leave of absence under the Intel Leave Guidelines (“PLOA”), your RSUs will vest only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 4:

(1) If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:
   a) The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that (but for this provision) would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated) or, if you return on a day that the NASDAQ is not open, the next following NASDAQ business day; and
   b) The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that are scheduled to vest following the date that the PLOA is terminated shall not be affected by the PLOA.

(2) If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that follow the commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred beyond the dates set forth in the Notice of Grant by a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA.
(3) If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA, then in addition to the effect on the vesting dates set forth in clause (a)(i) and (a)(ii) of this Section 4, any RSUs that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be cancelled as of the date of your termination of employment, as applicable, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 7 through 9 hereof.

(b) If you take an approved Leave of Absence other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of RSUs shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

5. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF RSU FOR MISCONDUCT

If at any time the Committee of the Board of Directors of the Corporation established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”), including any Subcommittee or “Authorized Officer” (as defined in Section 8(a)(v) of the 2004 Plan) notifies the Corporation that they reasonably believe that you have committed an act of misconduct as described in Section 8(a)(v) of the 2004 Plan (embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, nonpayment of any obligation owed to the Corporation, breach of fiduciary duty or deliberate disregard of Corporation rules resulting in loss, damage or injury to the Corporation, an unauthorized disclosure of any Corporation trade secret or confidential information, any conduct constituting unfair competition, inducing any customer to breach a contract with the Corporation or inducing any principal for whom the Corporation acts as agent to terminate such agency relationship), the vesting of your RSUs may be suspended pending a determination of whether an act of misconduct has been committed. If the Corporation determines that you have committed an act of misconduct, all RSUs not vested as of the date the Corporation was notified that you may have committed an act of misconduct shall be cancelled and neither you nor any beneficiary shall be entitled to any claim with respect to the RSUs whatsoever. Any determination by the Committee or an Authorized Officer with respect to the foregoing shall be final, conclusive, and binding on all interested parties.

6. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than on account of death, or Disablement (defined below), all RSUs not then vested shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is as a result of a divestiture or otherwise. For purposes of this Section 6, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which the Corporation or a Subsidiary is a party shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) an the entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are
specifically designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.

For purposes of this provision, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from the Corporation or a Subsidiary, you are rehired by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel RSU grants, nor would your transfer from the Corporation to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to the Corporation be deemed a termination of employment.

7. DEATH

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die while employed by the Corporation, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

8. DISABILITY

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement and upon your termination of employment as a result of a determination of Disablement, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

For purposes of this Section 8, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

9. TAX WITHHOLDING

RSUs are taxable upon vesting based on the market value in accordance with the tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. RSUs are taxable in accordance with the existing or future tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. If you are an U.S. citizen or expatriate, you may also be subject to U.S. tax laws.

To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you for the payment and satisfaction of any income tax, social security tax, payroll tax, social taxes, applicable national or local taxes, payment on account or other tax related to withholding obligations that arise by reason of granting of a RSU, vesting of a RSU or any sale of shares of the Common Stock (whichever is applicable).
The Corporation shall not be required to issue or lift any restrictions on shares of the Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied.

Unless provided otherwise by the Committee, these obligations will be satisfied by the Corporation withholding a number of shares of Common Stock that would otherwise be issued under the RSUs that the Corporation determines has a Market Value sufficient to meet the tax withholding obligations. In the event that the Committee provides that these obligations will not be satisfied under the method described in the previous sentence, you authorize UBS Financial Services Inc., or any successor plan administrator, to sell a number of shares of Common Stock that are issued under the RSUs, which the Corporation determines is sufficient to generate an amount that meets the tax withholding obligations plus additional shares to account for rounding and market fluctuations, and to pay such tax withholding to the Corporation. The shares may be sold as part of a block trade with other participants of the 2004 Plan in which all participants receive an average price. For this purpose, “Market Value” will be calculated as the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ on the day your RSUs vest. The future value of the underlying shares of Common Stock is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty.

You are ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed by you in connection with your RSUs, regardless of any action the Corporation takes or any transaction pursuant to this Section 9 with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the RSUs. The Corporation makes no representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, issuance, vesting or settlement of the RSUs or the subsequent sale of any of the shares of Common Stock underlying the RSUs that vest. The Corporation does not commit and is under no obligation to structure the RSU program to reduce or eliminate your tax liability.

10. RIGHTS AS A STOCKHOLDER

Your RSUs may not be otherwise transferred or assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of in any way, whether by operation of law or otherwise, and may not be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Any attempt to transfer, assign, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of your RSUs other than as permitted above, shall be void and unenforceable against the Corporation.

You will have the rights of a stockholder only after shares of the Common Stock have been issued to you following vesting of your RSUs and satisfaction of all other conditions to the issuance of those shares as set forth in this Agreement. RSUs shall not entitle you to any rights of a stockholder of Common Stock and there are no voting or dividend rights with respect to your RSUs. RSUs shall remain terminable pursuant to this Agreement at all times until they vest and
convert into shares. As a condition to having the right to receive shares of Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs, you acknowledge that unvested RSUs shall have no value for purposes of any aspect of your employment relationship with the Corporation.
11. **DISPUTES**

Any question concerning the interpretation of this Agreement, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan, any adjustments required to be made thereunder, and any controversy that may arise under the Standard Terms, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan shall be determined by the Committee (including any person(s) to whom the Committee has delegated its authority) in its sole and absolute discretion. Such decision by the Committee shall be final and binding unless determined pursuant to Section 14(e) to have been arbitrary and capricious.

12. **AMENDMENTS**

The 2004 Plan and RSUs may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of the Corporation to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

13. **DATA PRIVACY**

You explicitly and unambiguously consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data as described in this document by the Corporation for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan.

You hereby understand that the Corporation holds certain personal information about you, including, but not limited to, your name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all RSUs or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in your favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the 2004 Plan ("Data"). You hereby understand that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the 2004 Plan, that these recipients may be located in your country or elsewhere, and that the recipient's country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You hereby understand that you may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting your local human resources representative. You authorize the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required to a broker or other third party with whom you may elect to deposit any shares of Common Stock acquired under your RSUs. You hereby understand that Data will be held only as...
long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage your participation in the 2004 Plan. You hereby understand that you may, at any
time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse
or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing your local human resources representative. You hereby
understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect your ability to participate in the 2004 Plan. For more information on
the consequences of your refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, you hereby understand that you may contact the human resources
representative responsible for your country at the local or regional level.

14. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER TERMS; OTHER MATTERS

(a) Certain capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined in the 2004 Plan. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the
RSUs are superseded by this Agreement and your Notice of Grant.

The grant of RSUs to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate the Corporation or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any
future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that the Corporation or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future
year or in any given amount.

(b) To the extent that the grant of RSUs refers to the Common Stock of Intel Corporation, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or
employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon vesting in accord with the terms hereof.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the RSUs covered by
this Agreement shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities
of the Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify this Agreement or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested
RSUs at the time of such determination.

(d) Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

(e) Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may be issued shares of Common Stock of Intel Corporation, a Delaware
corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law
principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the RSUs granted hereunder

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shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.

(f) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or the applicable Notice of Grant, your RSUs are subject to reduction by the Corporation if you change your employment classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.

(g) RSUs are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

(h) In consideration of the grant of RSUs, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of your RSUs or diminution in value of the RSUs or Common Stock acquired through vested RSUs resulting from termination of your active employment by the Corporation (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and you hereby release the Corporation from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then you shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived your entitlement to pursue such claim.

(i) Notwithstanding any terms or conditions of the 2004 Plan to the contrary, in the event of involuntary termination of your employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to receive the RSUs and vest in RSUs under the 2004 Plan, if any, will terminate effective as of the date that you are no longer actively employed and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law (e.g., active employment would not include a period of “garden leave” or similar period pursuant to local law); furthermore, in the event of involuntary termination of employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to sell shares of Common Stock that converted from vested RSUs after termination of employment, if any, will be measured by the date of termination of your active employment and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law.

(j) Notwithstanding any provision of these Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant or the 2004 Plan to the contrary, if, at the time of your termination of employment with the Corporation, you are a “specified employee” as defined in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”), and one or more of the payments or benefits received or to be received by you pursuant to the RSUs would constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, no such payment or benefit will be provided under the RSUs until the earliest of (A) the date which is six (6) months after your “separation from service” for any reason, other than death or “disability”
(as such terms are used in Section 409A(2) of the Code), (B) the date of your death or “disability” (as such term is used in Section 409A(2)(C) of the Code) or (C) the effective date of a “change in the ownership or effective control” of the Corporation (as such term is used in Section 409A(2)(A)(v) of the Code). The provisions of this Section 14(j) shall only apply to the extent required to avoid your incurrence of any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder. In addition, if any provision of the RSUs would cause you to incur any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder, the Corporation may reform such provision to maintain to the maximum extent practicable the original intent of the applicable provision without violating the provisions of Section 409A of the Code.
INTEL CORPORATION
RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT AGREEMENT
UNDER THE 2004 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN
(FORE GRANTS UNDER THE ELTSOP PROGRAM)

1. TERMS OF RESTRICTED STOCK UNIT

This Restricted Stock Unit Agreement (this “Agreement”), the Notice of Grant delivered herewith (the “Notice of Grant”) and the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”), as such may be amended from time to time, constitute the entire understanding between you and Intel Corporation (the “Corporation”) regarding the Restricted Stock Units (“RSUs”) identified in your Notice of Grant.

2. SIGNATURE

If you fail to electronically sign this Agreement within 180 days of the Grant Date, the RSUs subject to your Notice of Grant will be cancelled, except as determined by the Corporation in its sole discretion.

3. VESTING OF RSUs

Provided that you remain continuously employed by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a full time basis from the Grant Date specified in the Notice of Grant through each vesting date specified in the Notice of Grant, the RSUs shall vest and be converted into the right to receive the number of shares of the Corporation’s Common Stock, $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), specified on the Notice of Grant with respect to such vesting date, except as otherwise provided in this Agreement. If a vesting date falls on a weekend or any other day on which the NASDAQ Stock Market (“NASDAQ”) is not open, affected RSUs shall vest on the next following NASDAQ business day. The number of shares of Common Stock into which RSUs convert as specified in the Notice of Grant shall be adjusted for stock splits and similar matters as specified in and pursuant to the 2004 Plan.

RSUs will vest to the extent provided in and in accordance with the terms of the Notice of Grant and this Agreement. If your status as an Employee terminates

1.
for any reason except death, or Disablement (defined below), prior to the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant, your unvested RSUs will be cancelled.

4. CONVERSION INTO COMMON STOCK

Shares of Common Stock will be issued or become free of restrictions as soon as practicable following vesting of the RSUs, provided that you have satisfied your tax withholding obligations as specified under Section 10 of this Agreement and you have completed, signed and returned any documents and taken any additional action that the Corporation deems appropriate to enable it to accomplish the delivery of the shares of Common Stock. The shares of Common Stock will be issued in your name or, in the event of your death or Disablement, to your executor or personal representative, and may be effected by recording shares on the stock records of the Corporation or by crediting shares in an account established on your behalf with a brokerage firm or other custodian, in each case as determined by the Corporation. In no event will the Corporation be obligated to issue a fractional share.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, (i) the Corporation shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock during any period when the Corporation determines that the conversion of a RSU or the delivery of shares hereunder would violate any laws of the United States or your country of residence or employment and/or may issue shares subject to any restrictive legends that, as determined by the Corporation's counsel, is necessary to comply with securities or other regulatory requirements, and (ii) the date on which shares are issued may include a delay in order to provide the Corporation such time as it determines appropriate to address tax withholding and other administrative matters.

5. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

a. Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you take a personal leave of absence under the Intel Leave Guidelines (“PLOA”), your RSUs will vest only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 5:

   i. If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:

      1. The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that (but for this provision) would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated) or, if you return on a day that the NASDAQ is not open, the next following NASDAQ business day; and

      2.
2. The vesting date set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that are scheduled to vest following the date that the PLOA is terminated shall not be affected by the PLOA.

ii. If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the vesting dates set forth in your Notice of Grant for any RSUs that follow the commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred beyond the dates set forth in the Notice of Grant by a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA.

iii. If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA, then in addition to the effect on the vesting dates set forth in clause (a)(i) and (a)(ii) of this Section 5, any RSUs that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be cancelled as of the date of your termination of employment, as applicable, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 8 through 10 hereof.

b. If you take an approved Leave of Absence other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of RSUs shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

6. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF RSU FOR MISCONDUCT

If at any time the Committee of the Board of Directors of the Corporation established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”), including any Subcommittee or “Authorized Officer” (as defined in Section 8(a)(v) of the 2004 Plan) notifies the Corporation that they reasonably believe that you have committed an act of misconduct as described in Section 8(a)(v) of the 2004 Plan (embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, nonpayment of any obligation owed to the Corporation, breach of fiduciary duty or deliberate disregard of Corporation rules resulting in loss, damage or injury to the Corporation, an unauthorized disclosure of any Corporation trade secret or confidential information, any conduct constituting unfair competition, inducing any customer to breach a contract with the Corporation or inducing any principal for whom the Corporation acts as agent to terminate such agency relationship), the vesting of your RSUs may be suspended pending a determination of whether an act of misconduct has been committed. If the Corporation determines that you have committed an act of misconduct, all RSUs not vested as of the date the Corporation was notified that you may have committed an act of misconduct shall be cancelled and neither you nor any beneficiary shall be entitled to any claim with respect to the RSUs whatsoever. Any determination by the Committee or an Authorized Officer with respect to the foregoing shall be final, conclusive, and binding on all interested parties.

7. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT
Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than on account of death, or Disablement (defined below), all RSUs not then vested shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is as a result of a divestiture or otherwise. For purposes of this Section 7, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which the Corporation or a Subsidiary is a party shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) an entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are specifically designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.

For purposes of this provision, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from the Corporation or a Subsidiary, you are rehired by the Corporation or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel RSU grants, nor would your transfer from the Corporation to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to the Corporation be deemed a termination of employment.

8. DEATH
Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die while employed by the Corporation, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

9. DISABILITY
Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement and upon your termination of employment as a result of a determination of Disablement, your RSUs will become one hundred percent (100%) vested.

For purposes of this Section 9, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

10. TAX WITHHOLDING
RSUs are taxable upon vesting based on the market value in accordance with the tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. RSUs are taxable in accordance with the existing or future tax laws of the country where
you are resident or employed. If you are an U.S. citizen or expatriate, you may also be subject to U.S. tax laws.

To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you for the payment and satisfaction of any income tax, social security tax, payroll tax, social taxes, applicable national or local taxes, payment on account or other tax related to withholding obligations that arise by reason of granting of a RSU, vesting of a RSU or any sale of shares of the Common Stock (whichever is applicable).

The Corporation shall not be required to issue or lift any restrictions on shares of the Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied.

Unless provided otherwise by the Committee, these obligations will be satisfied by the Corporation withholding a number of shares of Common Stock that would otherwise be issued under the RSUs that the Corporation determines has a Market Value sufficient to meet the tax withholding obligations. In the event that the Committee provides that these obligations will not be satisfied under the method described in the previous sentence, you authorize UBS Financial Services Inc., or any successor plan administrator, to sell a number of shares of Common Stock that are issued under the RSUs, which the Corporation determines is sufficient to generate an amount that meets the tax withholding obligations plus additional shares to account for rounding and market fluctuations, and to pay such tax withholding to the Corporation. The shares may be sold as part of a block trade with other participants of the 2004 Plan in which all participants receive an average price. For this purpose, “Market Value” will be calculated as the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ on the day your RSUs vest. The future value of the underlying shares of Common Stock is unknown and cannot be predicted with certainty.

You are ultimately liable and responsible for all taxes owed by you in connection with your RSUs, regardless of any action the Corporation takes or any transaction pursuant to this Section 10 with respect to any tax withholding obligations that arise in connection with the RSUs. The Corporation makes no representation or undertaking regarding the treatment of any tax withholding in connection with the grant, issuance, vesting or settlement of the RSUs or the subsequent sale of any of the shares of Common Stock underlying the RSUs that vest. The Corporation does not commit and is under no obligation to structure the RSU program to reduce or eliminate your tax liability.

11. RIGHTS AS A STOCKHOLDER

Your RSUs may not be otherwise transferred or assigned, pledged, hypothecated or otherwise disposed of in any way, whether by operation of law
or otherwise, and may not be subject to execution, attachment or similar process. Any attempt to transfer, assign, hypothecate or otherwise dispose of your RSUs other than as permitted above, shall be void and unenforceable against the Corporation.

You will have the rights of a stockholder only after shares of the Common Stock have been issued to you following vesting of your RSUs and satisfaction of all other conditions to the issuance of those shares as set forth in this Agreement. RSUs shall not entitle you to any rights of a stockholder of Common Stock and there are no voting or dividend rights with respect to your RSUs. RSUs shall remain terminable pursuant to this Agreement at all times until they vest and convert into shares. As a condition to having the right to receive shares of Common Stock pursuant to your RSUs, you acknowledge that unvested RSUs shall have no value for purposes of any aspect of your employment relationship with the Corporation.

12. DISPUTES

Any question concerning the interpretation of this Agreement, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan, any adjustments required to be made thereunder, and any controversy that may arise under the Standard Terms, your Notice of Grant, the RSUs or the 2004 Plan shall be determined by the Committee (including any person(s) to whom the Committee has delegated its authority) in its sole and absolute discretion. Such decision by the Committee shall be final and binding unless determined pursuant to Section 15(e) to have been arbitrary and capricious.

13. AMENDMENTS

The 2004 Plan and RSUs may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of the Corporation to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

14. DATA PRIVACY

You explicitly and unambiguously consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data as described in this document by the Corporation for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan.

You hereby understand that the Corporation holds certain personal information about you, including, but not limited to, your name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all RSUs or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in your favor, for the purpose of implementing,
administering and managing the 2004 Plan (“Data”). You hereby understand that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the 2004 Plan, that these recipients may be located in your country or elsewhere, and that the recipient’s country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You hereby understand that you may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting your local human resources representative. You authorize the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required to a broker or other third party with whom you may elect to deposit any shares of Common Stock acquired under your RSUs. You hereby understand that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage your participation in the 2004 Plan. You hereby understand that you may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing your local human resources representative. You hereby understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect your ability to participate in the 2004 Plan. For more information on the consequences of your refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, you hereby understand that you may contact the human resources representative responsible for your country at the local or regional level.

15. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER TERMS; OTHER MATTERS
   a. Certain capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined in the 2004 Plan. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the RSUs are superseded by this Agreement and your Notice of Grant.

   The grant of RSUs to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate the Corporation or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that the Corporation or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any given amount.

   b. To the extent that the grant of RSUs refers to the Common Stock of Intel Corporation, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon vesting in accord with the terms hereof.

   c. Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the RSUs covered by this Agreement shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the
Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify this Agreement or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested RSUs at the time of such determination.

d. Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

e. Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may be issued shares of Common Stock of Intel Corporation, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the RSUs granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.

f. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or the applicable Notice of Grant, your RSUs are subject to reduction by the Corporation if you change your employment classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.

g. RSUs are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

h. In consideration of the grant of RSUs, no claim or entitlement to compensation or damages shall arise from termination of your RSUs or diminution in value of the RSUs or Common Stock acquired through vested RSUs resulting from termination of your active employment by the Corporation (for any reason whatsoever and whether or not in breach of local labor laws) and you hereby release the Corporation from any such claim that may arise; if, notwithstanding the foregoing, any such claim is found by a court of competent jurisdiction to have arisen, then you shall be deemed irrevocably to have waived your entitlement to pursue such claim.

i. Notwithstanding any terms or conditions of the 2004 Plan to the contrary, in the event of involuntary termination of your employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to receive the RSUs and vest in RSUs under the 2004 Plan, if any, will terminate effective as of the date that you are no longer actively employed and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law (e.g., active employment would not include a period of “garden leave” or similar period pursuant to local law); furthermore, in the event of involuntary termination of employment (whether or not in breach of local labor laws), your right to sell shares of Common Stock that converted from vested RSUs after termination of employment, if any, will be measured by the date of termination of your active employment and will not be extended by any notice period mandated under local law.
j. Notwithstanding any provision of these Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant or the 2004 Plan to the contrary, if, at the time of your termination of employment with the Corporation, you are a “specified employee” as defined in Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code (“Code”), and one or more of the payments or benefits received or to be received by you pursuant to the RSUs would constitute deferred compensation subject to Section 409A, no such payment or benefit will be provided under the RSUs until the earliest of (A) the date which is six (6) months after your “separation from service” for any reason, other than death or “disability” (as such terms are used in Section 409A(a)(2) of the Code), (B) the date of your death or “disability” (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(C) of the Code) or (C) the effective date of a “change in the ownership or effective control” of the Corporation (as such term is used in Section 409A(a)(2)(A)(v) of the Code). The provisions of this Section 15(j) shall only apply to the extent required to avoid your incurrence of any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder. In addition, if any provision of the RSUs would cause you to incur any penalty tax or interest under Section 409A of the Code or any regulations or Treasury guidance promulgated thereunder, the Corporation may reform such provision to maintain to the maximum extent practicable the original intent of the applicable provision without violating the provisions of Section 409A of the Code.

By your electronic signature, you and Intel Corporation agree that the RSUs identified in your Notice of Grant are governed by the terms of this Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan. You further acknowledge that you have read and understood the terms of the RSUs set forth in this Agreement.

FAILURE TO ELECTRONICALLY SIGN WITHIN 180 DAYS OF THE GRANT DATE WILL RESULT IN CANCELLATION OF THE RSUs (SEE SECTION 2 OF THIS AGREEMENT).
INTEL CORPORATION
2004 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

TERMS AND CONDITIONS RELATING TO NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTIONS GRANTED ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 1, 2006 UNDER THE INTEL CORPORATION 2004 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN FOR GRANTS FORMERLY KNOWN AS ELTSOP GRANTS

1. TERMS OF OPTION

The following terms and conditions (these “Standard Terms”) apply to Nonqualified Stock Options granted to U.S. employees under the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”) for grants formerly known as ELTSOP grants.

2. NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION

The option is not intended to be an incentive stock option under Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”) and will be interpreted accordingly.

3. OPTION PRICE

The exercise price of the option (the “option price”) is 100% of the market value of the common stock of Intel Corporation (“Intel” or the “Corporation”), $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), on the date of grant, as specified in the Notice of Grant. “Market value” means the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ.

4. TERM OF OPTION AND EXERCISE OF OPTION

To the extent the option has become exercisable (vested) during the periods indicated in the Notice of Grant and has not been previously exercised, and subject to termination or acceleration as provided in these Standard Terms and the requirements of these Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan, you may exercise the option to purchase up to the number of shares of the Common Stock set forth in the Notice of Grant. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 5 or Sections 7 through 9 hereof, no part of the option may be exercised after ten (10) years from the date of grant.

The process for exercising the option (or any part thereof) is governed by these Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant, the 2004 Plan and your agreements with Intel’s stock plan administrator. Exercises of stock options will be processed as soon as practicable. The option price may be paid (a) in cash, (b) by
arrangement with Intel’s stock plan administrator which is acceptable to Intel where payment of the option price is made pursuant to an irrevocable
direction to the broker to deliver all or part of the proceeds from the sale of the shares of the Common Stock issuable under the option to Intel, (c) by
delivery of any other lawful consideration approved in advance by the Committee of the Board of Directors of Intel established pursuant to the 2004 Plan
(the “Committee”) or its delegate, or (d) in any combination of the foregoing. Fractional shares may not be exercised. Shares of the Common Stock will
be issued as soon as practicable. You will have the rights of a stockholder only after the shares of the Common Stock have been issued. For
administrative or other reasons, Intel may from time to time suspend the ability of employees to exercise options for limited periods of time.

Notwithstanding the above, Intel shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock during any period when Intel determines that the
exercisability of the option or the delivery of shares hereunder would violate any federal, state or other applicable laws.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in these Standard Terms or the applicable Notice of Grant, Intel may reduce your unvested options if you change
classification from a full-time to a part-time employee.

IF AN EXPIRATION DATE DESCRIBED HEREIN FALLS ON A WEEKDAY, YOU MUST EXERCISE YOUR OPTIONS BEFORE 3:45 P.M. NEW YORK
TIME ON THE EXPIRATION DATE.

IF AN EXPIRATION DATE DESCRIBED HEREIN FALLS ON A WEEKEND OR ANY OTHER DAY ON WHICH THE NASDAQ STOCK MARKET
("NASDAQ") IS NOT OPEN, YOU MUST EXERCISE YOUR OPTIONS BEFORE 3:45 P.M. NEW YORK TIME ON THE LAST NASDAQ BUSINESS DAY
PRIOR TO THE EXPIRATION DATE.

5. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

(a) Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, if you take a personal leave of absence ("PLOA"), the option will be exercisable
only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 5:

(1) If the duration of the PLOA is 365 days or less, you may exercise any part of the option that vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA
at any time during the PLOA. If the duration of the PLOA is greater than 365 days, any part of the option that had vested prior to the
commencement of the PLOA and that has not been exercised will terminate on the 365th day of the PLOA.

(2) If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:
a. The exercisability of any part of the option that would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated); and
b. Any part of the option that had not vested at the commencement of the PLOA and would not have vested during the PLOA shall vest in accordance with the normal schedule indicated in the Notice of Grant and shall not be affected by the PLOA.

(3) If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the exercisability of each part of the option scheduled to vest after commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred for a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA, however, in no event shall the term of the option be extended beyond ten (10) years from the date of grant. If you terminate employment after returning from the PLOA but prior to the end of such deferral period, you shall have no right to exercise any unvested portion of the option, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 8 and 9 hereof, and such option shall terminate as of the date that your employment terminates.

(4) If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA:
   a. Any portions of the option that had vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be exercisable in accordance with Sections 7 through 9 hereof, as applicable; and
   b. Any portions of the option that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall terminate, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 8 and 9 hereof.

(b) If you take an approved Leave of Absence ("LOA") other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of your options shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

6. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF OPTION FOR MISCONDUCT

   If you have allegedly committed an act of misconduct as defined in the 2004 Plan, including, but not limited to, embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, unauthorized disclosure of trade secrets or confidential information, breach of fiduciary duty or nonpayment of an obligation owed to the Corporation, an Authorized Officer, as defined in the 2004 Plan, may suspend your right to exercise the option, pending a decision by the Committee (or Board of Directors).
as the case may be) or an Authorized Officer to terminate the option. The option cannot be exercised during such suspension or after such termination.

7. **TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT**

Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than death, Disablement (defined below), or discharge for misconduct, you may exercise any portion of the option that had vested on or prior to the date of termination at any time prior to ninety (90) days after the date of such termination. The option shall terminate on the 90th day to the extent that it is unexercised. All unvested stock options shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is voluntary or involuntary.

For purposes of this Section 7, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from Intel or a Subsidiary, you are rehired by Intel or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel stock option grants, nor would your transfer from Intel to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to Intel be deemed a termination of employment. Further, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which Intel or a Subsidiary is a party shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) the entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.

8. **DEATH**

Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, if you die while employed by the Corporation, the executor of your will, administrator of your estate or any successor trustee of a grantor trust may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and whether or not vested on the date of death, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of death.

Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, if you die prior to ninety (90) days after terminating your employment with the Corporation, the executor of your will or administrator of your estate may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and to the extent the option had vested on or prior to the date of your employment termination, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of your employment termination.

The option shall terminate on the applicable expiration date described in this Section 8, to the extent that it is unexercised.

9. **DISABILITY**
Except as expressly provided otherwise in these Standard Terms, following your termination of employment due to Disablement, you may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and whether or not the option had vested on or prior to the date of employment termination, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of determination of your Disablement as described in this Section 9; provided, however, that while the claim of Disablement is pending, options that were unvested at termination of employment may not be exercised and options that were vested at termination of employment may be exercised only during the period set forth in Section 7 hereof. The option shall terminate on the 365th day from the date of determination of Disablement, to the extent that it is unexercised. For purposes of these Standard Terms, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

10. INCOME TAXES WITHHOLDING

Nonqualified stock options are taxable upon exercise. To the extent required by applicable federal, state or other law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to Intel for the satisfaction of any withholding tax obligations that arise by reason of an option exercise and, if applicable, any sale of shares of the Common Stock. Intel shall not be required to issue shares of the Common Stock or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied. The Committee may permit these obligations to be satisfied by having Intel withhold a portion of the shares of the Common Stock that otherwise would be issued to you upon exercise of the option, or to the extent permitted by the Committee, by tendering shares of the Common Stock previously acquired.

11. TRANSFERABILITY OF OPTION

Unless otherwise provided by the Committee, each option shall be transferable only

(a) pursuant to your will or upon your death to your beneficiaries, or

(b) by gift to your Immediate Family (defined below), partnerships whose only partners are you or members of your Immediate Family, limited liability companies whose only shareholders are you or members of your
Immediate Family, or trusts established solely for the benefit of you or members of your Immediate Family, or
by gift to a foundation in which you and/or members of your Immediate Family control the management of the foundation's assets.
For purposes of these Standard Terms, "Immediate Family" is defined as your spouse or domestic partner, children, grandchildren, parents, or siblings.
With respect to transfers by gift under subsection (b), options are transferable whether vested or not at the time of transfer. With respect to transfers by gift under subsection (c), options are transferable only to the extent the options are vested at the time of transfer. Any purported assignment, transfer or encumbrance that does not qualify under subsections (a), (b) and (c) above shall be void and unenforceable against the Corporation.
Any option transferred by you pursuant to this section shall not be transferable by the recipient except by will or the laws of descent and distribution.
The transferability of options is subject to any applicable laws of your country of residence or employment.

12. DISPUTES
The Committee or its delegate shall finally and conclusively determine any disagreement concerning your option.

13. AMENDMENTS
The 2004 Plan and the option may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of Intel to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

14. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER AGREEMENTS; OTHER MATTERS
(a) The provisions of these Standard Terms and the 2004 Plan are incorporated into the Notice of Grant by reference. Certain capitalized terms used in these Standard Terms are defined in the 2004 Plan.

These Standard Terms, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan constitute the entire understanding between you and the Corporation regarding the option. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the option are superseded.

The grant of an option to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate Intel or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that Intel or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any given amount.
(b) Options are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of these Standard Terms, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the options covered by these Standard Terms shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify these Standard Terms or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested options at the time of such determination.

(d) Nothing contained in these Standard Terms creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

(e) To the extent that the option refers to the Common Stock of Intel Corporation, and as required by the laws of your residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon exercise by the holder in accord with the terms hereof.

(f) Because these Standard Terms relate to terms and conditions under which you may purchase Common Stock of Intel, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of these Standard Terms is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to these Standard Terms or the option granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.
1. TERMS OF OPTION

This Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement (this “Agreement”), the Notice of Grant of Stock Options delivered herewith (the “Notice of Grant”) and the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”), as such may be amended from time to time, set forth the terms of your option identified in the Notice of Grant for grants formerly known as ELTSOP grants. As used herein, the “Corporation” shall mean Intel Corporation and its Subsidiaries.

2. SIGNATURE

This option cannot be exercised until you print and sign this Agreement and return it to Intel Benefit Services. If you fail to sign this Agreement and return it to Intel Benefit Services within 180 days of the Grant Date, the option will be cancelled, except as determined by the Corporation in its sole discretion. Signing this agreement does not obligate you to exercise the option or purchase any shares.

3. NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION

This option is not intended to be an incentive stock option under Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”) and will be interpreted accordingly.

4. OPTION PRICE

The exercise price of this option (the “option price”) is 100% of the market value of the common stock of Intel Corporation (“Intel”), $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), on the date of grant, as specified in the Notice of Grant. “Market value” means the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ.

5. TERM OF OPTION AND EXERCISE OF OPTION

1.
To the extent the option has become exercisable (vested) during the periods indicated in the Notice of Grant and has not been previously exercised, and subject to termination or acceleration as provided in this Agreement and the requirements of this Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan, you may exercise the option to purchase up to the number of shares of the Common Stock set forth in the Notice of Grant. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 6 or Sections 8 through 10 hereof, no part of the option may be exercised after ten (10) years from the date of grant.

The process for exercising the option (or any part thereof) is governed by this Agreement, the Notice of Grant, the 2004 Plan and your agreements with Intel’s stock plan administrator. Exercises of stock options will be processed as soon as practicable. The option price may be paid (a) in cash, (b) by arrangement with Intel’s stock plan administrator which is acceptable to Intel where payment of the option price is made pursuant to an irrevocable direction to the broker to deliver all or part of the proceeds from the sale of the shares of the Common Stock issuable under the option to Intel, (c) by delivery of any other lawful consideration approved in advance by the Committee of the Board of Directors of Intel established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”) or its delegate, or (d) in any combination of the foregoing. Fractional shares may not be exercised. Shares of the Common Stock will be issued as soon as practicable. You will have the rights of a stockholder only after the shares of the Common Stock have been issued. For administrative or other reasons, Intel may from time to time suspend the ability of employees to exercise options for limited periods of time.

Notwithstanding the above, Intel shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock if such delivery is prohibited by the laws of the United States or your country of residence or employment. If such delivery is prohibited at the time that all or part of the option is exercised, then such exercise may be made only in accordance with Intel’s “cashless exercise” procedure, to the extent permitted under the laws of the United States and your country of residence or employment.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or the applicable Notice of Grant, Intel may reduce your unvested options if you change classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.

6. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

(a) Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you take a personal leave of absence (“PLOA”), the option will be exercisable only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 6:

(1) If the duration of the PLOA is 365 days or less, you may exercise any part of the option that vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA at any time during the PLOA. If the duration of the PLOA is 2.
greater than 365 days, any part of the option that had vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA and that has not been exercised will terminate on the 365th day of the PLOA.

(2) If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:
   a. The exercisability of any part of the option that would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated); and
   b. Any part of the option that had not vested at the commencement of the PLOA and would not have vested during the PLOA will vest in accordance with the normal schedule indicated in the Notice of Grant and shall not be affected by the PLOA.

(3) If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the exercisability of each part of the option scheduled to vest after commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred for a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA, however, in no event shall the term of the option be extended beyond ten (10) years from the date of grant. If you terminate employment after returning from the PLOA but prior to the end of such deferral period, you shall have no right to exercise any unvested portion of the option, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 9 through 10 hereof, and such option shall terminate as of the date that your employment terminates.

(4) If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA:
   a. Any portions of the option that had vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be exercisable in accordance with Sections 8 through 10 hereof, as applicable; and
   b. Any portions of the option that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall terminate, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 9 and 10 hereof.

(b) If you take an approved Leave of Absence (“LOA”) other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of your options shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

7. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF OPTION FOR MISCONDUCT

3.
If you have allegedly committed an act of misconduct as defined in the 2004 Plan, including, but not limited to, embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, unauthorized disclosure of trade secrets or confidential information, breach of fiduciary duty or nonpayment of an obligation owed to the Corporation, an Authorized Officer, as defined in the 2004 Plan, may suspend your right to exercise the option, pending a decision by the Committee (or Board of Directors, as the case may be) or an Authorized Officer to terminate the option. The option cannot be exercised during such suspension or after such termination.

8. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than death, Disablement (defined below), or discharge for misconduct, you may exercise any portion of the option that had vested on or prior to the date of termination at any time prior to ninety (90) days after the date of such termination. The option shall terminate on the 90th day to the extent that it is unexercised. All unvested stock options shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is voluntary or involuntary.

For purposes of this Section 8, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from the Corporation, you are rehired by Intel or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel stock option grants, nor would your transfer from Intel to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to Intel be deemed a termination of employment. Further, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which Intel or a Subsidiary is a party shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) the entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.

9. DEATH

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die while employed by the Corporation, the executor of your will, administrator of your estate or any successor trustee of a grantor trust may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and whether or not vested on the date of death, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of death.

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die prior to ninety (90) days after termination of your employment with the Corporation, the executor of your will or administrator of your estate may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and to the extent the option had vested on or prior to the date of your employment termination, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of your employment termination.
The option shall terminate on the applicable expiration date described in this Section 9, to the extent that it is unexercised.

10. **DISABILITY**

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, following your termination of employment due to Disablement, you may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and whether or not the option had vested on or prior to the date of employment termination, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of determination of your Disablement as described in this Section 10; provided, however, that while the claim of Disablement is pending, options that were unvested at termination of employment may not be exercised and options that were vested at termination of employment may be exercised only during the period set forth in Section 8 hereof. The option shall terminate on the 365th day from the date of determination of Disablement, to the extent that it is unexercised. For purposes of this Agreement, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

11. **INCOME TAXES WITHHOLDING**

You will be subject to taxation in accordance with the tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. If you are an U.S. citizen or expatriate, you may also be subject to U.S. tax laws. To the extent required by applicable federal, state, local or foreign law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to Intel or the Subsidiary that employs you for the satisfaction of any withholding tax obligations that arise by reason of an option exercise or any sale of shares of the Common Stock. Intel shall not be required to issue shares of the Common Stock or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied. The Committee may permit these obligations to be satisfied by having Intel withhold a portion of the shares of the Common Stock that otherwise would be issued to you upon exercise of the option, or to the extent permitted by the Committee, by tendering shares of the Common Stock previously acquired.

12. **NON-TRANSFERABILITY OF OPTION**

You may not assign or transfer this option to anyone except pursuant to your will or upon your death to your beneficiaries. The transferability of options is subject to any applicable laws of your country of residence or employment.
13. **DISPUTES**

   The Committee or its delegate shall finally and conclusively determine any disagreement concerning your option.

14. **AMENDMENTS**

   The 2004 Plan and the option may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of Intel to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

15. **DATA PRIVACY**

   You explicitly and unambiguously consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data as described in this document by the Corporation for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan.

   You hereby understand that the Corporation holds certain personal information about you, including, but not limited to, your name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all options or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in your favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the 2004 Plan ("Data"). You hereby understand that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the 2004 Plan, that these recipients may be located in your country or elsewhere, and that the recipient's country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You hereby understand that you may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting your local human resources representative. You authorize the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required to a broker or other third party with whom you may elect to deposit any shares of Common Stock acquired under your options. You hereby understand that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage your participation in the 2004 Plan. You hereby understand that you may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing your local human resources representative. You hereby understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect
your ability to participate in the 2004 Plan. For more information on the consequences of your refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, you hereby understand that you may contact the human resources representative responsible for your country at the local or regional level.

16. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER AGREEMENTS; OTHER MATTERS

(a) The provisions of this Agreement and the 2004 Plan are incorporated into the Notice of Grant by reference. Certain capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined in the 2004 Plan. This Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan constitute the entire understanding between you and the Corporation regarding the option. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the option are superseded. The grant of an option to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate Intel or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that Intel or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any given amount.

(b) Options are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the options covered by this Agreement shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify this Agreement or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested options at the time of such determination.

(d) Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

(e) To the extent that the option refers to the Common Stock of Intel, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon exercise by the holder in accord with the terms hereof.

(f) Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may purchase Common Stock of Intel, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to
By your signature below, you and Intel Corporation agree that the options under the ELTSOP program identified in your Notice of Grant are governed by the terms of this Agreement, the Notice of Grant, and the 2004 Plan. You further acknowledge that you have read and understand the terms of the options set forth in this Agreement.

FAILURE TO SIGN AND RETURN WITHIN 180 DAYS OF THE GRANT DATE WILL RESULT IN CANCELLATION OF THE OPTIONS (SEE SECTION 2 OF THIS AGREEMENT).

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INTEL CORPORATION
NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION AGREEMENT
UNDER THE 2004 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN

(FOR GRANTS AFTER FEBRUARY 1, 2006 UNDER THE ELTSOP PROGRAM)

1. TERMS OF OPTION

   This Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement (this “Agreement”), the Notice of Grant of Stock Options delivered herewith (the “Notice of Grant”) and the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”), as such may be amended from time to time, set forth the terms of your option identified in the Notice of Grant for grants formerly known as ELTSOP grants. As used herein, the “Corporation” shall mean Intel Corporation and its Subsidiaries.

2. NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION

   This option is not intended to be an incentive stock option under Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”) and will be interpreted accordingly.

3. OPTION PRICE

   The exercise price of this option (the “option price”) is 100% of the market value of the common stock of Intel Corporation (“Intel”), $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), on the date of grant, as specified in the Notice of Grant. “Market value” means the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ.

4. TERM OF OPTION AND EXERCISE OF OPTION

   To the extent the option has become exercisable (vested) during the periods indicated in the Notice of Grant and has not been previously exercised, and subject to termination or acceleration as provided in this Agreement and the requirements of this Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan, you may exercise the option to purchase up to the number of shares of the Common Stock set forth in the Notice of Grant. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 5 or Sections 7 through 9 hereof, no part of the option may be exercised after ten (10) years from the date of grant.
The process for exercising the option (or any part thereof) is governed by this Agreement, the Notice of Grant, the 2004 Plan and your agreements with Intel’s stock plan administrator. Exercises of stock options will be processed as soon as practicable. The option price may be paid (a) in cash, (b) by arrangement with Intel’s stock plan administrator which is acceptable to Intel where payment of the option price is made pursuant to an irrevocable direction to the broker to deliver all or part of the proceeds from the sale of the shares of the Common Stock issuable under the option to Intel, (c) by delivery of any other lawful consideration approved in advance by the Committee of the Board of Directors of Intel established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”) or its delegate, or (d) in any combination of the foregoing. Fractional shares may not be exercised. Shares of the Common Stock will be issued as soon as practicable. You will have the rights of a stockholder only after the shares of the Common Stock have been issued. For administrative or other reasons, Intel may from time to time suspend the ability of employees to exercise options for limited periods of time.

Notwithstanding the above, Intel shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock if such delivery is prohibited by the laws of the United States or your country of residence or employment. If such delivery is prohibited at the time that all or part of the option is exercised, then such exercise may be made only in accordance with Intel’s “cashless exercise” procedure, to the extent permitted under the laws of the United States and your country of residence or employment.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or the applicable Notice of Grant, Intel may reduce your unvested options if you change classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.

5. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

(a) Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you take a personal leave of absence ("PLOA"), the option will be exercisable only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 5:

(1) If the duration of the PLOA is 365 days or less, you may exercise any part of the option that vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA at any time during the PLOA. If the duration of the PLOA is greater than 365 days, any part of the option that had vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA and that has not been exercised will terminate on the 365th day of the PLOA.

(2) If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:

a. The exercisability of any part of the option that would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day
that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated); and

b. Any part of the option that had not vested at the commencement of the PLOA and would not have vested during the PLOA will vest in accordance with the normal schedule indicated in the Notice of Grant and shall not be affected by the PLOA.

(3) If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the exercisability of each part of the option scheduled to vest after commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred for a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA, however, in no event shall the term of the option be extended beyond ten (10) years from the date of grant. If you terminate employment after returning from the PLOA but prior to the end of such deferral period, you shall have no right to exercise any unvested portion of the option, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 8 through 9 hereof, and such option shall terminate as of the date that your employment terminates.

(4) If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA:

a. Any portions of the option that had vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be exercisable in accordance with Sections 7 through 9 hereof, as applicable; and

b. Any portions of the option that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall terminate, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 8 through 9 hereof.

(b) If you take an approved Leave of Absence (“LOA”) other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of your options shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

6. **SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF OPTION FOR MISCONDUCT**

If you have allegedly committed an act of misconduct as defined in the 2004 Plan, including, but not limited to, embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, unauthorized disclosure of trade secrets or confidential information, breach of fiduciary duty or nonpayment of an obligation owed to the Corporation, an Authorized Officer, as defined in the 2004 Plan, may suspend your right to exercise the option, pending a decision by the Committee (or Board of Directors, as the case may be) or an Authorized Officer to terminate the option. The option cannot be exercised during such suspension or after such termination.
7. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than death, Disablement (defined below), or discharge for misconduct, you may exercise any portion of the option that had vested on or prior to the date of termination at any time prior to ninety (90) days after the date of such termination. The option shall terminate on the 90th day to the extent that it is unexercised. All unvested stock options shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is voluntary or involuntary.

For purposes of this Section 7, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from the Corporation, you are rehired by Intel or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel stock option grants, nor would your transfer from Intel to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to Intel be deemed a termination of employment. Further, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which Intel or a Subsidiary is a party shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) the entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.

8. DEATH

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die while employed by the Corporation, the executor of your will, administrator of your estate or any successor trustee of a grantor trust may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and whether or not vested on the date of death, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of death.

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die prior to ninety (90) days after termination of your employment with the Corporation, the executor of your will or administrator of your estate may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and to the extent the option had vested on or prior to the date of your employment termination, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of your employment termination.

The option shall terminate on the applicable expiration date described in this Section 8, to the extent that it is unexercised.

9. DISABILITY

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, following your termination of employment due to Disablement, you may exercise the option, to
the extent not previously exercised and whether or not the option had vested on or prior to the date of employment termination, at any time prior to
365 days from the date of determination of your Disablement as described in this Section 9; provided, however, that while the claim of Disablement is
pending, options that were unvested at termination of employment may not be exercised and options that were vested at termination of employment may
be exercised only during the period set forth in Section 7 hereof. The option shall terminate on the 365th day from the date of determination of
Disablement, to the extent that it is unexercised. For purposes of this Agreement, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards
and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are
not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have
the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury,
which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

10. INCOME TAXES WITHHOLDING
You will be subject to taxation in accordance with the tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. If you are an U.S. citizen or expatriate,
you may also be subject to U.S. tax laws. To the extent required by applicable federal, state, local or foreign law, you shall make arrangements
satisfactory to Intel or the Subsidiary that employs you for the satisfaction of any withholding tax obligations that arise by reason of an option exercise or
any sale of shares of the Common Stock. Intel shall not be required to issue shares of the Common Stock or to recognize any purported transfer of
shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied. The Committee may permit these obligations to be satisfied by having Intel withhold a
portion of the shares of the Common Stock that otherwise would be issued to you upon exercise of the option, or to the extent permitted by the
Committee, by tendering shares of the Common Stock previously acquired.

11. NON-TRANSFERABILITY OF OPTION
You may not assign or transfer this option to anyone except pursuant to your will or upon your death to your beneficiaries. The transferability of options is
subject to any applicable laws of your country of residence or employment.

12. DISPUTES
The Committee or its delegate shall finally and conclusively determine any disagreement concerning your option.

13. AMENDMENTS
The 2004 Plan and the option may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of Intel to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

14. DATA PRIVACY

You explicitly and unambiguously consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data as described in this document by the Corporation for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan.

You hereby understand that the Corporation holds certain personal information about you, including, but not limited to, your name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all options or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in your favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the 2004 Plan (“Data”). You hereby understand that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the 2004 Plan, that these recipients may be located in your country or elsewhere, and that the recipient’s country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You hereby understand that you may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting your local human resources representative. You authorize the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required to a broker or other third party with whom you may elect to deposit any shares of Common Stock acquired under your options. You hereby understand that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage your participation in the 2004 Plan. You hereby understand that you may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting in writing your local human resources representative. You hereby understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect your ability to participate in the 2004 Plan. For more information on the consequences of your refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, you hereby understand that you may contact the human resources representative responsible for your country at the local or regional level.

15. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER AGREEMENTS; OTHER MATTERS
The provisions of this Agreement and the 2004 Plan are incorporated into the Notice of Grant by reference. Certain capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined in the 2004 Plan.

This Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan constitute the entire understanding between you and the Corporation regarding the option. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the option are superseded.

The grant of an option to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate Intel or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that Intel or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any given amount.

Options are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the options covered by this Agreement shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify this Agreement or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested options at the time of such determination.

Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

To the extent that the option refers to the Common Stock of Intel, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon exercise by the holder in accord with the terms hereof.

Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may purchase Common Stock of Intel, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to this Agreement or the option granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.
INTEL CORPORATION
NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION AGREEMENT
UNDER THE 2004 EQUITY INCENTIVE PLAN
(FOR GRANTS AFTER FEBRUARY 1, 2006 UNDER THE ELTSOP PROGRAM)

1. TERMS OF OPTION

This Nonqualified Stock Option Agreement (this “Agreement”), the Notice of Grant of Stock Options delivered herewith (the “Notice of Grant”) and the Intel Corporation 2004 Equity Incentive Plan (the “2004 Plan”), as such may be amended from time to time, set forth the terms of your option identified in the Notice of Grant for grants formerly known as ELTSOP grants. As used herein, the “Corporation” shall mean Intel Corporation and its Subsidiaries.

2. SIGNATURE

If you fail to electronically sign this Agreement within 180 days of the Grant Date, the options subject to your Notice of Grant will be cancelled, except as determined by the Corporation in its sole discretion. Signing this agreement does not obligate you to exercise the option or purchase any shares.

3. NONQUALIFIED STOCK OPTION

This option is not intended to be an incentive stock option under Section 422 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the “Code”) and will be interpreted accordingly.

4. OPTION PRICE

The exercise price of this option (the “option price”) is 100% of the market value of the common stock of Intel Corporation (“Intel”), $.001 par value (the “Common Stock”), on the date of grant, as specified in the Notice of Grant. “Market value” means the average of the highest and lowest sales prices of the Common Stock as reported by NASDAQ.

5. TERM OF OPTION AND EXERCISE OF OPTION

1.
To the extent the option has become exercisable (vested) during the periods indicated in the Notice of Grant and has not been previously exercised, and subject to termination or acceleration as provided in this Agreement and the requirements of this Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan, you may exercise the option to purchase up to the number of shares of the Common Stock set forth in the Notice of Grant. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section 6 or Sections 8 through 10 hereof, no part of the option may be exercised after ten (10) years from the date of grant.

The process for exercising the option (or any part thereof) is governed by this Agreement, the Notice of Grant, the 2004 Plan and your agreements with Intel's stock plan administrator. Exercises of stock options will be processed as soon as practicable. The option price may be paid (a) in cash, (b) by arrangement with Intel's stock plan administrator which is acceptable to Intel where payment of the option price is made pursuant to an irrevocable direction to the broker to deliver all or part of the proceeds from the sale of the shares of the Common Stock issuable under the option to Intel, (c) by delivery of any other lawful consideration approved in advance by the Committee of the Board of Directors of Intel established pursuant to the 2004 Plan (the “Committee”) or its delegate, or (d) in any combination of the foregoing. Fractional shares may not be exercised. Shares of the Common Stock will be issued as soon as practicable. You will have the rights of a stockholder only after the shares of the Common Stock have been issued. For administrative or other reasons, Intel may from time to time suspend the ability of employees to exercise options for limited periods of time.

Notwithstanding the above, Intel shall not be obligated to deliver any shares of the Common Stock if such delivery is prohibited by the laws of the United States or your country of residence or employment. If such delivery is prohibited at the time that all or part of the option is exercised, then such exercise may be made only in accordance with Intel’s “cashless exercise” procedure, to the extent permitted under the laws of the United States and your country of residence or employment.

Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Agreement or the applicable Notice of Grant, Intel may reduce your unvested options if you change classification from a full-time employee to a part-time employee.

6. LEAVES OF ABSENCE

   (a) Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you take a personal leave of absence (“PLOA”), the option will be exercisable only to the extent and during the times specified in this Section 6:

      (1) If the duration of the PLOA is 365 days or less, you may exercise any part of the option that vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA at any time during the PLOA. If the duration of the PLOA is
greater than 365 days, any part of the option that had vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA and that has not been exercised will terminate on the 365th day of the PLOA.

(2) If the duration of the PLOA is less than thirty (30) days:
   a. The exercisability of any part of the option that would have vested during the PLOA shall be deferred until the first day that you return to work (i.e., the date that the PLOA is terminated); and
   b. Any part of the option that had not vested at the commencement of the PLOA and would not have vested during the PLOA will vest in accordance with the normal schedule indicated in the Notice of Grant and shall not be affected by the PLOA.

(3) If the duration of the PLOA equals or exceeds thirty (30) days, the exercisability of each part of the option scheduled to vest after commencement of the PLOA shall be deferred for a period of time equal to the duration of the PLOA, however, in no event shall the term of the option be extended beyond ten (10) years from the date of grant. If you terminate employment after returning from the PLOA but prior to the end of such deferral period, you shall have no right to exercise any unvested portion of the option, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 9 through 10 hereof, and such option shall terminate as of the date that your employment terminates.

(4) If you terminate employment with the Corporation during a PLOA:
   a. Any portions of the option that had vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall be exercisable in accordance with Sections 8 through 10 hereof, as applicable; and
   b. Any portions of the option that had not vested prior to the commencement of the PLOA shall terminate, except to the extent provided otherwise in Sections 9 and 10 hereof.

(b) If you take an approved Leave of Absence ("LOA") other than a PLOA under Intel Leave Guidelines, the vesting of your options shall be unaffected by such absence and will vest in accordance with the schedule set forth in the Notice of Grant.

7. SUSPENSION OR TERMINATION OF OPTION FOR MISCONDUCT
   3.
If you have allegedly committed an act of misconduct as defined in the 2004 Plan, including, but not limited to, embezzlement, fraud, dishonesty, unauthorized disclosure of trade secrets or confidential information, breach of fiduciary duty or nonpayment of an obligation owed to the Corporation, an Authorized Officer, as defined in the 2004 Plan, may suspend your right to exercise the option, pending a decision by the Committee (or Board of Directors, as the case may be) or an Authorized Officer to terminate the option. The option cannot be exercised during such suspension or after such termination.

8. TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if your employment by the Corporation terminates for any reason, whether voluntarily or involuntarily, other than death, Disablement (defined below), or discharge for misconduct, you may exercise any portion of the option that had vested on or prior to the date of termination at any time prior to ninety (90) days after the date of such termination. The option shall terminate on the 90th day to the extent that it is unexercised. All unvested stock options shall be cancelled on the date of employment termination, regardless of whether such employment termination is voluntary or involuntary.

For purposes of this Section 8, your employment is not deemed terminated if, prior to sixty (60) days after the date of termination from the Corporation, you are rehired by Intel or a Subsidiary on a basis that would make you eligible for future Intel stock option grants, nor would your transfer from Intel to any Subsidiary or from any one Subsidiary to another, or from a Subsidiary to Intel be deemed a termination of employment. Further, your employment with any partnership, joint venture or corporation not meeting the requirements of a Subsidiary in which Intel or a Subsidiary is a party shall be considered employment for purposes of this provision if either (a) the entity is designated by the Committee as a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision or (b) you are designated as an employee of a Subsidiary for purposes of this provision.

9. DEATH

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die while employed by the Corporation, the executor of your will, administrator of your estate or any successor trustee of a grantor trust may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and whether or not vested on the date of death, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of death.

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, if you die prior to ninety (90) days after termination of your employment with the Corporation, the executor of your will or administrator of your estate may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and to the extent the option had vested on or prior to the date of your employment termination, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of your employment termination.
The option shall terminate on the applicable expiration date described in this Section 9, to the extent that it is unexercised.

10. DISABILITY

Except as expressly provided otherwise in this Agreement, following your termination of employment due to Disablement, you may exercise the option, to the extent not previously exercised and whether or not the option had vested on or prior to the date of employment termination, at any time prior to 365 days from the date of determination of your Disablement as described in this Section 10; provided, however, that while the claim of Disablement is pending, options that were unvested at termination of employment may not be exercised and options that were vested at termination of employment may be exercised only during the period set forth in Section 8 hereof. The option shall terminate on the 365th day from the date of determination of Disablement, to the extent that it is unexercised. For purposes of this Agreement, “Disablement” shall be determined in accordance with the standards and procedures of the then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, and in the event you are not a participant in a then-current Long Term Disability Plan maintained by the Corporation or the Subsidiary that employs you, “Disablement” shall have the same meaning as disablement is defined in the Intel Long Term Disability Plan, which is generally a physical condition arising from an illness or injury, which renders an individual incapable of performing work in any occupation, as determined by the Corporation.

11. INCOME TAXES WITHHOLDING

You will be subject to taxation in accordance with the tax laws of the country where you are resident or employed. If you are an U.S. citizen or expatriate, you may also be subject to U.S. tax laws. To the extent required by applicable federal, state, local or foreign law, you shall make arrangements satisfactory to Intel or the Subsidiary that employs you for the satisfaction of any withholding tax obligations that arise by reason of an option exercise or any sale of shares of the Common Stock. Intel shall not be required to issue shares of the Common Stock or to recognize any purported transfer of shares of the Common Stock until such obligations are satisfied. The Committee may permit these obligations to be satisfied by having Intel withhold a portion of the shares of the Common Stock that otherwise would be issued to you upon exercise of the option, or to the extent permitted by the Committee, by tendering shares of the Common Stock previously acquired.

12. NON-TRANSFERABILITY OF OPTION

You may not assign or transfer this option to anyone except pursuant to your will or upon your death to your beneficiaries. The transferability of options is subject to any applicable laws of your country of residence or employment.
13. DISPUTES
The Committee or its delegate shall finally and conclusively determine any disagreement concerning your option.

14. AMENDMENTS
The 2004 Plan and the option may be amended or altered by the Committee or the Board of Directors of Intel to the extent provided in the 2004 Plan.

15. DATA PRIVACY
You explicitly and unambiguously consent to the collection, use and transfer, in electronic or other form, of your personal data as described in this document by the Corporation for the exclusive purpose of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan.

You hereby understand that the Corporation holds certain personal information about you, including, but not limited to, your name, home address and telephone number, date of birth, social insurance number or other identification number, salary, nationality, job title, any shares of stock or directorships held in the Corporation, details of all options or any other entitlement to shares of stock awarded, canceled, exercised, vested, unvested or outstanding in your favor, for the purpose of implementing, administering and managing the 2004 Plan (“Data”). You hereby understand that Data may be transferred to any third parties assisting in the implementation, administration and management of the 2004 Plan, that these recipients may be located in your country or elsewhere, and that the recipient’s country may have different data privacy laws and protections than your country. You hereby understand that you may request a list with the names and addresses of any potential recipients of the Data by contacting your local human resources representative. You authorize the recipients to receive, possess, use, retain and transfer the Data, in electronic or other form, for the purposes of implementing, administering and managing your participation in the 2004 Plan, including any requisite transfer of such Data as may be required to a broker or other third party with whom you may elect to deposit any shares of Common Stock acquired under your options. You hereby understand that Data will be held only as long as is necessary to implement, administer and manage your participation in the 2004 Plan. You hereby understand that you may, at any time, view Data, request additional information about the storage and processing of Data, require any necessary amendments to Data or refuse or withdraw the consents herein, in any case without cost, by contacting your local human resources representative. You hereby understand, however, that refusing or withdrawing your consent may affect
your ability to participate in the 2004 Plan. For more information on the consequences of your refusal to consent or withdrawal of consent, you hereby understand that you may contact the human resources representative responsible for your country at the local or regional level.

16. THE 2004 PLAN AND OTHER AGREEMENTS; OTHER MATTERS

(a) The provisions of this Agreement and the 2004 Plan are incorporated into the Notice of Grant by reference. Certain capitalized terms used in this Agreement are defined in the 2004 Plan.

This Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan constitute the entire understanding between you and the Corporation regarding the option. Any prior agreements, commitments or negotiations concerning the option are superseded.

The grant of an option to an employee in any one year, or at any time, does not obligate Intel or any Subsidiary to make a grant in any future year or in any given amount and should not create an expectation that Intel or any Subsidiary might make a grant in any future year or in any given amount.

(b) Options are not part of your employment contract (if any) with the Corporation, your salary, your normal or expected compensation, or other remuneration for any purposes, including for purposes of computing severance pay or other termination compensation or indemnity.

(c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, if any changes in the financial or tax accounting rules applicable to the options covered by this Agreement shall occur which, in the sole judgment of the Committee, may have an adverse effect on the reported earnings, assets or liabilities of the Corporation, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, modify this Agreement or cancel and cause a forfeiture with respect to any unvested options at the time of such determination.

(d) Nothing contained in this Agreement creates or implies an employment contract or term of employment upon which you may rely.

(e) To the extent that the option refers to the Common Stock of Intel, and as required by the laws of your country of residence or employment, only authorized but unissued shares thereof shall be utilized for delivery upon exercise by the holder in accord with the terms hereof.

(f) Because this Agreement relates to terms and conditions under which you may purchase Common Stock of Intel, a Delaware corporation, an essential term of this Agreement is that it shall be governed by the laws of the State of Delaware, without regard to choice of law principles of Delaware or other jurisdictions. Any action, suit, or proceeding relating to
this Agreement or the option granted hereunder shall be brought in the state or federal courts of competent jurisdiction in the State of California.

By your electronic signature, you and Intel Corporation agree that the options under the ELTSOP program identified in your Notice of Grant are governed by the terms of this Agreement, the Notice of Grant and the 2004 Plan. You further acknowledge that you have read and understand the terms of the options set forth in this Agreement.

FAILURE TO ELECTRONICALLY SIGN WITHIN 180 DAYS OF THE GRANT DATE WILL RESULT IN CANCELLATION OF THE OPTIONS (SEE SECTION 2 OF THIS AGREEMENT).
## INTEL CORPORATION STATEMENT SETTING FORTH THE COMPUTATION OF RATIOS OF EARNINGS TO FIXED CHARGES

(Dollars in Millions)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Three Months Ended</th>
<th>April 1, 2006</th>
<th>April 2, 2005</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Income before taxes</td>
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<td>$3,151</td>
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<tr>
<td>Adjustments:</td>
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<tr>
<td>Add fixed charges</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Subtract interest capitalized</td>
<td>(19)</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Income before taxes and fixed charges</td>
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<td>$3,167</td>
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<tr>
<td>Fixed charges:</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest</td>
<td>$7</td>
<td>$2</td>
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<tr>
<td>Capitalized interest</td>
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<tr>
<td>Estimated interest component of rental expense</td>
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<td>14</td>
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<tr>
<td>Total</td>
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<td>$16</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ratio of earnings before taxes and fixed charges, to fixed charges</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>198</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
The following certification includes references to an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the company’s “disclosure controls and procedures” and to certain matters related to the company’s “internal control over financial reporting.” Item 4 of Part I of this Form 10-Q presents the conclusions of the CEO and the CFO about the effectiveness of the company’s disclosure controls and procedures based on and as of the date of such evaluation (relating to Item 4 of the certification), and contains additional information concerning disclosures to the company’s Audit Committee and independent auditors with regard to deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting and fraud and related matters (Item 5 of the certification).

CERTIFICATION

I, Paul S. Otellini, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Intel Corporation;

2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;

3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;

4. The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
   a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
   b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
   c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
   d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting;

5. The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
   a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
   b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 5, 2006

By: /s/ Paul S. Otellini

Paul S. Otellini
President and Chief Executive Officer
The following certification includes references to an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of the company’s “disclosure controls and procedures” and to certain matters related to the company’s “internal control over financial reporting.” Item 4 of Part I of this Form 10-Q presents the conclusions of the CEO and the CFO about the effectiveness of the company’s disclosure controls and procedures based on and as of the date of such evaluation (relating to Item 4 of the certification), and contains additional information concerning disclosures to the company’s Audit Committee and independent auditors with regard to deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting and fraud and related matters (Item 5 of the certification).

CERTIFICATION

I, Andy D. Bryant, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Intel Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
   a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
   b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
   c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant’s disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
   d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant’s most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant’s fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant’s other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant’s auditors and the audit committee of the registrant’s board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
   a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant’s ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
   b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 5, 2006

By: /s/ Andy D. Bryant
Andy D. Bryant
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer and
Principal Accounting Officer
CERTIFICATION

Each of the undersigned hereby certifies, for the purposes of section 1350 of chapter 63 of title 18 of the United States Code, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, in his capacity as an officer of Intel Corporation (Intel), that, to his knowledge, the Quarterly Report of Intel on Form 10-Q for the period ended April 1, 2006, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and that the information contained in such report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operation of Intel. This written statement is being furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission as an exhibit to such Form 10-Q. A signed original of this statement has been provided to Intel and will be retained by Intel and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Date: May 5, 2006

By: /s/ Paul S. Otellini
Paul S. Otellini
President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: May 5, 2006

By: /s/ Andy D. Bryant
Andy D. Bryant
Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer
and Principal Accounting Officer