### UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

### FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): February 17, 2022

## intel.

### INTEL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation) 000-06217 (Commission File Number) 94-1672743 (IRS Employer Identification No.)

2200 Mission College Blvd., Santa Clara, California

(Address of principal executive offices)

95054-1549 (Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (408) 765-8080

Not Applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions:

Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)

□ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

□ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common stock, \$0.001 par value	INTC	Nasdaq Global Select Market

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

#### Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

On February 17, 2022, Intel Corporation ("Intel") presented business and financial information to institutional investors, analysts, members of the press and the general public at its previously announced 2022 Investor Meeting (the "Investor Meeting"). Attached hereto as exhibits and incorporated by reference herein are the Investor Meeting presentations made during the publicly available webcast keynote session by: (1) Pat Gelsinger, Chief Executive Officer; (2) Sandra Rivera, Executive Vice President, General Manager of the Datacenter and AI Group; (3) Michelle Johnston Holthaus, Executive Vice President, General Manager of the Client Computing Group, and Jim Johnson, Senior Vice President, Interim General Manager of the Client Computing Group; and (4) David Zinsner, Executive Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, respectively.

During the course of the Investor Meeting, Intel's executives discussed the company's corporate strategy, advancing Moore's law, financial performance and guidance, and business updates. The presentations include forward-looking statements and accompanying Risk Factors. These presentations are among the several presentations made by Intel executives at the Investor Meeting, each of which may be found at intc.com.

On February 17, 2022, Intel also issued a press release discussing the Investor Meeting and providing its full-year financial guidance for 2022 and long-term growth strategy and guidance.

The information in Item 7.01 of this report and the exhibits attached hereto are furnished and shall not be treated as filed for purposes of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

#### Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

The following exhibits are provided as part of this report:

Exhibit	Description
99.1	Press release titled "Intel Highlights 2022 and Long-Term Growth Strategy at Investor Meeting 2022," issued by Intel on February 17, 2022
99.2	Investor Meeting Presentation by Pat Gelsinger, dated February 17, 2022
99.3	Investor Meeting Presentation by Sandra Rivera, dated February 17, 2022
99.4	Investor Meeting Presentation by Michelle Johnston Holthaus and Jim Johnson, dated February 17, 2022
99.5	Investor Meeting Presentation by David Zinsner, dated February 17, 2022
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File formatted in Inline XPPL and included as Exhibit 101

104 Cover Page Interactive Data File, formatted in Inline XBRL and included as Exhibit 101

#### SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

INTEL CORPORATION (Registrant)

Date: February 17, 2022

/s/ Susie Giordano

Susie Giordano Interim General Counsel, Corporate Vice President and Corporate Secretary



## News Release

#### Intel Highlights 2022 and Long-Term Growth Strategy at Investor Meeting

#### Intel details plans to lead in traditional markets, disrupt high-growth emerging markets.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 17, 2022 – Intel today hosted its 2022 Investor Meeting and outlined key elements of the company's strategy and path to longterm growth during an era of unprecedented demand for semiconductors. The event included a series of announcements at both a corporate and individual business unit level, including more details of the company's Smart Capital strategy, product roadmaps across its <u>new reporting segments</u> and key execution milestones.

"The continued proliferation of technology is driving sustained, long-term demand for semiconductors, creating a \$1 trillion market opportunity by 2030," said Pat Gelsinger, Intel chief executive officer. "With that opportunity in mind, today we outlined our strategy and roadmap for accelerating to 10%-12% year-over-year revenue growth by 2026 by doubling down on innovation, driving even deeper collaboration with our customers and partners, and leveraging our core strengths to successfully grow traditional markets and disrupt new ones. Our goals are ambitious, but I'm confident we have the right strategy and right team to achieve them and to deliver long-term value for our shareholders."

#### Full-Year 2022 Outlook

At today's event, Intel provided its outlook for the full-year 2022. For 2022, Intel expects revenue of \$76 billion; non-GAAP gross margin of 52%; non-GAAP EPS of \$3.50; and net capital expenditures of approximately \$27 billion. Adjusted free cash flow is expected to be negative \$1 billion to \$2 billion as the company ramps its investments to accelerate long-term growth.

The company's guidance includes both GAAP and non-GAAP estimates. Full reconciliations between these GAAP and non-GAAP measures are included below.

Full-Year 2022	GAAP	Non-GAAP
Revenue	\$76.0 billion	\$76.0 billion^
Gross margin	49.6%	52%
Earnings per share	\$3.55	\$3.50
Net capital spending <sup>1</sup>	\$27.0 billion	\$27.0 billion^
Adjusted free cash flow	N/A	(\$1-2 billion)

#### Long-Term Profitable Growth

Longer term, Intel expects year-over-year revenue growth moving to the mid- to high-single digits in 2023 and 2024, with year-over-year growth ramping to 10%-12% by 2026.

"We expect to deliver the growth targets outlined today through our reinvigorated focus on large and growing markets, investments in our technology roadmap, and disciplined fiscal approach," said David Zinsner, Intel chief financial officer. "At the same time, we will combine financial discipline with a steady focus on revenue growth, gross margin expansion and strong cash flow. This approach gives us confidence in our ability to execute our plan and deliver compelling shareholder returns."

As Intel's investments begin to deliver faster growth, gross margins are expected to expand from the 51%-53% range over the next three years to 54%-58% in 2025 and 2026. In addition to faster revenue growth, the company sees several opportunities to expand gross margin by 2025. These include executing the company's investments to deliver five nodes in four years to regain technology leadership, better sales mix of leadership products and scaling of higher-growth emerging businesses. Intel also intends to maintain strong cost discipline to identify further cost efficiencies to drive gross margin expansion and deliver leadership products with best-in-class cost.

Investment Phase Model 2023-2024	Non-GAAP
Revenue growth YoY	Mid-to-High single digits^
Gross margin	51-53%
Operating expense <sup>2</sup>	28-30%
Net capital intensity <sup>3</sup>	~35%
Adjusted free cash flow <sup>2</sup>	~neutral
Long-Term Model 2025-2026	Non-GAAP
Revenue growth YoY	10-12%^
Gross margin	54-58%
Operating expense <sup>2</sup>	25-27%
Net capital intensity <sup>3</sup>	~25%
Adjusted free cash flow <sup>2</sup>	~20%

#### Intel's Smart Capital Strategy

Underpinning Intel's long-term growth plan is its Smart Capital strategy, which aims to help fund growth while creating flexibility and delivering higher returns on investments. Under the Smart Capital strategy, Intel intends to employ a disciplined approach to its investments and leverage government incentives, customer participation and other creative partnerships as offsets to capital spending. This will allow the company to adjust quickly to opportunities in the market and gain share while managing its margin structure and capital spending. Key elements of Smart Capital include:

- Smart Capacity Investments: Intel is aggressively building out "shells," which are the smaller portion of the overall cost of a fab but have the longest lead time. Having available shell space gives the company flexibility in how and when it brings additional capacity online based on milestone triggers such as product readiness, market conditions and customer commitments.
- **Government Incentives:** Intel is continuing to partner with governments in the U.S. and Europe to advance incentives for domestic manufacturing capacity for leading-edge semiconductors, as it builds advanced fabs that secure domestic supply and provide opportunities for bolstering economic growth in local communities.
- **Customer Commitments:** Intel Foundry Services is working closely with potential customers, and some have indicated willingness to make advance payments to secure capacity. This provides Intel with the advantage of committed volume, de-risking investments while providing capacity corridors for our foundry customers.
- Infrastructure Agreements: Intel is also exploring innovative ways to optimize its investments in new fab projects. Today Intel announced a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with Brookfield Asset Management (Brookfield), one of the largest global investors in real assets, whereby Intel and Brookfield will explore project finance options to help fund new Intel manufacturing sites and certain related renewable power opportunities. This would increase Intel capital flexibility and help accelerate Intel's manufacturing build-out. This is a creative, first-of-a-kind model for the industry that will allow Intel to fully leverage a premier financial institution to scale its capacity in a capital-efficient manner. The agreement also shows how government incentives can help to increase private capital for semiconductor manufacturing expansion.
- **External Foundries:** Finally, Intel intends to make effective use of external foundries, leveraging some of their unique capabilities to help deliver leadership products.

Together, Intel's Smart Capital actions provide flexibility, reduce its overall gross capital needs and act as a tailwind to gross margin.

#### Plans to Lead in Traditional Markets and Disrupt High-Growth Emerging Markets

Intel today provided substantial updates across its six distinct but complementary business units that enable the company to capture growth in both its large traditional markets and high-growth emerging markets. This includes planned growth in the client,

— more —

data center, network and edge markets based on increasingly competitive roadmaps, and the ability to disrupt important emerging markets with focused investments in accelerated compute and graphics, foundry, mobility and auto. In the auto market, the company remains on track to take Mobileye public in the U.S. in mid-2022 via an initial public offering, where Intel will remain the majority owner of Mobileye. This structure gives Intel multiple engines for growth and an inherent flexibility in how it invests. Intel's new reporting segments, which will be presented beginning with its first-quarter 2022 results, will also provide shareholders with more transparency, giving them direct visibility into the company's progress in each area.

More information about these updates can be found in the Intel Investor Meeting press kit on intel.com, including:

- A fact sheet on Intel's six business units and recent momentum
- A <u>news release</u> on Intel's Xeon roadmap
- A series of papers authored by Intel leadership on topics including the state of the semiconductor industry, the future of Moore's Law, and Intel's software, edge and AI strategies

A replay of the livestream of the mainstage sessions at Intel's 2022 Investor Meeting can be found on the Intel Investor Meeting press kit, along with recordings of the morning business sessions and copies of all of the presentations.

#### About Intel

Intel (Nasdaq: INTC) is an industry leader, creating world-changing technology that enables global progress and enriches lives. Inspired by Moore's Law, we continuously work to advance the design and manufacturing of semiconductors to help address our customers' greatest challenges. By embedding intelligence in the cloud, network, edge and every kind of computing device, we unleash the potential of data to transform business and society for the better. To learn more about Intel's innovations, go to <u>newsroom.intel.com</u> and <u>intel.com</u>.

- ^ No adjustment on a non-GAAP basis
- 1 Net capital spending reflects capital expenditures, less proceeds from capital grants received
- 2 Measured as a percentage of revenue
- <sup>3</sup> Net capital intensity reflects capital expenditures, less proceeds from capital grants received, measured as a percentage of revenue

#### Forward-Looking Statements

Statements in this release that refer to outlook, plans, and expectations are forward-looking statements that involve a number of risks and uncertainties. Words such as "anticipates," "expects," "intends," "goals," "plans," "guide," "believes," "seeks," "estimates," "continues," "committed," "on-track," "ramp," "momentum," "roadmap," "schedule," "potential," "next gen," "may," "will," "would," "should," "could," "accelerate," "cadence," "deliver," "path," "progress," "forecast," "likely," "future," "strategy," "pipeline," and "positioned," and variations of such words and similar expressions are intended to identify such forward-looking statements. Statements that refer to or are based on estimates, forecasts, projections, uncertain events or assumptions, including statements relating to Intel's strategy and its anticipated benefits; Intel's process and packaging technology roadmap and schedules; innovation cadence; manufacturing expansion, financing and investment plans, including Intel's planned Ohio investments; the benefits of the memorandum of understanding with Brookfield; the timing and conditions of such transactions; pending or future transactions; the proposed Mobileye initial public offering (IPO); total addressable market (TAM) and market opportunity; supply expectations, including regarding industry shortages; business plans; financial projections and expectations; future economic conditions; future legislation; future impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic; future technology, services, and products and the expected benefits and availability of such technologies, services, and products, including PowerVia and RibbonEFT technologies, future process nodes, and other technologies and products; product and manufacturing plans, goals, timelines, ramps, progress, and future product and process leadership and performance; future capital offsets; future use of EUV and other manufacturing tools and technologies; product and manufacturing and design goals and progress; internal manufacturing volumes; future external foundry business; future manufacturing capacity; plans and goals related to Intel's foundry business; investment returns and benefits; government incentives; benefits related to Intel's foundry business; foundry service offerings, including intellectual property offerings; market opportunity; expectations regarding customers, including designs, wins, orders, and partnerships; projections regarding competitors; ESG goals; and anticipated trends in our businesses or the markets relevant to them, including with respect to future demand, market share, technology trends, and industry growth, also identify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements included in this release are based on management's expectations as of the date of this release and, except as required by law, Intel disclaims any obligation to update these forward-looking statements to reflect future events or circumstances. Forward-looking statements involve many risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed or implied in such statements. Intel presently considers the following to be among the important factors that can cause actual results to differ materially from the company's expectations.

- Demand for Intel's products is highly variable and can differ from expectations due to factors including changes in business and economic conditions; customer confidence or income levels, and the levels of customer capital spending; the introduction, availability, and market acceptance of Intel's products, products used together with Intel products, and competitors' products; competitive and pricing pressures, including actions taken by competitors; supply constraints and other disruptions affecting customers; changes in customer order patterns and order cancellations; changes in customer needs and emerging technology trends; and changes in the level of inventory and computing capacity at customers.
- Intel's results can vary significantly from expectations based on capacity utilization; variations in inventory valuation, including variations related to the timing of qualifying products for sale; changes in revenue levels; segment product mix; the timing and execution of the manufacturing ramp and associated costs; excess or obsolete inventory; changes in unit costs; defects or disruptions in the supply of materials or resources, including as a result of ongoing industry shortages of components and substrates; product manufacturing quality/yields; and changes in capital requirements and investment plans. Variations in results can also be caused by the timing of Intel product introductions and related expenses, including marketing programs, and Intel's ability to respond quickly to technological developments and to introduce new products or incorporate new features into existing products, as well as decisions to exit product lines or businesses, which can result in restructuring and asset impairment charges.
- Intel's results can be affected by adverse economic, social, political, regulatory, and physical/infrastructure conditions in countries where Intel, its customers or its suppliers operate, including recession or slowing growth, military conflict and other security risks, natural disasters, infrastructure disruptions, health concerns (including the COVID-19 pandemic), inflation, fluctuations in currency exchange rates, sanctions and tariffs, political disputes, changes in government grants and incentives, and continuing uncertainty regarding social, political, immigration, and tax and trade policies in the U.S. and abroad. Results can also be affected by the formal or informal imposition by countries of new or revised export and/or import and doing-business regulations, including changes or uncertainty related to the U.S. government entity list and changes in the ability to obtain export licenses, which can be changed without prior notice.
- The COVID-19 pandemic has previously adversely affected significant portions of Intel's business and could have a material adverse effect on Intel's financial condition and results of operations. The pandemic has resulted in authorities imposing numerous measures to try to contain the virus,

including vaccine requirements. These measures have impacted and may further impact our workforce and operations, the operations of our customers, and those of our respective suppliers and partners. Restrictions on our manufacturing or support operations or workforce, similar limitations for our suppliers, and transportation restrictions or disruptions can impact our ability to meet customer demand and could have a material adverse effect on us. Disruptions in our customers' operations and supply chains, may adversely affect our results of operations. The pandemic has caused us to modify our business practices. There is no certainty that such measures will be sufficient to mitigate the risks posed by the virus, and illness and workforce disruptions could lead to unavailability of our key personnel and harm our ability to perform critical functions. The pandemic has significantly increased economic and demand uncertainty. Demand for our products could be materially harmed in the future. The pandemic could lead to increased disruption and volatility in capital markets and credit markets, which could adversely affect our liquidity and capital resources. The degree to which COVID-19 impacts our results will depend on future developments, which are highly uncertain. The impact of the pandemic can also exacerbate other risks discussed in this section.

- Intel operates in highly competitive industries and its operations have high costs that are either fixed or difficult to reduce in the short term. In addition, we have entered new areas and introduced adjacent products, such as our intention to become a major provider of foundry services, and we face new sources of competition and uncertain market demand or acceptance of our offerings with respect to these new areas and products, and they do not always grow as projected.
- Intel's expected tax rate is based on current tax law, including current interpretations of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act of 2017 (TCJA), and current expected income and can be affected by changes in interpretations of TCJA and other laws; changes in the volume and mix of profits earned and location of assets across jurisdictions with varying tax rates; changes in the estimates of credits, benefits, and deductions; the resolution of issues arising from tax audits with various tax authorities, including payment of interest and penalties; and the ability to realize deferred tax assets.
- Intel's results can be affected by gains or losses from equity securities and interest and other, which can vary depending on gains or losses on the change in fair value, sale, exchange, or impairments of equity and debt investments, interest rates, cash balances, and changes in fair value of derivative instruments.
- Product defects or errata (deviations from published specifications) can adversely impact our expenses, revenues, and reputation.
- We or third parties regularly identify security vulnerabilities with respect to our processors and other products as well as the operating systems and workloads running on them. Security vulnerabilities and any limitations of, or adverse effects resulting from, mitigation techniques can adversely affect our results of operations, financial condition, customer relationships, prospects, and reputation in a number of ways, any of which may be material, including incurring significant costs related to developing and deploying updates and mitigations, writing down inventory value, a reduction in the competitiveness of our products, defending against product claims and litigation, responding to regulatory inquiries or actions, paying damages, addressing customer satisfaction considerations, or taking other remedial steps with respect to third parties. Adverse publicity about security vulnerabilities or mitigations could damage our reputation with customers or users and reduce demand for our products and services.
- Cybersecurity incidents, whether or not successful, can affect Intel's results by causing us to incur significant costs or disrupting our
  operations or those of our customers and suppliers, and can result in reputational harm.
- Intel's results can be affected by litigation or regulatory matters involving intellectual property, stockholder, consumer, antitrust, commercial, disclosure, and other issues, as well as by the impact and timing of settlements and dispute resolutions. For example, in the first quarter of 2021, Intel accrued a \$2.2 billion charge related to litigation involving VLSI Technology LLC (VLSI). An unfavorable ruling can include monetary damages or an injunction prohibiting us from manufacturing or selling one or more products, precluding particular business practices, impacting our ability to design products, or requiring other remedies such as compulsory licensing of intellectual property.

- Intel's results can be affected by the impact and timing of closing of acquisitions, divestitures, and other significant transactions. In addition, these transactions do not always achieve our financial or strategic objectives and can disrupt our ongoing business and adversely impact our results of operations. The memorandum of understanding between Intel and Brookfield is preliminary and non-binding; the parties may not agree on final terms, and the closing of any transactions involving Brookfield may be delayed or may not occur. The expected financial or other benefits of any transaction between the parties may not be realized. The proposed Mobileye IPO may not be completed in our expected timeframe, or at all, due to factors that include adverse changes in economic or market conditions or in our business; delays in regulatory, stock exchange, or other approvals; loss of key employees, and changes in our business strategy.
- The amount, timing, and execution of Intel's stock repurchase program fluctuate based on Intel's priorities for the use of cash for other purposes—such as investing in our business, including operational and capital spending, acquisitions, and returning cash to our stockholders as dividend payments.

Detailed information regarding these and other factors that could affect Intel's business and results is included in Intel's SEC filings, including the company's most recent reports on Forms 10-K and 10-Q, particularly the "Risk Factors" sections of those reports. Copies of these filings may be obtained by visiting our Investor Relations website at www.intc.com or the SEC's website at www.sec.gov.

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#### Intel Corporation Explanation of Non-GAAP Measures

In addition to disclosing the 2022 financial outlook in accordance with US GAAP, this document contains references to the non-GAAP financial measures below. We believe these non-GAAP financial measures provide investors with useful supplemental information about our operating performance, enable comparison of financial trends and results between periods where certain items may vary independent of business performance, and allow for greater transparency with respect to key metrics used by management in operating our business and measuring our performance. Certain of these non-GAAP financial measures are used in our performance-based RSUs and our annual cash bonus plan.

Certain 2022 figures and long-term outlook ranges are provided on a non-GAAP basis. We are unable to provide a full reconciliation of these measures to the corresponding GAAP measures without unreasonable efforts, as the amount and timing of related adjustments on a long-term basis are subject to considerable uncertainty, depend on various factors, and could be material to our results computed in accordance with GAAP. We believe such a reconciliation would also imply a degree of precision that is inappropriate for these forward-looking measures.

Our non-GAAP financial measures reflect adjustments based on one or more of the following items, as well as the related income tax effects where applicable. Income tax effects have been calculated using an appropriate tax rate for each adjustment. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to,

financial measures calculated in accordance with US GAAP, and the financial outlooks calculated in accordance with US GAAP and reconciliations from these outlooks should be carefully evaluated.

Non-GAAP		
adjustment or measure	Definition	Usefulness to management and investors
Acquisition-related	Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets consists	We exclude amortization charges for our acquisition-related
adjustments	of amortization of intangible assets such as developed	intangible assets for purposes of calculating certain non-GAAP
	technology, brands, and customer relationships acquired in	measures because these charges are inconsistent in size and are
	connection with business combinations. Charges related to the	significantly impacted by the timing and valuation of our
	amortization of these intangibles are recorded within both cost	
	of sales and MG&A in our US GAAP financial statements.	our current operating performance and comparison to our past
	Amortization charges are recorded over the estimated useful	operating performance and provide investors with additional
	life of the related acquired intangible asset, and thus are	means to evaluate cost and expense trends.
	generally recorded over multiple years.	
Restructuring and	Restructuring charges are costs associated with a formal	We exclude restructuring and other charges, including any
other charges	restructuring plan and are primarily related to employee	adjustments to charges recorded in prior periods, for purposes
ouler enanges	severance and benefit arrangements. Other charges include	of calculating certain non-GAAP measures because these costs
	asset impairments, pension charges, and costs associated with	do not reflect our core operating performance. These
	restructuring activity.	adjustments facilitate a useful evaluation of our core operating
		performance and comparisons to past operating results and
		provide investors with additional means to evaluate expense
		trends.
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Share-based	Share-based compensation consists of charges related to our employee equity incentive plans.	We exclude charges related to share-based compensation for
compensation	employee equity incentive plans.	purposes of calculating certain non-GAAP measures because
		we believe these adjustments provide better comparability to peer company results and because these charges are not viewed
		by management as part of our core operating performance. We
		believe these adjustments provide investors with a useful view,
		through the eyes of management, of the company's core
		business model, how management currently evaluates core
		operational performance, and additional means to evaluate
		expense trends, including in comparison to other peer
		companies.
		companies.

Non-GAAP		
adjustment or measure	Definition	Usefulness to management and investors
(Gains) losses from divestiture	Gains or losses are recognized at the close of a divestiture, or over a specified deferral period when deferred consideration is received at the time of closing. Based on our ongoing obligation under the NAND wafer manufacturing and sale agreement entered into in connection with the first closing of the sale of our NAND memory business on December 29, 2021, a portion of the initial closing consideration will be deferred and recognized between first and second closing.	We exclude gains or losses resulting from divestitures for purposes of calculating certain non-GAAP measures because they do not reflect our current operating performance. These adjustments facilitate a useful evaluation of our current operating performance and comparisons to past operating results.
(Gains) losses on equity investments, net	(Gains) losses on equity investments, net consists of ongoing mark-to-market adjustments on marketable equity securities, observable price adjustments on non-marketable equity securities, impairment charges, and sale of equity investments and other.	We exclude these non-operating earnings for better comparability between periods. The exclusion reflects how management evaluates the core operations of the business.
Adjusted Free cash flow	We reference a non-GAAP financial measure of adjusted free cash flow, which is used by management when assessing our sources of liquidity, capital resources, and quality of earnings. Adjusted free cash flow is operating cash flow adjusted to exclude 1) additions to property, plant and equipment, net of proceeds from capital grants received, and 2) payments on finance leases.	This non-GAAP financial measure is helpful in understanding our capital requirements and provides an additional means to evaluate the cash flow trends of our business.

#### <u>Intel Corporation</u> <u>Supplemental Reconciliations of GAAP Outlook to Non-GAAP Outlook</u>

Set forth below are reconciliations of the non-GAAP financial measure to the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measure. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, financial measures calculated in accordance with U.S. GAAP, and the financial outlook prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP and the reconciliations from this 2022 Full-Year Outlook should be carefully evaluated.

Please refer to "Explanation of Non-GAAP Measures" in this document for a detailed explanation of the adjustments made to the comparable U.S. GAAP measures, the ways management uses the non-GAAP measures, and the reasons why management believes the non-GAAP measures provide useful information for investors.

	Full-Year 2022 Outlook Approximately
GAAP gross margin	49.6%
Amortization of acquisition-related intangible assets	1.7%
Share-based compensation	0.7%
Non-GAAP gross margin	52.0%
GAAP earnings per share—diluted	\$3.55
Acquisition-related adjustments	0.36
Restructuring and other charges	0.01
Share-based compensation	0.81
(Gains) losses from divestiture	(0.28)
(Gains) losses on equity investments, net	(1.23)
Income tax effects	0.289
Non-GAAP earnings per share—diluted	\$3.50

(In Billions)	Full-Year 2022 Outlook
GAAP cash from operations	\$26.8
Net additions to property, plant, and equipment	(27.0)
Payments on finance leases	(1.3)
Adjusted free cash flow	\$(1.5)

#### CONTACTS: Tim Blankenship Penny Bruce Investor Relations Media Relations 1-480-554-9007 1-408-893-0601 timothy.blankenship@intel.com penelope.bruce@intel.com

### Notices and Disclaimers

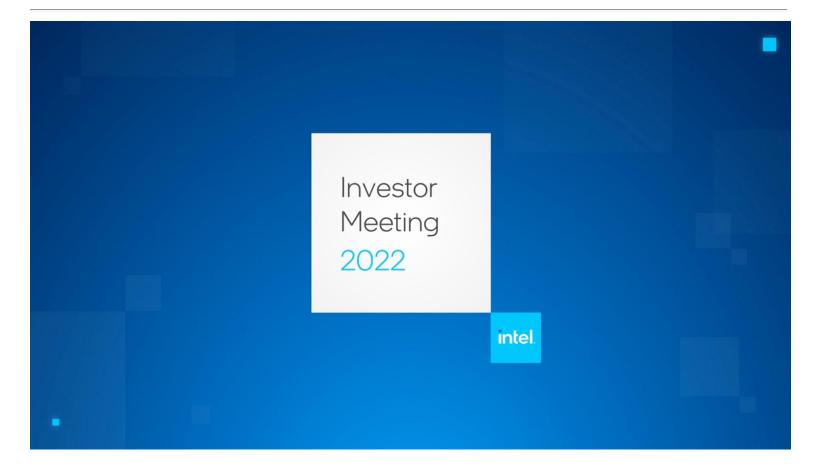
Future node performance and other metrics, including power and density, are projections and are inherently uncertain and, in the case of other industry nodes, are derived from or estimated based on publicly available information. Intel's node numbers do not represent the actual dimension of any physical feature on a transistor or structure. They also do not pinpoint a specific level of improvement in performance, power or area, and the magnitude of a decrease from one node number to the next is not necessarily proportionate to the level of improvement in one or more metrics. Historically, new Intel node numbers were based solely on improvements in area/density; now, node numbers generally reflect a holistic assessment of improvement across metrics and can be based on improvement in one or more of performance, power, area, or other important factors, or a combination, and will not necessarily be based on area/density improvement alone.

Non-GAAP Financial Measures. This presentation contains non-GAAP financial measures. Intel gross margin and earnings per share, as well as Intel revenue for fiscal years 2021 and earlier, are presented on a non-GAAP basis unless otherwise indicated. This presentation also includes a non-GAAP free cash flow (FCF) measure. The appendix to these materials available at www.intc.com provides a reconciliation of these measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measure. The non-GAAP financial measures disclosed by Intel should not be considered a substitute for, or superior to, the financial measures prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Forward-Looking Statements. Statements in this presentation that refer to business outlook, plans, and expectations are forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties. Words such as "anticipate," expect, "intend," goal, "plans, "believe," seek, "estimate," continue, "committed," on-track," "positioned," "ramp," momentum," roadmap," "path," "pipeline," progress," "schedule," forecast," likely," "guide," potential," next gen, "tuture, "may," "wull," would," should," could, "strategy," accelerate," cadence," deliver," and variations of such words and similar forward-looking statements. Statements that refer to are based on estimates, forecasts, projections, uncertain events, or assumptions also identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this presentation include: statements relating to Intel's strategy and its anticipated benefits, Intel's process and packaging technology roadmap and schedules; innovation cadence; business plans; financial projections and expectations, total addressable market (TAM) and market opportunity, manufacturing expansion, financing, and investment plans; future manufacturing expansion, future products, including PowerVia and Ribbon/EET technologies, future economic conditions; future impacts of the COVID-IP pandemic; plans and goals related to Intel's foundry business; future legislation, future capital offsets; pending or dure transactions; the proposed Mobiley IPO; the memorandum of understanding with Brookfield; supply expectations including regarding industry shortages; future exertails or use of EUV and other manufacturing tools and technologies, expectations regarding customers, including designs, wins, orders, and partnerships; projections regarding competitors; ESG goals; and anticipated trends in our businesses or the markets relevant to them, including future demand, market share, industry growth, and technologiey trends, also identify forward-looking statements. Such statements involve many risks and uncertainties that could cause actual

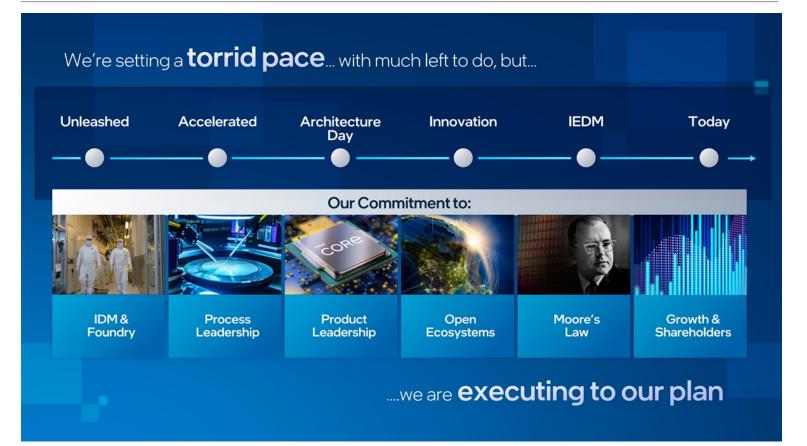
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We're rebuilding our "Groveian" execution engine

We have the right strategy

We are leveraging our core strengths to grow traditional markets and disrupt new ones

Intel is the next great growth story

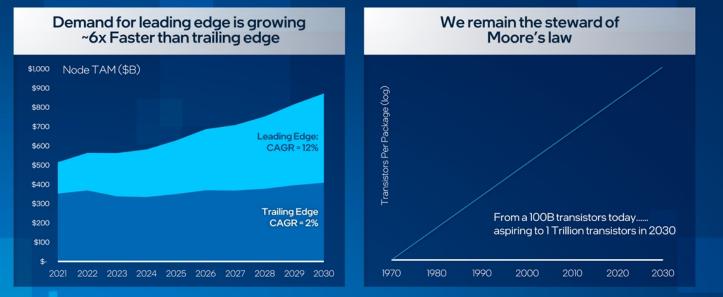
Our Beliefs	Our Strategy	Our Execution
1 We are in an era of sustained, long-term demand	Deliver leadership products	Foundry
2 The insatiable need for compute drives the value of Moore's Law	Anchored on open and secure platforms	Accelerated Compute & IDM 2.0 Auto & Graphics Software
3 Open ecosystems unleash innovation and democratize compute	Powered by sustainable manufacturing at scale	A Security
4 The world needs more balanced and resilient supply chains	Supercharged by our people and culture	Client Center & Edge

Our Execution
Foundry
celerated IDM 2.0 Auto &
Data
Client Center & Network & Al Edge

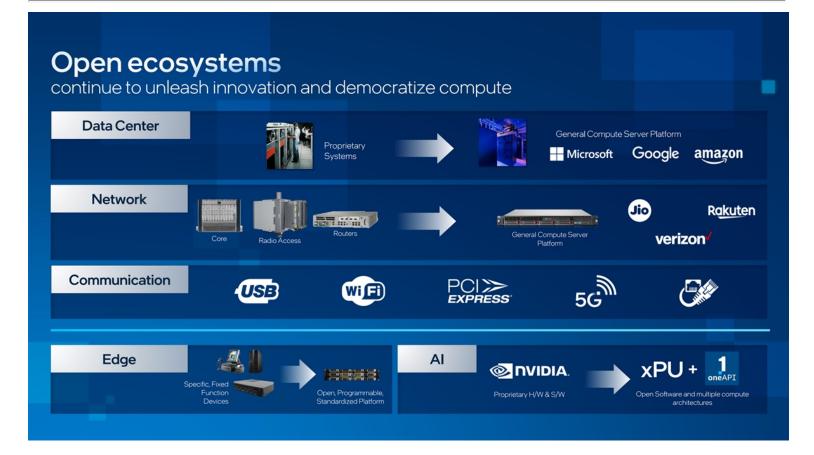
Every aspect of human existence is becoming more digital creating an era of **sustained, long-term demand** 



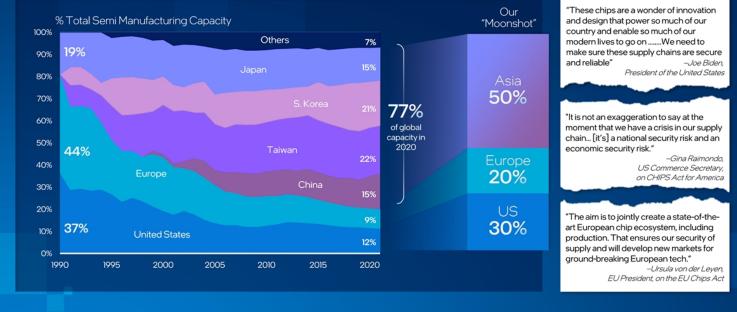
## Insatiable needs for compute will continue to drive the value of Moore's law



Leading edge - 10nm and below Source: TAM based on multiple 3<sup>rd</sup> party estimates and Intel internal estimates. Includes total semi market excluding optoelectronics, sensors, discretes Future projections based on products still in design. Future transistor counts are projections and are inherently uncertain



### The world needs more balanced and resilient supply chains



Source: BCG Report "Government Incentives and US competitiveness I semiconductor Manufacturing", Sept 2020

# We have the Right Strategy

**Our Strategy** 

Deliver leadership products...

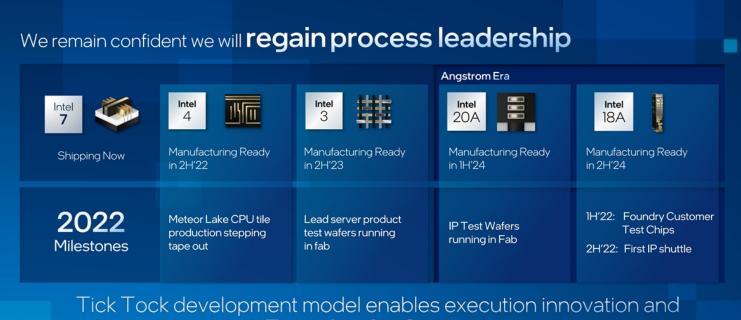
...Anchored on open and secure platforms

...Powered by sustained manufacturing at scale

..Supercharged by our people and culture



Learn more at www.intel.com/PerformanceIndex. Results may vary.

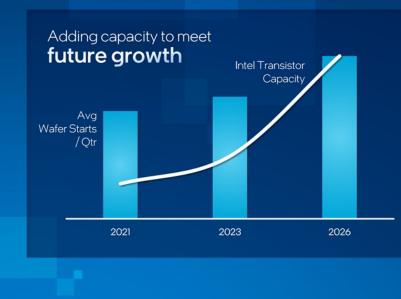


### 5 nodes in 4 years

\* Process leadership based on performance per watt



## Intel is the only company who can provide geographically balanced **at Scale Manufacturing**









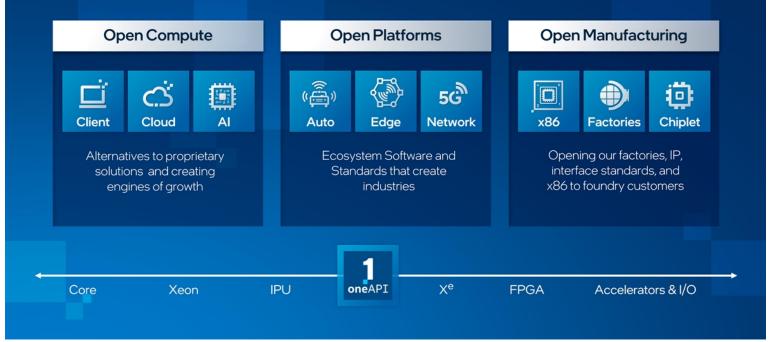
Costa Rica





EU

## We are unlocking the \$1T market opportunity by expanding the power of open



## Software is one of our competitive advantages

ita Center	Solutions, Services and Platforms		Pull-Through Platform Value	SaaS, Subscription, MARK vPro, FlexRAN MAKI	
Client/Edge/Cloud/Data	Languages, Frameworks, Tools, and Libraries		Broadly Optimize & Differentiate	Limited Licensing, MARK Support DIFFEREN	
Client/Ed	Foundational Software		Accelerate Leading HW Capabilities	Monetized Through MARK Hardware ENABL	
	We have <b>&gt;19k</b> software engineers working across the stack				



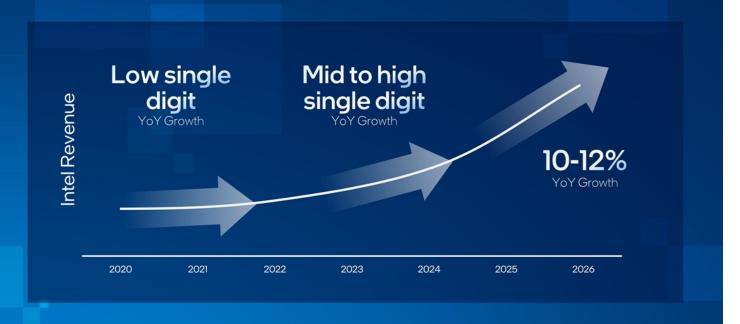
#### We are reigniting our innovation and execution through our people and culture One Voice Sales, Marketing & Communications X to Market Michelle Johnston Holthaus & Customer Accelerated Computing Systems & Graphics **Raja Koduri** Client Computing Michelle Johnston Holthaus Network & Edge Nick McKeown Jim Johnson - interim Distinct Business Units Datacenter & Al **Sandra Rivera** Mobileye **Amnon Shashua** Foundry Services **Randhir Thakur** 2 00 CEO Pat Gelsinger Manufacturing, Software & Design Functional Advanced Engineering Sunil Shenoy Development Ann Kelleher Groups Technology Keyvan Esfarjani **Greg Lavender** Acceleration Susie Giordano (acting) General & Resources Strategy **Saf Yeboah** David Zinsner Administrative Christy Pambianchi

## We are reigniting our innovation and execution through **our people and culture**





## We're rearchitecting the company to **accelerate our growth**

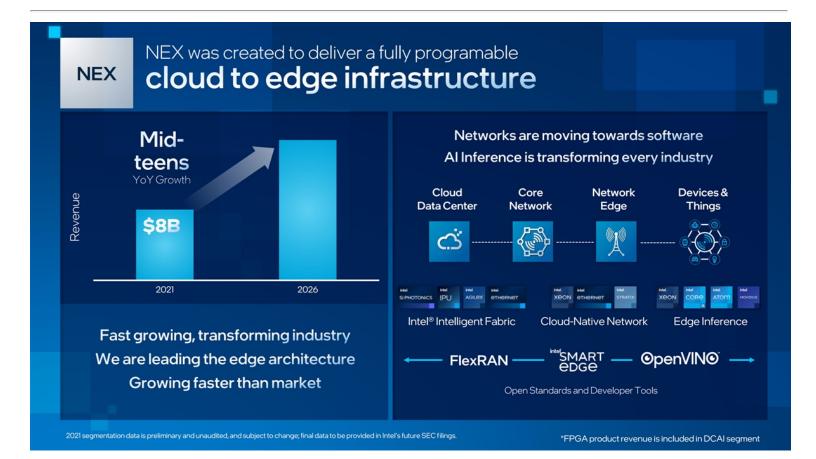




2021 segmentation data is preliminary and unaudited, and subject to change; final data to be provided in Intel's future SEC filings.



2021 segmentation data is preliminary and unaudited, and subject to change; final data to be provided in Intel's future SEC filings.



#### Traditional businesses account for **~ half of our growth**



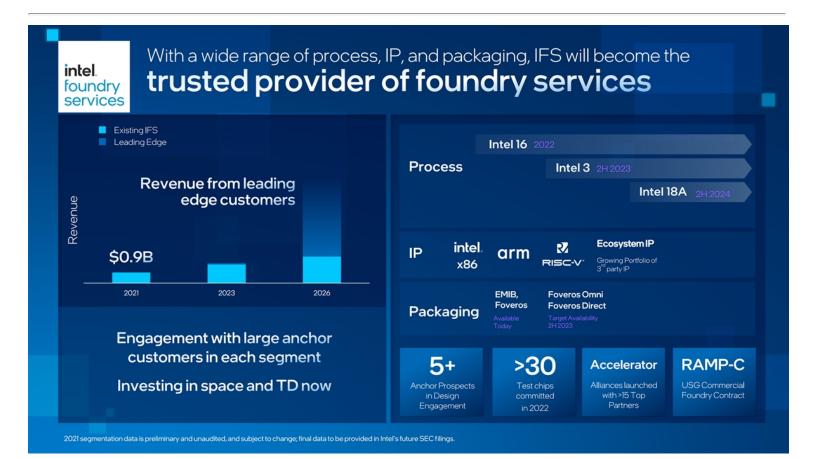




#### With a large installed base and full stack capability, Mobileye is a leader in ADAS and AV

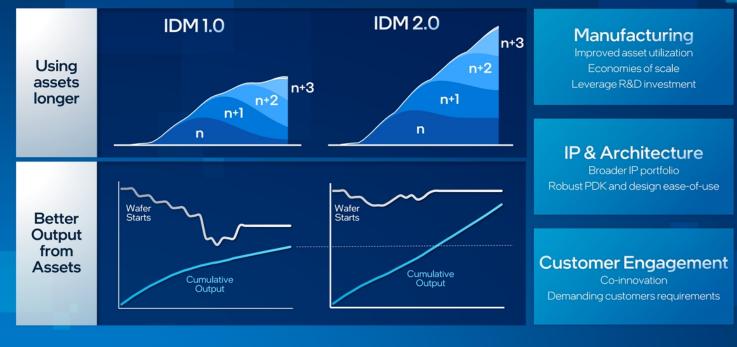
Comprehensive Strategy		Full-Stack Roadmap		Market leader	
	True	E2E MaaS	⊖moovit	Mobileye ADAS deployed in over	
	Redundancy	Drive	Mobility AV. Multiple applications: Robotaxi + aaS	100M Vehicles	
	Crowd Source Mapping	Chauffeur	Consumer AV Imaging radar and FMCW lidar	Shipping solutions to	
On a Formal Model	RSS Formal	SuperVision	Geely, Zeeker	13 of 15 top OEMs	
of Safe and Scalable Self-driving Cars But Mater Shows, Safed Shamada, Annue Madan Malager, 2017	Safety Model	Enhanced ADAS	BMW, Audi, NIO, +		
	The EyeQ Family	Base + Cloud ADAS	VW, Ford, Nissan, +	<b>2.5 Billion Miles</b> of road data collected to date	
	r anniy	Base ADAS			







### Being an IDM makes us better at IFS......and IFS makes us a better IDM

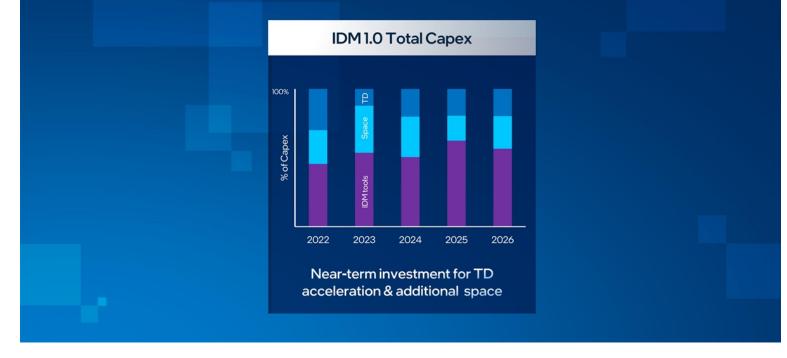


# We have an executable path to path to double digit growth

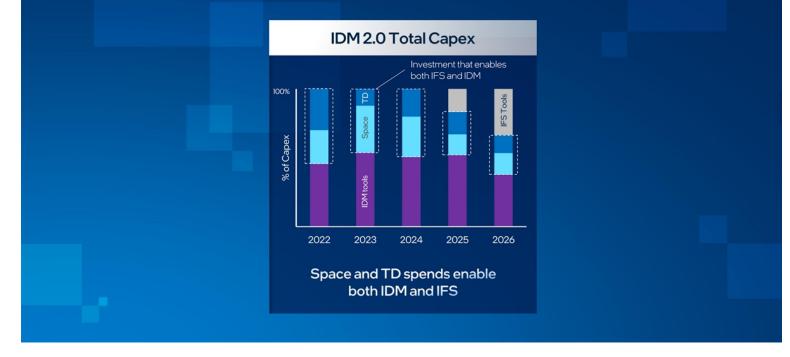
		~Half of growth from traditional, ~Half from emerging business	<sup>2026</sup> 10-12% Growth
	Foundry	Steady growth over next several years + Tower Semi Will ramp with process leadership	Emerging
2021 <b>\$74.7B</b>	Mobileye	A market leader in ADAS and AV	
S74.7B Emerging	AXG*	>\$1B in 2022, ramping to almost \$10B by 2026	
	NEX	Growing in the mid-teens. Faster than market	Traditional
Traditional	DCAI	Mid-to High Single Digit Growth next couple years Ramping to Mid Teens with product leadership	Tructional
	CCG	Low Single to Mid Single Digit Growth thru horizon	

approximately \$700M in 2021, growing to approximately \$18 in 2026

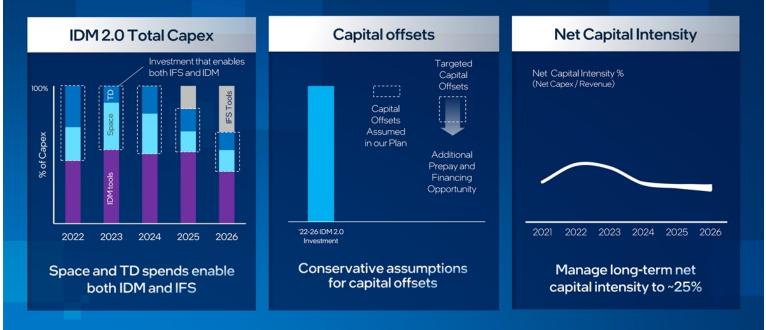
## Our plans have significant operational leverage and benefits from capital offsets



# Our plans have significant operational leverage and benefits from capital offsets



#### Our plans have significant operational leverage and benefits from capital offsets



Our Beliefs	Our Strategy	Our Execution
We are in an era of sustained, long-term demand	Deliver leadership products	Foundry
2 The insatiable need for compute drives the value of Moore's Law	Anchored on open and secure platforms	Accelerated Compute & IDM 2.0 Graphics Software Mobility
3 Open ecosystems unleash innovation and democratize compute	Powered by sustainable manufacturing at scale	& Security
4 The world needs more balanced and resilient supply chains	Supercharged by our people and culture	Client Center & Edge

# Continuous, visible data points will provide confidence that we are **rebuilding our execution engine**

	To Date	1H'22	2H'22	
Leadership Products	Alder Lake Ramp	Sapphire Rapids Ponte Vecchio	Raptor Lake	Building on client leadership Increasing data center competitiveness Ramp of AXG
Core Strengths	Ohio	EU Manufactur Rea		First steps to 5 nodes in 4 years
Rearchitecting for Growth	Semiconductor		eye IPO <b>n</b> bileye Customer	Building on our scale IFS Momentum Unlocking shareholder value

# Continuous, visible data points will provide confidence that we are **rebuilding our execution engine**

	To Date	1H'22	2H'22	2023	2024
Leadership Products	Alder Lake Ramp	Sapphire Rapids Ponte Vecchio	Raptor Lake Sapphire Rapids HBM	Meteor Lake Teon Emerald Rapids	Arrow Lake Granite Rapids & Sierra Forest
Core Strengths	Ohio	EU Manufact	uring Intel eady 4	<mark>intel</mark> 3 ←─── Manu	Intel Intel 18A
Rearchitecting for Growth	Semicorductor		bileye IPO intel in condry obileye IFS Anchor Customer		

Participating in high-growth markets

Sustainable competitive advantages

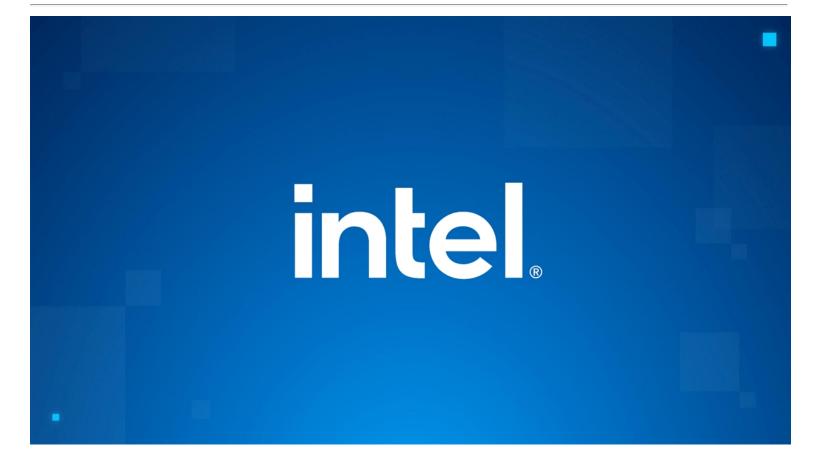
Executing the right strategy

Intel is the

next great growth story

Strong leadership and culture

Innovative ways to unlock shareholder value



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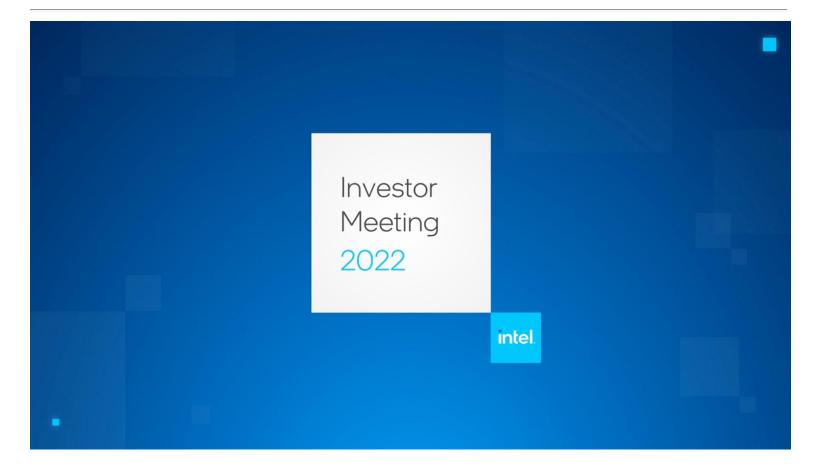
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Investor Meeting 2022

### Datacenter & Al Group

### Sandra Rivera

Executive Vice President General Manager, Datacenter & Al Group

### **Executing to Accelerated Growth**

#### Growing Our Leadership in Data Center



A Foundation Built On Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processors

#### Harnessing Our Ubiquity and Core Strengths



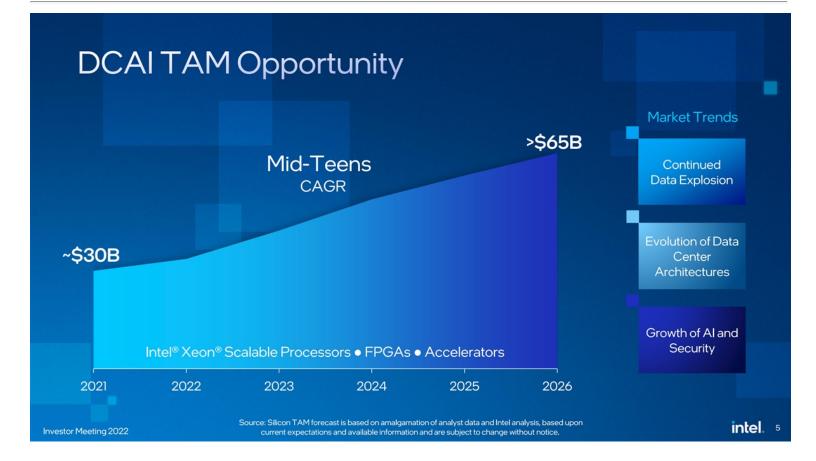
Building on Our Position as a Trusted Industry Leader

#### Making Al and Security Pervasive



Unique Hardware Capabilities Strengthened by Software

Investor Meeting 2022



#### 3rd Gen Intel<sup>®</sup> Xeon<sup>®</sup> Scalable Processor (Formerly Codenamed Ice Lake)



### Data Center Leadership with Sapphire Rapids





**Built-in Accelerators** 

#### Enabling Major Industry Transitions

PCIS

CXL Compute Express Link

DDR5

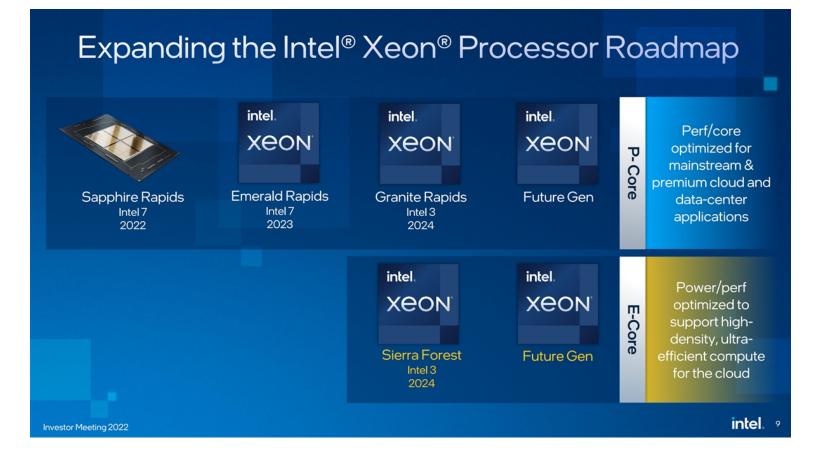
### Next Gen Intel® Xeon® Scalable Processor

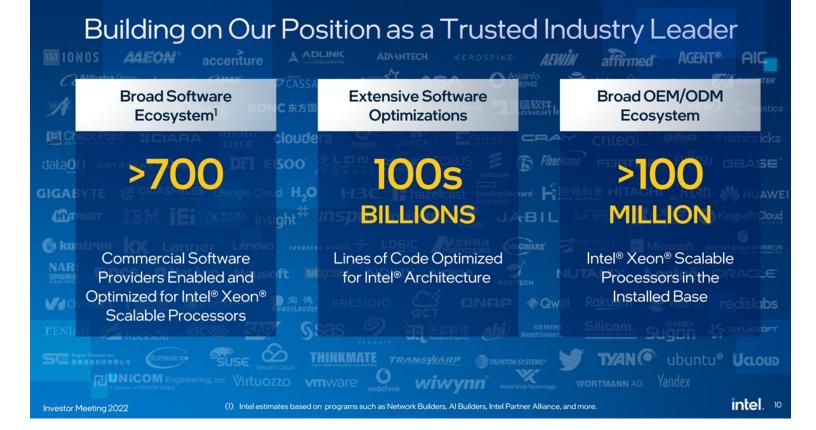
(Codenamed Sapphire Rapids)

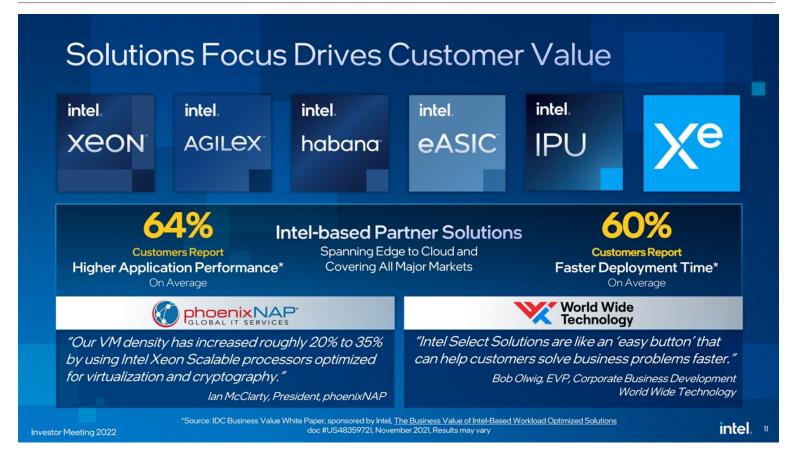


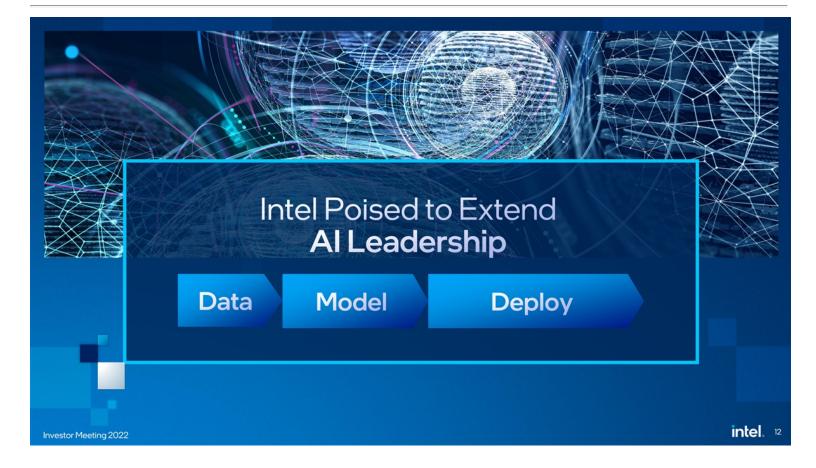
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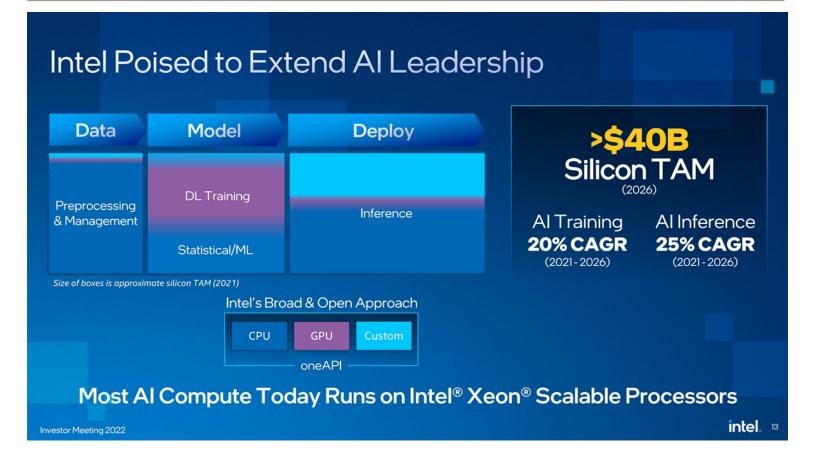
Vs. Nvidia A100 GPU For workloads and configurations, visit www.intel.com/investordavclaims. Results may vary.















### Growing and Winning in the Data Center



Leadership Products, Process and Packaging Technology and Scale Capacity

Industry-leading Software and Hardware Capabilities Unleash the Ecosystem

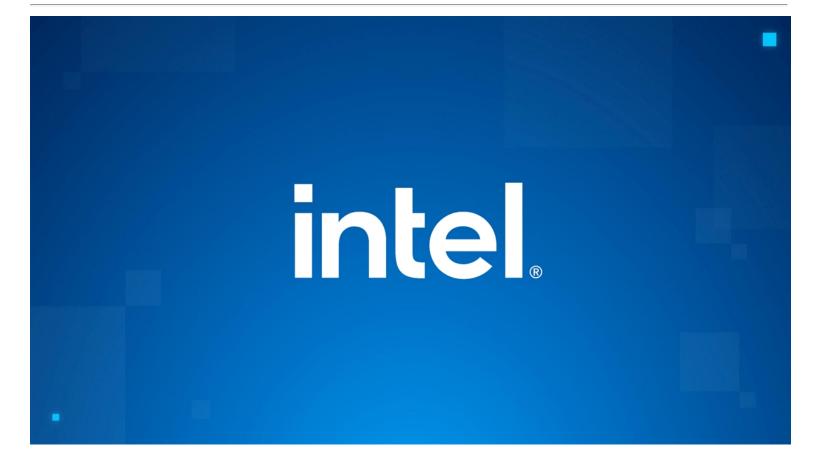
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Unmatched AI and Security Strengths Across Products and Segments Near Term CAGR

Mid-to-High Single Digits (2021 - 2023)

Longer Term CAGR

**Mid Teens** (2023 – 2026)



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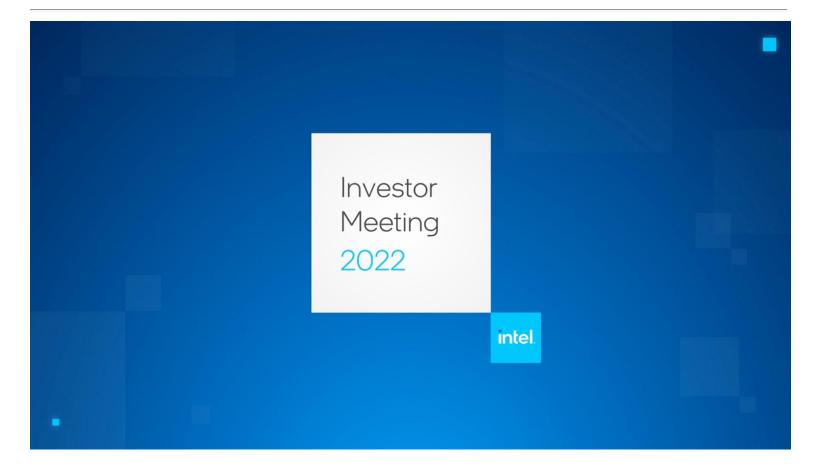
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Investor Meeting 2022

# Michelle Johnston Holthaus

Executive Vice President General Manager, Client Computing Group

intel.

# **Michelle Johnston Holthaus**



### Over 25 years of experience

### 2022

Executive Vice President, General Manager, Client Computing Group

### 2012-2021: Sales, Marketing & Communications

Named Chief Revenue Office in 2021 Appointed Executive Vice President in 2019 Prior to taking on the role as General Manager for Sales & Marketing in 2017, led Client Computing Sales and Microsoft Account

### 2003-2012:

Channel Desktop and Mobile Product Groups

Investor Meeting 2022

# Client Computing Group Investor Update

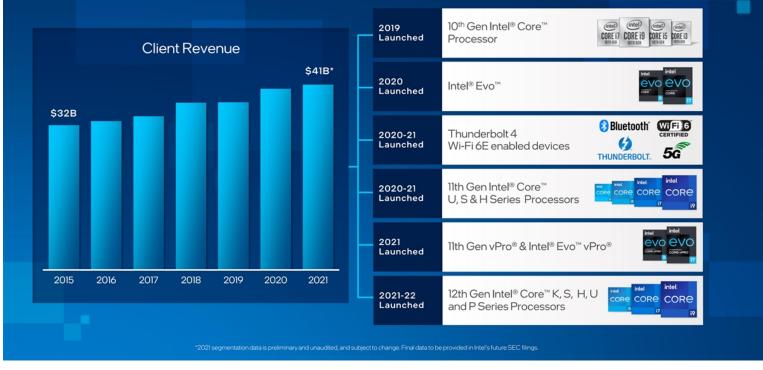
Jim Johnson

Senior Vice President and Interim General Manager

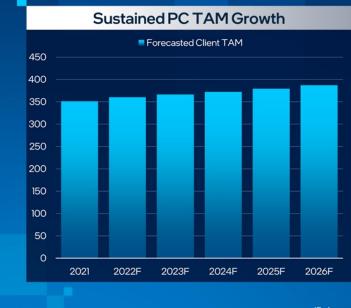
intel.

ł.	Кеу Та	Takeaways				
		PC More Essential Than Ever Expect sustained TAM growth				
	CORE	Leadership Products and Platforms Accelerating with 5 nodes in 4 years and continued platform innovation				
	Microsoft Google	Leading an Open Ecosystem Unrivaled partnerships delivering choice and industry-leading PC experience				
	111	<b>Continued Revenue Growth</b> CCG will continue to be significant contributor to Intel's growth				

# Six Consecutive Years of Growth



## The PC is More Essential Than Ever



### **Growth Opportunities**



Continued refresh off larger installed base >139M

of commercial devices are >4 years old



Increased penetration trend to 1:1 compute solutions

10.3 K-12 Education Mobile Devices per 100 students and teachers, worldwide



Increased density driven by WFH/LFH; new use-cases **1.51** 

Avg # PCs per owner-HH, worldwide

\*Performance Tablet Not Included Source: Intel Internal Research

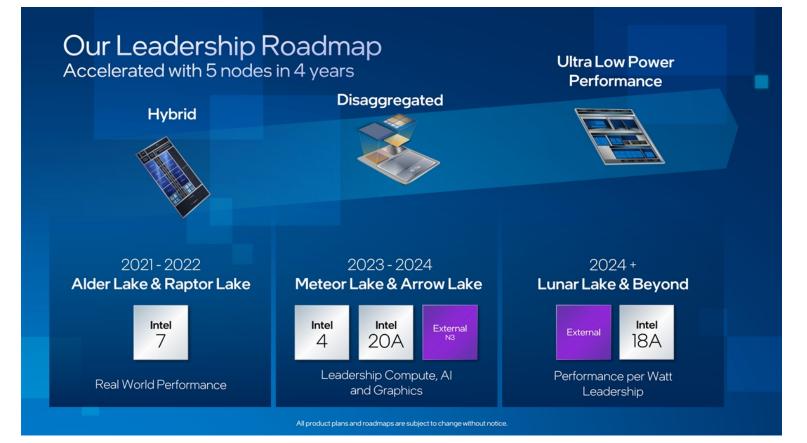




## Our Vision

To deliver purposeful computing experiences that unlock people's potential – allowing each person to focus, create and connect in ways that matter most to them.

### CCG Imperatives 4 New Families of Mobile & Desktop Processors Shipping in 2022 1. **Deliver Leadership Products** intel. intel. intel. intel. CORE CORE CORE CORE Deliver Innovative Experiences with our Open Ecosystem 2. i7 i5 i9 intel. intel. intel. intel. intel. intel. evo evo evo **vPRO vPRO vPRO** 3. **Deliver Cloud Client Experiences** 17 i9 15 17 i9 i5



first fam	<b>12th Gen Intel Core Processors</b> first family built on Intel 7 & performance hybrid architecture 60 processors 500+ desktop and mobile designs					
intel CORE	World's Best Desktop Gaming Processor <b>Up to 30%</b> faster gaming vs. comp	World's Fastest Mobile Processor Up to 40% faster creation gen on gen	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			
	<b>Itel takes a bite out</b> <b>f Apple</b> Ider Lake mobile is othing to sneeze at	Intel's hybrid 12th-gen chips are a major strike against AMD	engadget			

Based on superior desktop performance of 12th Gen Intel Core i9-12900K and mobile performance of 12th Gen Intel Core i9 12900HK. See www.intel.com/PerformanceIndex for additional workload and configuration details. Results may vary.

**Raptor Lake** built on Intel 7 process node and performance hybrid architecture

Up to double digit performance boost

Up to 24 cores & 32 threads

Enhanced overclocking features

AI M.2 Module

Socket-compatible with Alder Lake systems

Meteor Lake

built on Intel 4 process node powering on in Q2'22, shipping in 2023

New Flexible Tiled Architecture

Hybrid Cores

Lower Power

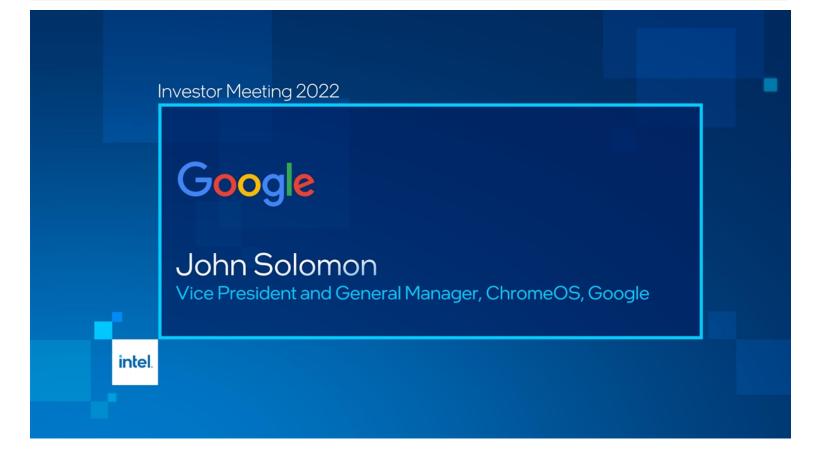
Next Gen Graphics Engine: tGPU

Integrated AI Acceleration

\*All product plans, roadmaps and pre-Si performance projections are subject to change without notice.

أتحي

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# Ecosystem Leadership

Delivering cloud client experiences



### The Intel Evo Platform Verified Real-World Experiences

Uncompromised Mobile Experience

Intelligent Collaboration

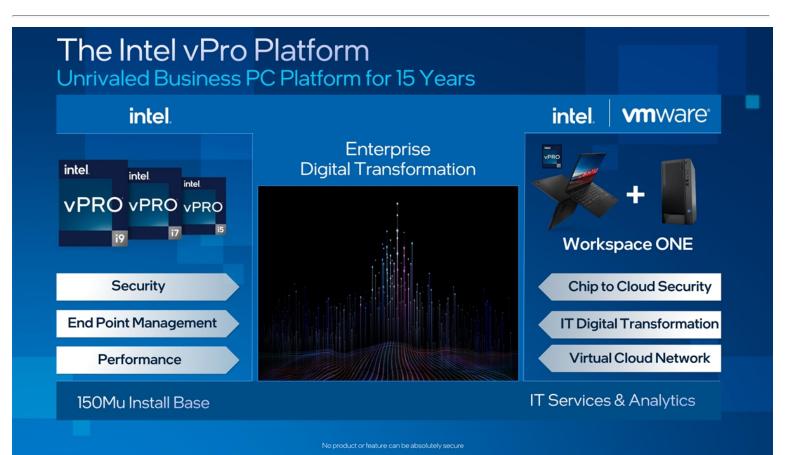
**Presence Detection** 

**Engineered for Intel Evo** 

Seamless Multi-Device Experiences

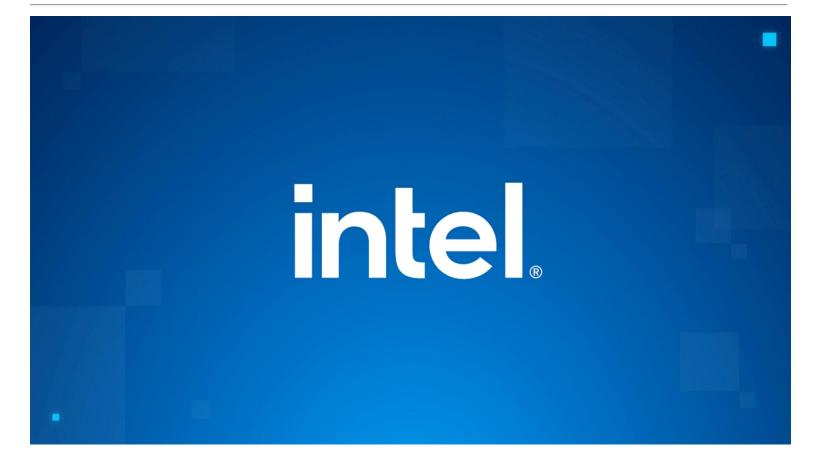
intel intel evo evo evo 15 17 19

Over 100 designs >10M shipped









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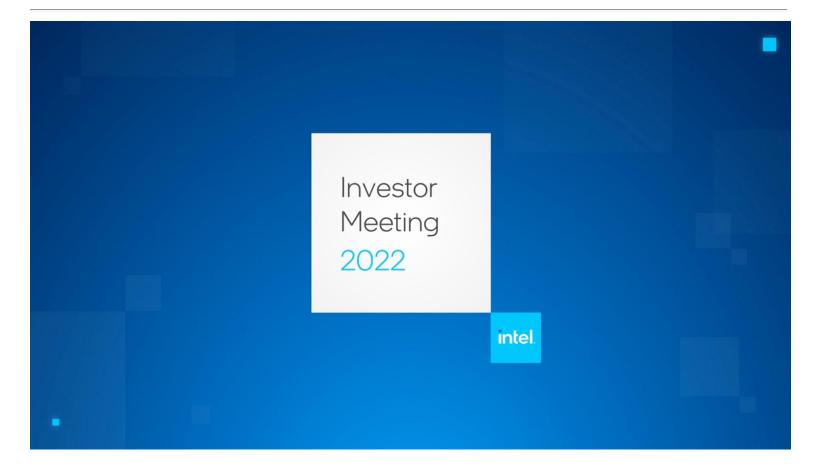
Future node performance and other metrics, including power and density, are projections and are inherently uncertain and, in the case of other industry nodes, are derived from or estimated based on publicly available information. Intel's node numbers do not represent the actual dimension of any physical feature on a transistor or structure. They also do not pinpoint a specific level of improvement in performance, power or area, and the magnitude of a decrease from one node number to the next is not necessarily proportionate to the level of improvement in one or more metrics. Historically, new Intel node numbers were based solely on improvements in area/density; now, node numbers generally reflect a holistic assessment of improvement across metrics and can be based on improvement in one or more of performance, power, area, or other important factors, or a combination, and will not necessarily be based on area/density improvement alone.

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Revenue growth - structured for success

Gross margin expansion

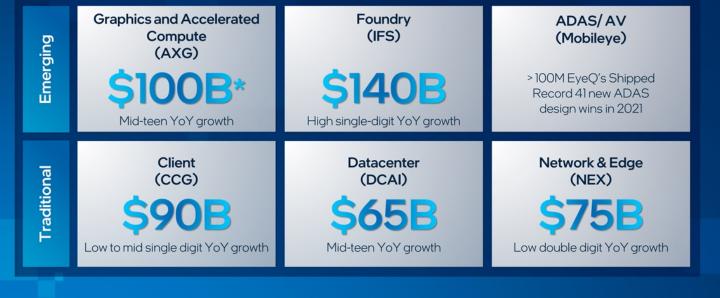
Smart capital and financial discipline to drive healthy free cash flow

Strong shareholder return



Both our traditional and emerging businesses are indexed to Large and high growth Markets with >\$450B TAM

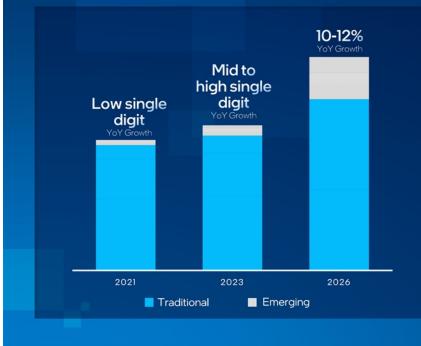
2026 TAM Estimates; Per IDC, Gartner, Mercury, JPR, multiple other external sources and internal analysis



\* Includes integrated graphics captured in CCG and HPC Xeon in DCAI. Excludes AXG SW/Services TAM.

## Double Digit Revenue Growth

Focus areas to drive profitable growth



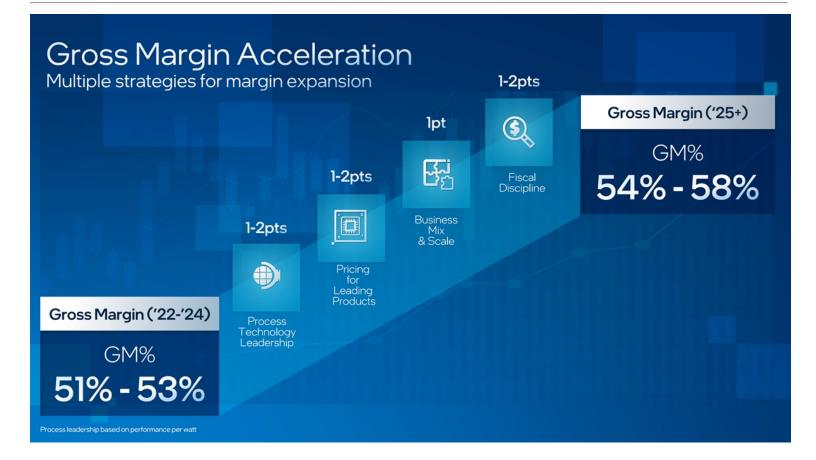
### IFS

Profitable capacity expansion

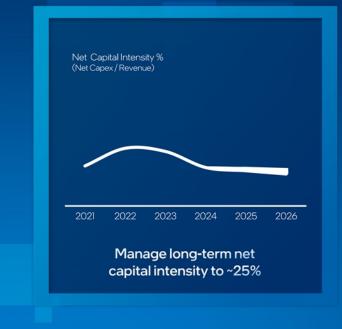
Mobileye Unlock shareholder value

**CCG** Value for leadership Products

DCAI Disciplined and focused investment to execute roadmap



## Long term capital intensity of ~25%



Investment period to support growth and accelerate leadership

Committed to active management of P&L and Balance Sheet

# Smart Capital Strategy







# Capital Allocation Priorities



### Tower EPS Accretive year 1



Leader in \$15B specialty foundry market

Revenue of ~\$1.5B

Significant synergies with IFS/Intel

# Capital Allocation Priorities







Investment Phase Model								
	2023 and 2024							
Revenue Growth YoY	Mid-to-High single digits							
Gross Margin	51-53%	Committed to disciplined financial management to						
Operating Expense	28-30%	Return to leadership and						
Net Capital Intensity	~35%	Expand into new markets						
Adjusted Free Cash Flow*	~neutral							
*Adjusted free cash flow equal to operating cash flow, less net capital expenditures and payments on finance lease.								

Long Term Model							
	2025 and 2026						
Revenue Growth YoY	10-12%						
Gross Margin	54-58%						
Operating Expense	25-27%	Managing our business to a healthy financial outlook					
Net Capital Intensity	~25%						
Adjusted Free Cash Flow*	~20%						
*Adjusted free cash flow equal to operating cash flow, less capital expenditures and payments on finance leases.							

Participating in high-growth markets

Sustainable competitive advantages

Executing the right strategy

Intel is the

next great growth story

Strong leadership and culture

Innovative ways to unlock shareholder value

